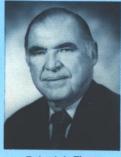


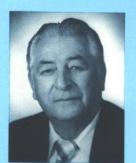
SUFFOLK COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY

1981 ANNUAL REPORT





Robert J. Flynn



Matthew B. Kondenar



Miriam T. Anzel



Bert R. Friedman

Robert J. Flynn Chairman Matthew B. Kondenar Secretary

William A. Frankenbach Treasurer and Assistant Secretary

Bert R. Friedman

Miriam T. Anzel



William A. Frankenbach

Walter C. Hazlitt
Executive Director
John H. Scheetz
Executive Secretary
William J. Schickler
Chief Engineer
Herbert C. Koehler
Director of Distribution
Bernard T. Hanrahan
Director of Commercial Office Operations
Eugene Sidoti
Controller
Van Nostrand & Martin
Counsel

William V. Burnell and Associates
Consulting Engineer
Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation
Advisory Engineer
United States Trust Company of New York
Fiscal Agent
Price Waterhouse
Independent Accountants
Bache Halsey Stuart Shields Incorporated
Financial Consultant
Leggette, Brashears & Graham, Inc.
Consulting Ground-Water Geologists



Fiscal 1981 saw the Authority complete thirty years of service supplying water to the residents of Suffolk County, New York. During the thirty-year period, the Authority underwent phenomenal growth both in terms of population served and in terms of expansion of the total water plant value.

Since June 1, 1951, the total plant value of the Authority increased from \$7,411,000 to \$248,581,000, while the total number of customers served went from a 1951 total of 21,159 to 238,958 as of May 31, 1981. This represents a total estimated population of 836,000 individuals, nearly twice the total population of Suffolk County in 1951. When the Authority began operations, it had only 410 miles of main as compared to 3,488 at the start of fiscal 1982, and now values its electrical pumping equipment at more than its total plant value at start-up in 1951.

By careful and prudent management, the Authority has managed to maintain an excellent financial structure throughout its thirty-year history. The 1981 fiscal period saw total revenues increase to an all-time high of \$34,132,000, up from the fiscal 1980 total of \$27,933,000. Total revenues before interest and depreciation also reached an all-time high of \$15,649,000 or 1.92 times debt service. At present, the Authority's financial structure has earned it a rating of "A-1" by Moody's Investor Service, Inc. on the date of its last bond sale, June 1, 1980.

During the fiscal year just ended, the Authority continued its acquisition of privately owned water facilities by completing the purchase of the Eastern Suffolk Water Corp., which served a portion of the Coram area in the Port Jefferson District, for \$527,000. Negotiations were also completed for the

purchase of the Great Beach Water Corp. for \$400,000, and the Bevon Water Company, serving a portion of Selden in the Port Jefferson District for a total of \$150,000. When completed, these acquisitions will bring the total number of private and public water companies acquired by the Authority since 1951 to 31 at a total purchase price of \$23,385,000.

The Authority continued its cooperation with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, the U.S. Geological Survey, the Nassau-Suffolk Regional Planning Board, and the County of Suffolk Department of Health Services in various studies designed to help insure a continued supply of safe, palatable water to our customers. These ongoing studies have examined such things as the legal framework through which ground water is currently being managed, the effect of highway runoff on underground water resources, and an update of current sub-division regulations to limit water pollution by limiting population density in currently undeveloped areas of Suffolk County.

During fiscal 1981, the Authority's 416 employees continued to play an important role in its successful operation, and on behalf of the Water Authority Board, I would like to express appreciation for their efforts.

For the Members.

