



1987 ANNUAL REPORT
SUFFOLK COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY

AUTHORITY MEMBERS



Leon J. Campo
Chairman



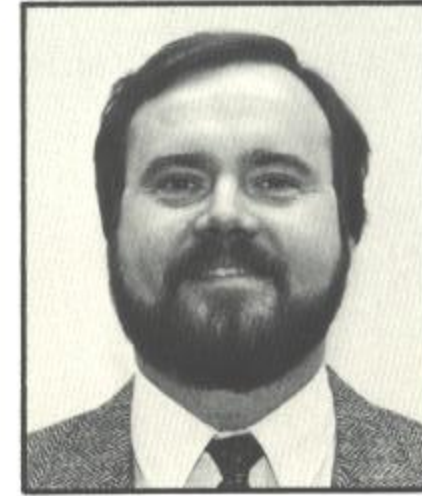
Melvin M. Fritz, D.O.M.D.



Matthew B. Kondenar
Secretary



James T. B. Tripp, Esq.



Michael E. White

Walter C. Hazlitt
Executive Director

Eugene Sidoti
Deputy Executive Director and Controller

Sarah J. Meyland
Director of Watershed Oversight and Protection

Laura J. Mansi
Special Assistant for Public Affairs

William J. Schickler
Chief Engineer

Herbert C. Koehler
Director of Distribution

Bernard T. Hanrahan
Director of Commercial Office Operations

Van Nostrand & Martin
Counsel

William V. Burnell & Associates
Consulting Engineer

Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation
Advisory Engineer

United States Trust Company of New York
Fiscal Agent

Price Waterhouse
Independent Accountants

Prudential-Bache Securities, Inc.
Financial Consultant

Leggette, Brashears & Graham, Inc.
Consulting Ground-Water Geologists

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

Our Suffolk County Community is at a crossroad regarding the protection of our water supply. The consequences of unbridled development in the past have severely damaged the groundwater supply and undirected growth in the future will have similar results. In particular, industrial pollutants released into the environment have created a legacy of contamination which we will have to face for years to come. Many of our communities, not served by the Suffolk County Water Authority, are imperiled by a drinking water supply of poor quality.

In 1987, the Suffolk County Water Authority is on the move. Revitalized by a new Board of Directors, the Authority is pushing forward to build on its past accomplishments and to chart a new course in areas that demand action.

The protection of the water supply is a high priority. Accordingly, the Authority has initiated its own Watershed Protection Plan so that the Authority can be an active participant in preservation efforts while also addressing its own vested interests in water supply protection. The implications of this Program will call on the Authority to re-evaluate many of its previous practices with an eye toward coordinated water supply protection and management.

The extension of water mains to deliver a clean supply of water to communities presently experiencing con-

taminated water is also a high priority. Our goal will be to quicken the pace of our extension program and the Authority is exploring how this can best be accomplished within the financial and construction considerations affecting this program. Certain cases have called for prompt action. Thus, the Authority is undertaking an emergency main extension program in the Rocky Point area due to severe water contamination.

To provide customers with the most efficient and effective response to their problems, the Authority has created the Office of Community Relations. It is served by a 24 hour Hotline, telephone number: (516) 589-5215. We want our customers to know we are interested in giving them the best possible service.

While we want to deliver the purest water possible, water quantity cannot be overlooked. Thus, the Water Authority is preparing a water conservation program. Clean water saved is clean water available for future water needs. We hope to have the cooperation of all our customers in this necessary undertaking.

Another thorny problem arises where small water suppliers have been unable to provide adequate service to their customers. The Authority has acquired such systems in the past and will continue this practice in the future. The Captain Kidd Water Co., serving

150 customers in the Mattituck area, is in the process of being acquired at an estimated cost of \$85,000. Such action demonstrates the Authority's continuing promise to service the water needs of Suffolk County.

As this Authority has a responsibility to its creditors, its customers and the citizenry, we must take every appropriate action and enlist the cooperation of the private community and government entities in order to protect the water supply.

Remember, our ability to provide a plentiful supply of clean, affordable water for this and coming generations of Long Islanders is dependent upon the protection of this vital resource.

The Suffolk County Water Authority is the largest water purveyor, dependent on an underground water supply, in the entire Northeast. As the Chairman, newly appointed by the Suffolk County Legislature, I am committed to making certain that the Water Authority remains in the leadership in the struggle for clean and affordable water. In this quest, I solicit your views and your support.

Thank you.



Leon J. Campo
Chairman

HIGHLIGHTS

	May 31	
	1987	1986
Total Revenues	\$56,754,000	\$45,923,000
Operating and Maintenance		
Expense except depreciation	28,542,000	27,911,000
Interest on Bonds and Notes; including amortization of debt discount and expense	15,284,000	8,817,000
Depreciation	6,438,000	6,022,000
Revenues Invested in		
Facilities for the year	6,490,000	3,173,000
Revenues Invested in		
Facilities (Since June 1, 1951)	92,562,000	86,072,000
Total Water Plant at Cost	355,113,000	331,259,000
Net Additions to Water Plant	23,854,000	22,843,000
Customers (Active Services)	269,454	262,829
Miles of Main in Service	3,900	3,807
Fire Hydrants in Service	24,724	24,262
Water Production (Million Gallons)	43,046	41,516