Robert J. Flynn

Chairman



	May	31,
	1981	1980
Total Revenues Operating and Maintenance Expense, except	\$ 34,132,000	\$ 27,933,000
depreciation	18,483,000	16,339,000
discount and expense	5,977,000	5,939,000
Depreciation	3,074,000	2,939,000
Facilities for the year Revenues Invested in Facilities (since June 1,	6,598,000	2,716,000
1951)	65,267,000	58,669,000
Total Water Plant at Cost	248,581,000	236,075,000
Net Additions to Water Plant	12,506,000	9,938,000
Customers (Active Services)	238,958	234,999
Miles of Main in Service	3,488	3,430
Fire Hydrants in Service Water Production	22,532	22,184
(Million Gallons)	38,756	35,136



Drilling operations were underway on Well #1 at the Maple Avenue site in Medford.Well will be 360 feet deep,have a 20 inch by 12 inch diameter and be capable of pumping 1,300 gallons per minute. Total cost of the new well will be \$122,750.



NEW CONSTRUCTION

Fiscal 1981 saw the Construction-Maintenance Department undertake two major water main installation projects totaling 6.7 miles of 12-inch main. The two projects were undertaken at a cost of \$710,000 and extended a public water supply to a total of 308 potential customers.

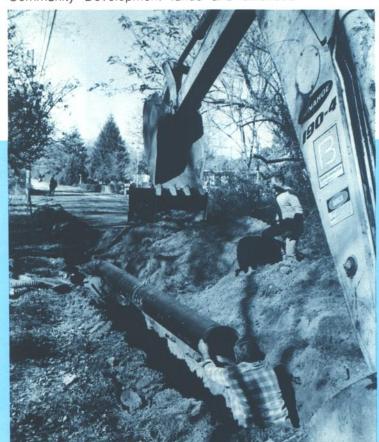
The first water main installation project took place in the North Sea area of the East Hampton Plant in the Town of Southampton. This \$360,000 project saw the installation of 16,500 feet of 12-inch main to serve a potential 126 customers. This project was placed in service on July 28, 1980.

The second main installation project took place in the Mastic Beach area of the Westhampton Plant in the Town of Brookhaven. This project was the first phase of a three-phase main installation program and saw \$350,000 expended to install 18,700 feet of 12-inch main. This project was funded by the Town of Brookhaven with Federal Community Development funds and extended

public water supply to 182 potential customers. It was placed in service on December 22, 1980.

In other new construction activity during fiscal 1981, the Authority added thirteen wells and two pumping stations to its system, at an approximate cost of \$3,225,000. The 13 new wells increased the Authority's pumping capacity by 18.9 million gallons per day to a total of 535,795 million gallons.

The Authority continued its policy of abandoning and sealing wells in the western portion of the County that have long been inactive. After review of the limited possible use of these shallow wells in the future, it was decided that they should be abandoned. Fiscal 1981 saw two of the remaining 36 inactive shallow wells abandoned. The loss of capacity from these wells will not impair the ability of the Authority to supply present and future demands for water, as wells to regain the lost capacity have been added to the system.



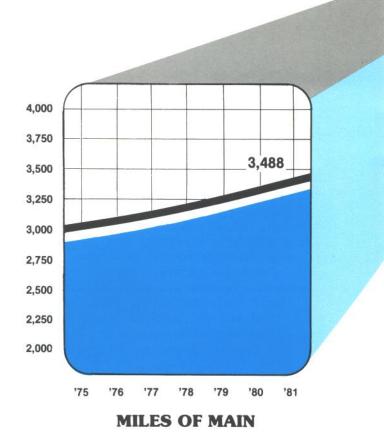
Installing a water service under Motor Parkway, Hauppauge, utilizing air to jack a six-inch pipe under the roadway in order that a four-inch fireline and a one and one-half inch domestic service can be supplied to a commerical account. The "jacking" operation is undertaken in order not to disturb the county roadway.

DATA COLLECTION – "SYSTEM 2000"

In recent years the ability of the many agencies responsible for monitoring Suffolk County's water supply, including the Suffolk County Water Authority, to collect data relating to the water supply has been greatly expanded and the data available was maintained in huge volumes which hardly anyone ever had sufficient time to review, and which had become impossible to utilize intelligently. To overcome this drawback in the collection and storing of data, the New York Legislature in 1979 appropriated money to the Counties of Nassau and Suffolk to purchase software for computer maintenance of the stored data. With these funds the program entitled, "Water Quality in the System 2000" was commenced.

Since that time other agencies have joined in the effort to make the data more available and steps were taken to have the program and data installed on the Univac Computer at the State University of New York at Stony Brook. The program is designed to store and retrieve water quality and quantity data as well as information on the lithology of the several aquifers and the details of well construction. This is serving as an invaluable tool in the day-to-day planning for managing Suffolk's underground water reserves.

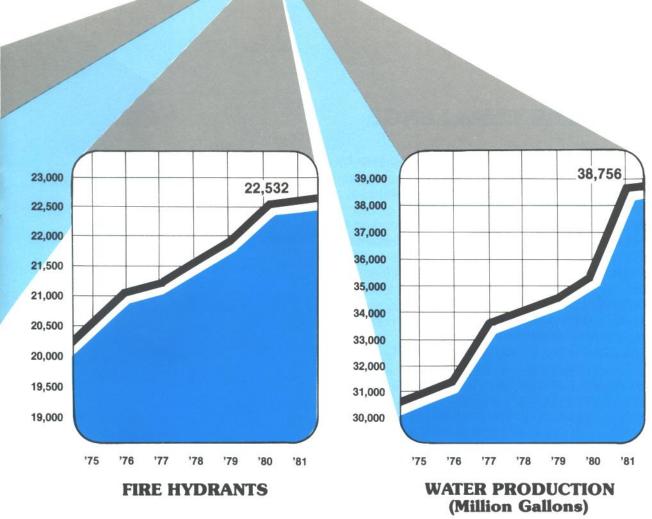
The U.S. Geological Survey has cooperated in this endeavor by retrieving previously supplied Suffolk County Water Authority well water quality data, and the County of Suffolk Department of Health Services has assisted by translating this data from U.S.G.S.'s Storet System to the System 2000 format. The Authority's Laboratory and Engineering Departments have each now installed a computer terminal linked by secure telephone lines to SUNY at Stony Brook and are engaged in updating and expanding the data base. This system is already proving invaluable in its capacity to retrieve, organize, and display historical data.



PLANT FACILITIES

AS OF MAY 31, 1980 AS OF MAY 31, 1981														
Service Areas or Plants	Act	-	ells Ina	ctive	No.		mping Pl Capac 1000 Gals	ity-	N		Capac 1000 G	ity in	Active S	ervices
BABYLON	46	47	8	8	19	19	78,214	80,230	9	9	7,815	7,815	51,782	52,426
BAY SHORE	49	50	6	6	19	19	80,683	82,699	8	8	6,370	6,370	45,807	46,055
EAST HAMPTON	24	26	5	5	16	16	16,236	17,748	4	4	3,720	3,720	9,141	9,388
HUNTINGTON	49	51	3	3	19	20	57,218	62,978	11	11	11,842	11,842	27,887	27,997
PATCHOGUE	55	61	6	3	24	24	95,256	100,728	10	10	10,465	10,465	44,681	45,827
PORT JEFFERSON	59	60	1	1	25	26	95,126	96,422	7	7	7,404	7,404	30,172	31,299
SMITHTOWN	45	45	7	8	20	20	78,610	78,466	6	6	6,100	6,100	21,797	22,134
WESTHAMPTON	21	23	_	-	7	7	15,480	16,524	3	3	2,350	2,350	3,732	3,832
TOTALS	348	363	36	34	149	151	516,823	535,795	58	58	56,066	56,066	234,999	238,958

^{*}Based on 24-hour operation and on actual capacity of pumping equipment for active wells.





August Guerrera, Director of Laboratories at the Authority, works with computerized data retrieval System 2000 which was set up this year in cooperation with the U.S. Geological Survey, SUNY at Stony Brook, the County of Suffolk Department of Health Services and the Authority designed to store and retrieve water quality and quantity data as well as information on the lithology of the several aquifers and the details of well construction.