PLANT FACILITIES

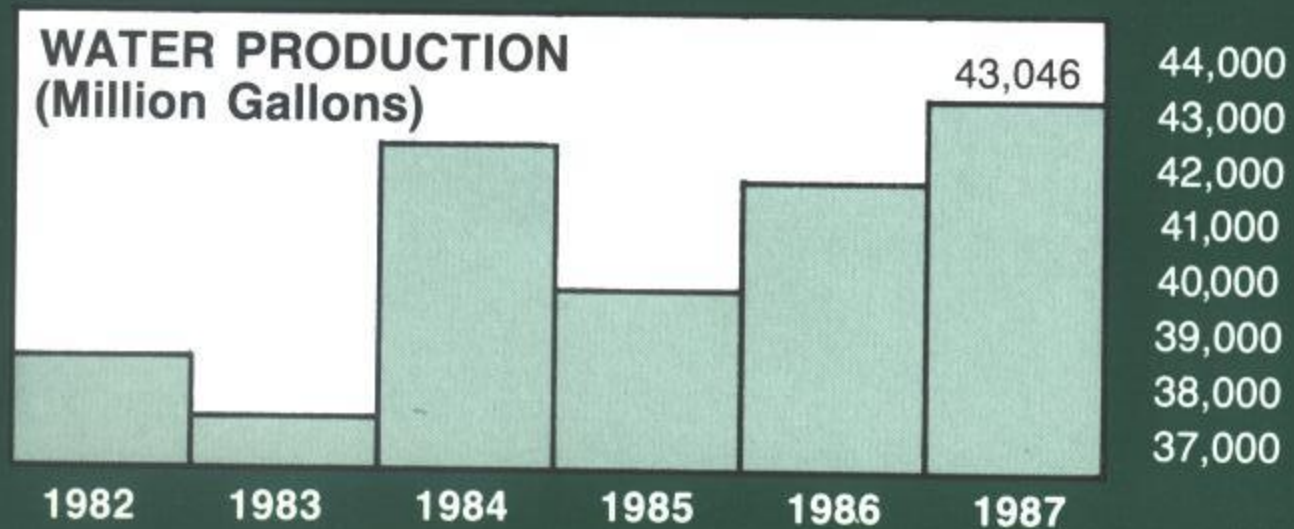
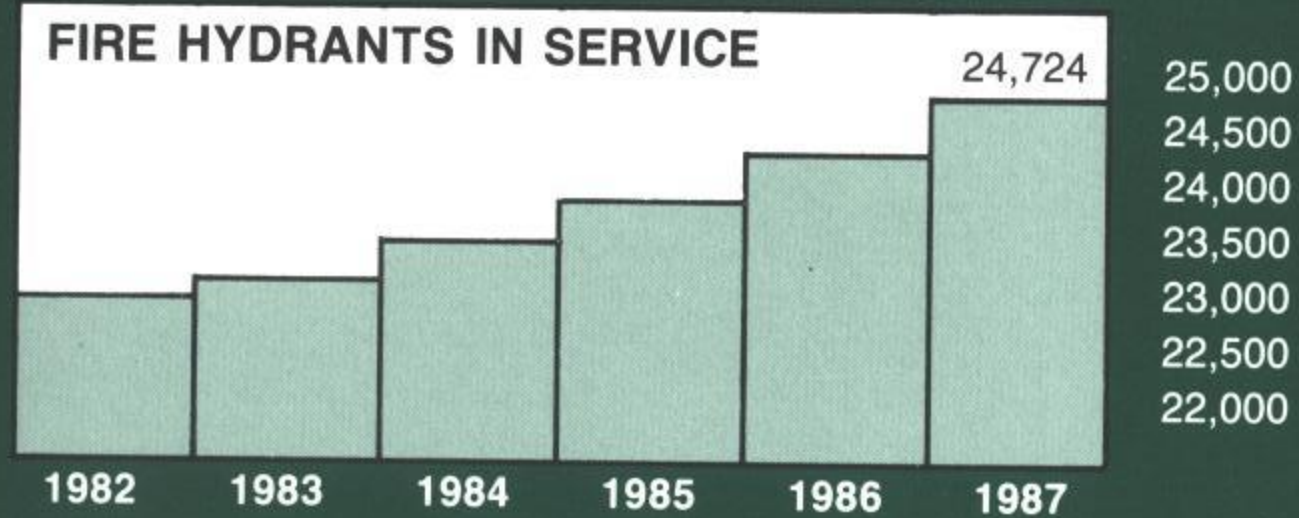
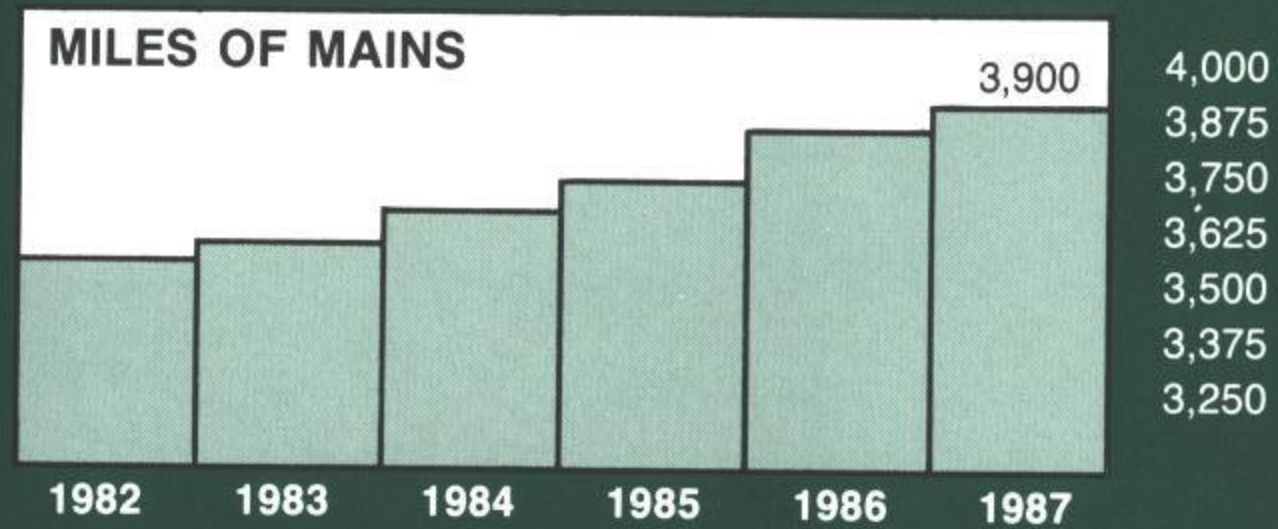
AS OF MAY 31, 1986 □

AS OF MAY 31, 1987 ■

Service Areas or Plants	Wells				Pumping Plants				Storage Facilities				Active Services	
	Active	Inactive			Number		Capacity—1,000 Gallons Daily*		Number		1,000 Gallons			
Babylon	48	48	8	8	19	19	82,102	82,102	8	8	7,515	7,515	54,893	55,653
Bay Shore	49	51	13	12	20	20	83,722	87,163	7	7	6,012	6,012	48,024	48,510
Patchogue	66	61	7	7	27	25	110,592	102,096	11	11	11,465	11,465	52,131	53,442
Huntington	53	54	3	2	21	21	64,886	66,614	11	11	11,842	11,842	28,880	29,184
Pt. Jefferson	69	72	1	1	28	29	109,901	114,365	7	7	7,404	7,404	34,880	35,959
Smithtown	48	48	3	3	21	21	83,578	83,578	6	6	6,100	6,100	23,772	24,174
Westhampton	23	27	—	—	7	9	16,524	21,780	4	4	3,350	3,350	9,301	11,284
East Hampton	32	34	2	2	18	18	22,860	24,588	5	5	5,720	5,720	10,948	11,248
Totals	388	395	37	35	161	162	574,165	582,286	59	59	59,408	59,408	262,829	269,454

*Based on 24-hour operation and on actual capacity of pumping equipment for active wells.

DATA COLLECTION



KEEPING PACE WITH SUFFOLK COUNTY 1977/1987

STATISTICS	For Fiscal Year Ended May 31		Ten-Year Growth	Percent Increase
	1987	1977		
Customers	269,454	224,252	45,202	20%
Population Served	920,000	785,000	135,000	17%
Miles of Pipelines	3,900	3,316	584	18%
Fire Hydrants	24,724	21,311	3,413	16%
Water Pumped (Million Gallons)	43,046	33,874	9,172	27%
Employees	486	426	60	14%
FINANCIAL				
Gross Revenues	56,754,000	23,735,000	33,019,000	139%
Water Plant at Cost	355,113,000	208,193,000	146,920,000	71%
Bonded Indebtedness	166,390,000	121,784,000	44,606,000	37%
Total Earnings Employed In the Business at the Close of Period	92,562,000	48,906,000	43,656,000	89%

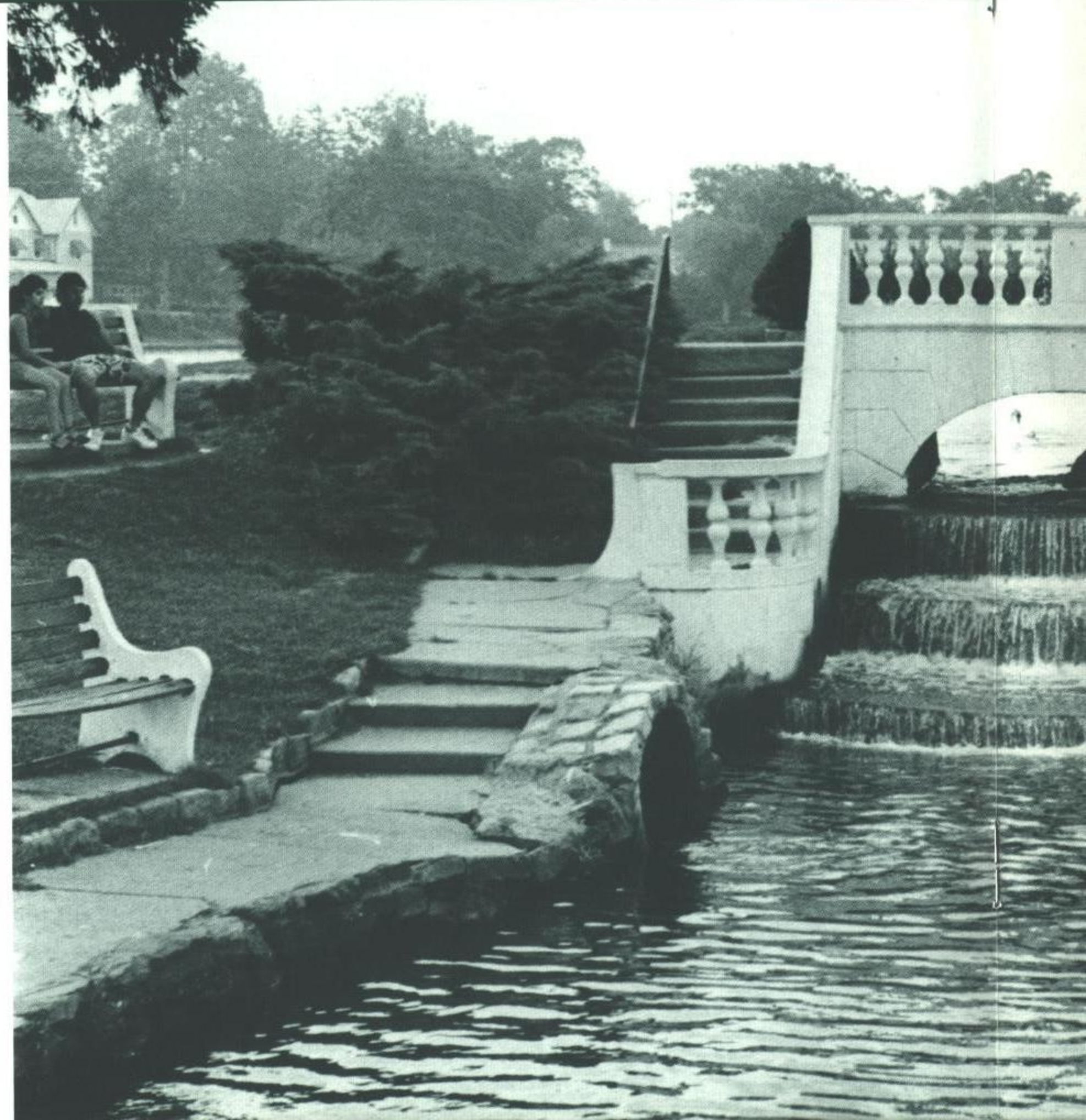
PROTECTING AND CONSERVING

The Suffolk County Water Authority has a critical mission. Our primary objective is to help preserve and protect the drinking water supply for the people of Suffolk County and their children—and for those generations yet unborn.

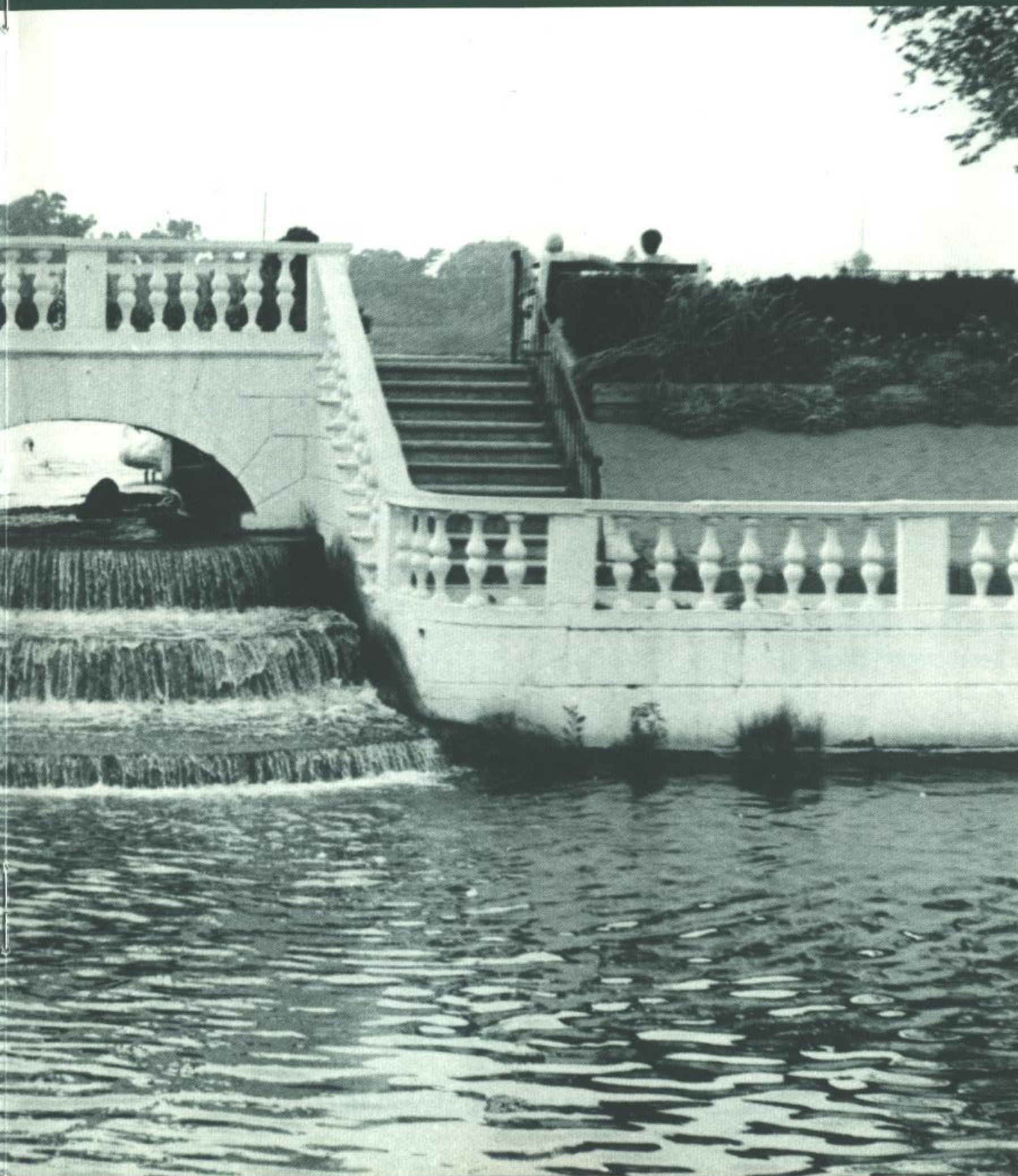
The water we deliver to our customers is of excellent quality, meeting all local, state, and federal standards or guidelines. We do, however, have a concern about the quality and quantity of our **future** water supply. To prevent the contamination of water production areas, the Authority is promoting protective measures for areas like the Pine Barrens, particularly in eastern Suffolk County.

Planning and research continue to be watchwords at the Suffolk County Water Authority. However, under the direction of a new board, increased emphasis has been placed on educating our customers and fostering and supporting governmental initiatives that protect this vital resource. A good example of this symbiotic relationship was demonstrated when the Water Authority informed its consumers about a pending public referendum that would have direct bearing on the water resources of the County. This proposition, which required the approval of the public and, thereafter, the approval of state government, authorizes funding that permits County government to acquire 30,000 acres of essential Pine Barrens watersheds for preservation purposes. In addition, the proposal designates a portion of the funding for the extension of public water mains to contaminated areas, improvements for waste water treatment plants, and for several other environmental incentives. On November 3, 1987, the voters of Suffolk County overwhelmingly approved the proposition in question, and the results were sent to the State for action. Governmental initiatives like the aforementioned enhance the Authority's ability to deliver clean affordable water to our customers.

Consistent with public education and outreach,



SERVING THE RESOURCE



the Board sanctioned the development of a comprehensive conservation program. In view of the fact that problems related to water quantity have arisen in certain areas of the County such as Southold, Shelter Island, the Montauk peninsula and North Haven, it is necessary to develop programs to save water. However, **conservation programs** can also benefit those not experiencing deficiencies. Although the Authority depends entirely on resources generated by its users as its only supply of revenues, each gallon saved would mean water is available for other use without the need to install costly new wells or construct expensive water towers.

Furthermore, residents can save on the cost of their water bill, and derive other benefits, such as energy savings. It is the Suffolk County Water Authority's belief that **education** is the key element upon which we can build an effective water conservation program.

In the early summer of 1987, the "Watershed Protection Committee" was formed. This committee, composed of three members of the board, meets regularly with an advisory board representing state, county, town environmental and health agencies, community-based environmental organizations and Water Authority department heads. The primary purpose of this committee is to develop a **Watershed Protection Strategy** that can become the **management blueprint** for actions and policies of the Suffolk County Water Authority for years to come.

Encouraging appropriate land use policies, advocating land acquisitions in critical areas, formulating effective conservation measures and promoting high standards of watershed protection are important initiatives that the Suffolk County Water Authority has embraced in order to ensure a plentiful, economic and safe source of water for our consumers now and for future generations.

STATEMENT
OF
REVENUE
AND
REVENUE
INVESTED IN
FACILITIES

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Members of
Suffolk County Water Authority

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheet and the related statements of revenue and revenue invested in facilities and of changes in financial position present fairly the financial position of Suffolk County Water Authority at May 31, 1987 and 1986, and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied. Our examinations of these statements were made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Jericho, New York
July 28, 1987

Price Waterhouse

	For the year ended May 31,	
	1987	1986
Revenues:		
Operating	\$53,208,000	\$42,339,000
Interest	3,546,000	3,584,000
Total revenues	56,754,000	45,923,000
Operating expenses:		
Operations	23,438,000	22,871,000
Maintenance	5,104,000	5,040,000
Total operating expenses, except depreciation deducted below	28,542,000	27,911,000
Revenue before interest and depreciation (Note 4)	28,212,000	18,012,000
Deduct:		
Interest expense	9,249,000	8,638,000
Amortization of debt discount and expense	177,000	179,000
Depreciation	6,438,000	6,022,000
	15,864,000	14,839,000
Revenue before extraordinary item	12,348,000	3,173,000
Extraordinary item—		
Loss on refunding of Water Works		
Revenue Bonds (Note 3)	5,858,000	
Revenue invested in facilities:		
For the year	6,490,000	3,173,000
At beginning of year	86,072,000	82,899,000
At end of year	\$92,562,000	\$86,072,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

	May 31,	
	1987	1986
ASSETS		
Water plant, at cost less accumulated depreciation (Note 2)	\$290,764,000	\$272,980,000
Funds held by Fiscal Agent:		
New construction fund	2,979,000	2,304,000
Debt service reserve fund (Note 4)	14,262,000	13,144,000
Bond proceeds fund	19,147,000	
	36,388,000	15,448,000
Current assets:		
Cash (including \$2,559,000 in 1987 and \$1,930,000 in 1986 in interest bearing accounts)	2,679,000	2,055,000
Short-term investments	23,466,000	25,400,000
Additional funds held by Fiscal Agent:		
General Fund	95,000	100,000
Debt service fund, cash	8,220,000	7,047,000
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$412,000 in 1987 and \$366,000 in 1986	3,950,000	3,328,000
Interest and other receivables	169,000	370,000
Accrued fire protection revenue	1,101,000	1,027,000
Materials and supplies, at average cost	2,090,000	1,931,000
Prepayments	722,000	1,475,000
Total current assets	42,492,000	42,733,000
Deferred charges:		
Unamortized debt discount and expense	2,958,000	3,045,000
Other	562,000	261,000
	3,520,000	3,306,000
	\$373,164,000	\$334,467,000
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES		
Capitalization:		
Water Works Revenue Bonds, less current portion (Note 3)	\$163,170,000	\$141,485,000
Contributions in aid of construction	79,322,000	67,532,000
Revenue invested in facilities	92,562,000	86,072,000
Total capitalization	335,054,000	295,089,000
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of Water Works Revenue Bonds (Note 3)	3,220,000	2,695,000
Accounts payable	983,000	2,111,000
Accrued interest	5,045,000	4,399,000
Accrued retirement contributions	4,135,000	4,933,000
Other accrued liabilities	3,349,000	3,135,000
Customer deposits	3,697,000	3,427,000
Total current liabilities	20,429,000	20,700,000
Advances for construction	17,681,000	18,678,000
Commitments (Note 5)		
	\$373,164,000	\$334,467,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

	Year ended May 31,	
	1987	1986
Financial resources were provided by:		
Operations		
Revenue invested in facilities	\$ 6,490,000	\$ 3,173,000
Add—depreciation and amortization	6,615,000	6,201,000
Less—capitalized interest	(212,000)	(170,000)
Working capital provided by operations	12,893,000	9,204,000
Net proceeds from sale of Water Works Revenue Bonds (Note 4)	55,140,000	
Advances and contributions for construction, net of refunds of \$133,000 in 1987 and \$203,000 in 1986	10,793,000	10,821,000
Decrease in funds held by Fiscal Agent for new construction, debt service reserve and bond proceeds funds		9,700,000
	<u>78,826,000</u>	<u>29,725,000</u>
Financial resources were used for:		
Additions to water plant, net of retirements	24,010,000	22,715,000
Current maturities and redemptions of Water Works Revenue Bonds	33,545,000	2,695,000
Increase in funds held by Fiscal Agent for new construction, debt service reserve and bond proceeds funds	20,940,000	
Other	301,000	66,000
	<u>78,796,000</u>	<u>25,476,000</u>
Increase in working capital	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,249,000</u>

CHANGES IN ELEMENTS OF WORKING CAPITAL

Increase (decrease) in current assets:		
Cash	\$ 624,000	\$ 48,000
Short-term investments	(1,934,000)	4,670,000
Additional funds held by Fiscal Agent	1,168,000	531,000
Accounts receivable	622,000	488,000
Interest and other receivables	(201,000)	159,000
Accrued fire protection revenue	74,000	62,000
Materials and supplies	159,000	317,000
Prepayments	(753,000)	1,002,000
	<u>(241,000)</u>	<u>7,277,000</u>
(Increase) decrease in current liabilities:		
Current maturities of Water Works Revenue Bonds	(525,000)	(315,000)
Accounts payable	1,128,000	(1,531,000)
Accrued interest	(646,000)	(221,000)
Accrued retirement contributions	798,000	(58,000)
Other accrued liabilities	(214,000)	(779,000)
Customer deposits	(270,000)	(124,000)
	<u>271,000</u>	<u>(3,028,000)</u>
Increase in working capital	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,249,000</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTE 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Suffolk County Water Authority (the "Authority") is a public benefit corporation that was created by resolution of the Suffolk County Board of Supervisors in 1937 with a two-fold purpose. The first was to acquire, construct, maintain and operate a public water supply for Suffolk County. The second was to develop a single integrated public water supply and distribution system to serve all of Suffolk County. The accounts of the Authority are maintained generally in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the New York State Public Service Commission (PSC), although the Authority is not subject to PSC rules and regulations. The Authority establishes rates for which it is not required to obtain approval from the PSC.

Water Plant

Water plant is carried at original cost, including the cost of purchased and contributed property. The capitalized cost of additions to water plant includes charges for indirect costs such as construction period interest, engineering, supervision, payroll taxes and pension benefits. The original cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with dismantling costs less any salvage is charged to accumulated depreciation. The costs of repairs, minor betterments and renewals are charged to maintenance expense as incurred. The Authority does not credit water plant for contributions in aid of construction.

Depreciation

Depreciation of water plant is provided on the straight-line basis using a composite annual rate which is based on the average service lives and net salvage value of properties.

Funds Held by Fiscal Agent

The Authority's Resolution authorizing the bond issues requires that all revenue be deposited in the name of the Fiscal Agent and allocated to specific funds. Substantially all funds held by the Fiscal Agent are invested principally in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements and other interest bearing accounts. All such investments mature within one year.

A portion of this restricted cash represents monies received from the New Construction Fund held by the Fiscal Agent to be used solely for new construction. In addition, the Bond Proceeds Fund, Debt Service Reserve Fund and Debt Service Fund are similarly restricted.

Short-term Investments

At May 31, 1987, the Authority has invested \$23,466,000 of its operating funds in certificates of deposit, treasury bills and repurchase agreements, with interest rates that range from 5.50% to 7.00%, that mature at various dates through August 26, 1987. The Authority generally holds such short-term investments until maturity.

Revenue

Billings for water service are generally rendered on a quarterly cycle basis except for fire protection revenues which are billed semi-annually in arrears on June 30 and December 31. The Authority accrues for unbilled fire protection service; all other revenues are recognized when billed.

Income Taxes

As a public benefit corporation, the Authority is exempt from Federal and State income taxes.

Bond Premiums or Discounts and Expenses

Premiums or discounts and expenses related to the issuance of long-term debt are amortized over the lives of the issues.

Retirement Contributions

The Authority makes annual contributions, as determined by New York State to the New York State Employees' Retirement System to provide retirement benefits for substantially all of its employees. The total provision for pension costs amounted to \$1,361,000 and \$2,097,000, of which \$612,000 and \$639,000 were capitalized in water plant accounts, in 1987 and 1986, respectively.

Advances for Construction and Contributions in Aid of Construction

Under existing standard construction loan contracts with residential real estate developers and others, the developer advances to the Authority the estimated cost of new main installations. Upon completion of construction, the developer is either billed or refunded the differences between the advance and the actual cost. The resulting net completed cost is transferred to Contributions in Aid of Construction. Other construction loan contracts are written for a five year period and provide for refunding a percentage of revenue collected from these projects which is charged to the original advance. The resulting net balance at the expiration of the contract is transferred to Contributions in Aid of Construction (\$3,746,000—1987; \$3,967,000—1986).

Contributions in Aid of Construction also include the original cost of systems contributed to the Authority by municipalities and others as well as service, tapping and other fees.

Customer Deposits

As security for the payment of bills, the Authority generally requires a deposit from commercial customers and large users. No interest is paid on such deposits.

During the 1986 and 1985 fiscal years, the Authority adopted resolutions to refund deposits received from residential customers prior to June 1, 1984 and June 1, 1983, respectively. Accordingly, \$150,000 was authorized to be refunded to customers under these resolutions in both 1987 and 1986. Actual refunds paid under these resolutions were \$100,000 and \$78,000, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MAY 31, 1987 AND 1986

NOTE 2—Water Plant

	May 31,	
	1987	1986
Land and land rights	\$ 6,428,000	\$ 6,243,000
Wells, reservoirs and structures	56,542,000	54,320,000
Pumping and purification equipment	16,993,000	16,334,000
Distribution systems	245,346,000	227,860,000
Other	5,981,000	4,874,000
Water plant in service	331,290,000	309,631,000
Construction in progress	23,823,000	21,628,000
Water plant, at cost	355,113,000	331,259,000
Less—Accumulated depreciation	64,349,000	58,279,000
Net water plant	<u>\$290,764,000</u>	<u>\$272,980,000</u>

NOTE 3—Water Works Revenue Bonds

Series	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date	May 31,	
			1987	1986
B-D	3.50%	1988	\$ 225,000	\$ 330,000
F	4.10-4.50%	1998	4,175,000	4,500,000
G	4.00-4.10%	2000	3,630,000	3,730,000
H	3.25-3.40%	2001	4,715,000	4,785,000
I	3.25-3.50%	2002	10,100,000	10,550,000
J	0.10-4.00%	2002	9,030,000	9,475,000
K	4.10-4.50%	2002	7,920,000	8,240,000
L	5.00-8.00%	2003	8,300,000	8,550,000
M	6.25-6.50%	2005	6,000,000	6,000,000
N	5.00-6.50%	2006	8,990,000	9,110,000
O	5.50-7.00%	2007	12,190,000	12,280,000
Q	5.75-7.25%	2008	11,695,000	11,825,000
R	5.50-7.00%	2010	14,970,000	15,050,000
S	7.875%	2010	6,000,000	6,000,000
T	9.10%	2011	635,000	15,890,000
U	7.80-12.00%	2012	2,585,000	17,865,000
V	6.70-9.00%	2012	24,000,000	
W	6.00-9.00%	2012	31,230,000	
Total bonds outstanding			166,390,000	144,180,000
Less: Current maturities and redemptions			3,220,000	2,695,000
			<u>\$163,170,000</u>	<u>\$141,485,000</u>

The Authority's debt consists principally of serial bonds which usually mature in increasing annual installments. The Series M bonds mature \$2,000,000 annually from 2003 to 2005. The Series S bonds mature annually in various amounts from 2008 to 2010. After certain dates, the serial bonds are redeemable in the inverse order of their maturity at varying prices in excess of principal amounts depending upon their redemption date. Bond maturities over the next five years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount
1988	\$3,220,000
1989	3,420,000
1990	3,585,000
1991	3,765,000
1992	3,955,000

In August 1986, the Authority issued \$24,000,000 of Series V Water Works Revenue Bonds at interest rates of 6.70-9.00%.

In November 1986, the Authority issued \$31,230,000 of Series W Water Works Revenue Refunding Bonds at interest rates of 6.00-9.00% for the purpose of advance refunding of \$15,195,000 of its Series T Bonds and \$15,130,000 of its Series U Bonds. The net proceeds of the refunding bonds together with \$4,444,000 from the Authority's operating funds were used to purchase non-callable U.S. Treasury Securities in an amount sufficient, together with the interest to accrue thereon, to pay the redemption price, including accrued interest, on June 1, 1993 and June 1, 1995, of the Series T and Series U bonds to be refunded, respectively. Such securities were deposited with U.S. Trust Company of New York, as escrow agent under a Refunding Trust Agreement with the Authority, to be applied solely to the payment of the redemption price of and interest on the refunded bonds. As a result of this advance refunding, the Authority recognized an extraordinary loss of \$5,858,000 in fiscal 1987 which represented the difference between the net carrying value of the Series T and U bonds and the sum of the net proceeds of the Series W Refunding Bonds and the operating fund contribution of \$4,444,000. The Authority anticipates, however, that such refunding will provide an annual average savings in excess of \$550,000 through 2011.

NOTE 4—Debt Service Requirements

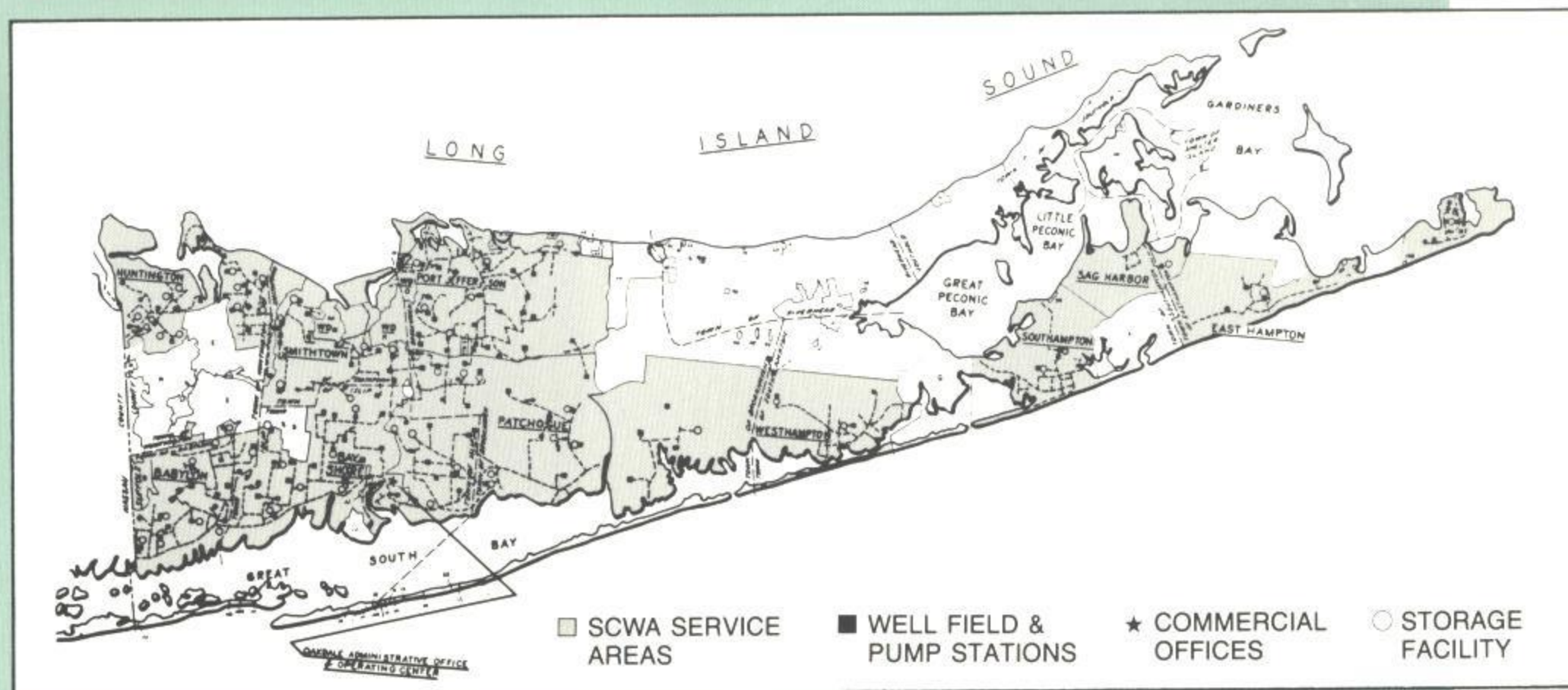
As prescribed in the Authority's Resolution, a minimum Debt Service Reserve Fund balance is to be maintained which is the greater of one and one-half years' interest on the outstanding bonds or the maximum annual future requirement for the payment of interest, serial bonds and Sinking Fund requirements. The required balance amounted to \$14,261,000 at May 31, 1987.

Debt service requirements for the payment of interest and principal on outstanding bonds at May 31, 1987 approximate \$12,950,000 in each of the next five years. Revenue before interest and depreciation was equivalent to 2.22 times (1.57 in 1986) the debt service requirement for the year ended May 31, 1987.

NOTE 5—Commitments

The Authority authorized a capital improvement construction budget for the fiscal year ending May 31, 1988 of approximately \$29,295,000. A substantial portion of this amount has been committed at May 31, 1987.

COMMUNITIES SERVED



BABYLON DISTRICT

Amity Harbor
Amityville
Babylon
Copiague
Deer Park
Lindenhurst
North Amityville
North Babylon
North Lindenhurst
Pinelawn
West Babylon
Wheatley Heights
Wyandanch

BAY SHORE DISTRICT

Bay Shore
Brentwood
Brightwaters
Central Islip
East Islip
Edgewood
Great River
Islip
Islip Terrace
North Bay Shore
North Great River
Oakdale
West Bay Shore
West Islip

CENTER MORICHES DISTRICT

Center Moriches
East Moriches
Manorville
Mastic
Mastic Beach
Moriches
Shirley
South Ridge

HUNTINGTON DISTRICT

Asharoken
Centerport
Cold Spring Harbor
Commack
Crab Meadow
East Huntington
East Neck
East Northport
Eatons Neck
Fort Salonga
Halesite
Huntington
Huntington Bay
Huntington Station
Lloyd Harbor
Northport

PATCHOGUE DISTRICT

Bayport
Bellport
Blue Point
Bohemia
Brookhaven
Coram
East Holbrook
East Patchogue
Farmingville
Gordon Heights
Holbrook
Holtsville
Lakeland
Lake Ronkonkoma
Medford
North Bellport
North Patchogue
Patchogue
Ronkonkoma
Sayville
Selden
South Centereach
South Holbrook
South Yaphank
West Bellport
West Ronkonkoma
West Sayville
Yaphank

PORT JEFFERSON DISTRICT

Belle Terre
Centereach
Coram
East Setauket
Lake Grove
Middle Island
Miller Place
Mount Siani
North Centereach
North Selden
Poquott
Port Jefferson
Port Jefferson Station
Ridge
Rocky Point
Setauket
South Setauket
Sound Beach
South Stony Brook
Stony Brook
Terryville

EAST HAMPTON DISTRICT

Amagansett
East Hampton
Freetown
Montauk
North Sea
Sag Harbor
Southampton

SMITHTOWN DISTRICT

East Commack
Flowerfield*
Hauppauge
Kings Park
Nesconset
Saint James*
San Remo*
Smithtown
South Hauppauge
West St. James
West Smithtown*
Village of The Branch

WESTHAMPTON DISTRICT

East Quogue
Quogue
Quogue
Westhampton
Westhampton Beach

*—Included in Wholesale Water District

SUFFOLK COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY