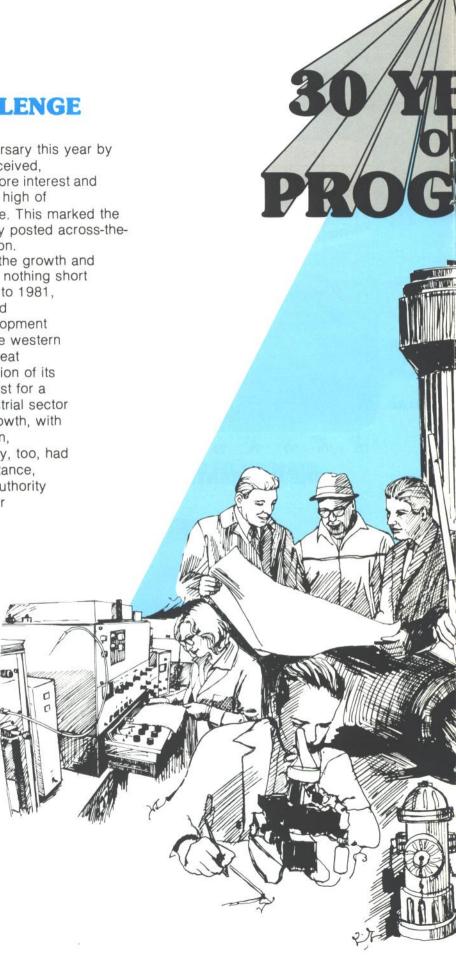
MEETING THE CHALLENGE

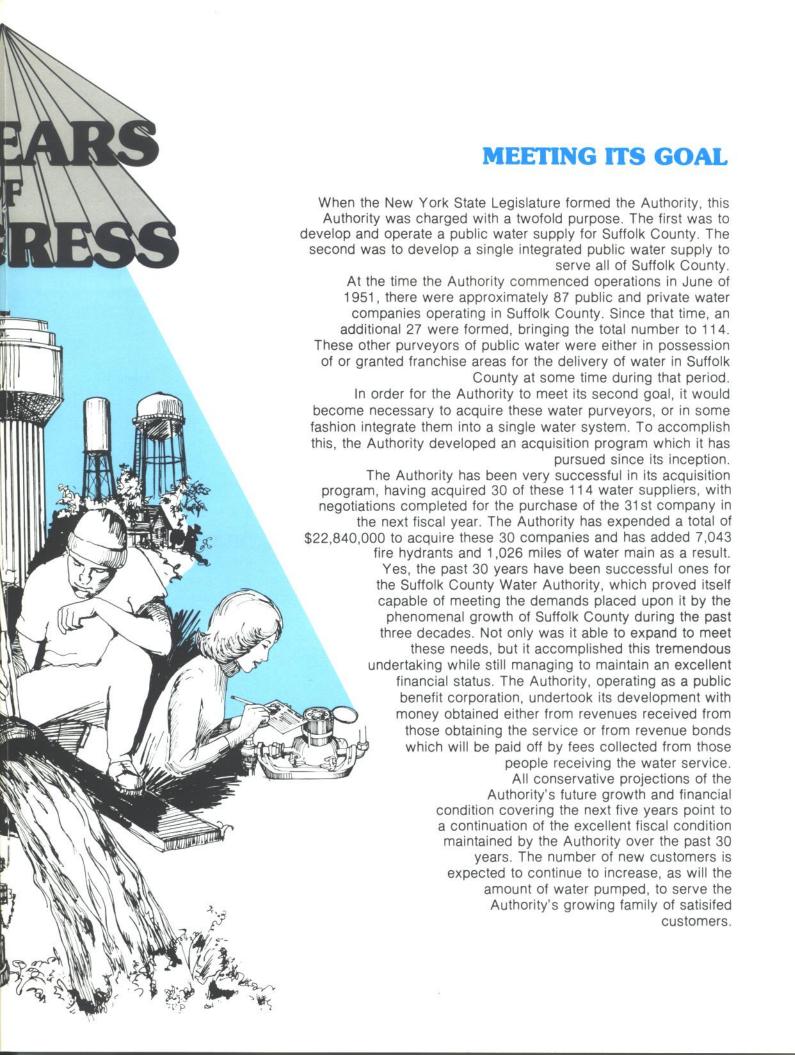
The Authority marked its 30th anniversary this year by setting new records in total revenue received, \$34,132,000, as well as in revenues before interest and depreciation, which reached an all-time high of \$15,649,000, or 1.92 times debt service. This marked the 30th consecutive year that the Authority posted across-the-board gains in all aspects of its operation.

In looking back over the past years, the growth and development of the Authority has been nothing short of spectacular. During the period 1951 to 1981, Suffolk County experienced unparalleled population growth. Thousands of development homes were constructed throughout the western portion of Suffolk County, all placing great demands upon the Authority for extension of its public water supply to quench their thirst for a safe, palatable water supply. The industrial sector of Suffolk also experienced unusual growth, with industrial centers developing in Babylon, Huntington, Islip, and Brookhaven. They, too, had a great thirst for man's most vital substance, water, and the Suffolk County Water Authority was ready and capable of meeting their needs.

A comparison of the Authority's water plant as it existed in 1951 and the way it is in 1981 offers an indication of just how great our growth has been, and the tremendous undertaking it required to get the job done. In 1951 the Authority served only 21,159 customers. It had a mere 3,199 fire hydrants and 410 miles of water main which delivered only 1,609,000 gallons of water. Its gross income for 1951 totaled \$836,000 and total plant value was only \$7,411,000.

By contrast, in 1981 the Authority had 238,958 customers. It had 22,532 fire hydrants and 3,488 miles of water main, and was capable of producing 535,795 million gallons of water per day. Its gross revenue stood at \$34,132,000 and total plant value was \$248,581,000.





REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Members of

Suffolk County Water Authority

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheet and the related statements of revenue and revenue invested in facilities and of changes in financial position present fairly the financial position of Suffolk County Water Authority at May 31, 1981 and 1980, and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied. Our examinations of these statements were made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Jericho, New York July 23, 1981

Price Waterhouse



OF REVENUE AND REVENUE INVESTED IN FACILITIES

	Year ended May 31,		
	1981	1980	
Revenues: Operating Interest	\$30,752,000 3,380,000	\$25,101,000 2,832,000	
Total revenues	34,132,000	27,933,000	
Operating expenses: Operations Maintenance	15,091,000 3,392,000	13,137,000 3,202,000	
Total operating expenses, except depreciation deducted below	18,483,000	16,339,000	
Revenue before interest and depreciation (Note 4)	15,649,000	11,594,000	
Deduct: Interest on bonds (net of \$300,000 capitalized during construction in 1981) Amortization of debt discount and expense Depreciation	5,837,000 140,000 3,074,000	5,806,000 133,000 2,939,000	
	9,051,000	8,878,000	
Revenue invested in facilities: For the year At beginning of year		2,716,000 55,953,000	
At end of year	\$65,267,000	\$58,669,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

30 YEARS OF PROGRESS



	May 3	31,
ASSETS	1981	1980
Water Plant, at cost less accumulated depreciation (Note 2)	\$215,833,000	\$206,160,000
New construction fund, cash Debt service reserve fund (Note 4)	2,522,000 9,250,000	860,000 8,668,000
	11,772,000	9,528,000
Current Assets:		
Cash	1,005,000 13,300,000	2,661,000 8,837,000
General fund Debt service fund Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts	100,000 4,993,000	100,000 4,707,000
of \$374,000 and \$366,000 Interest and other receivables Accrued fire protection revenue Materials and supplies, at average cost Prepayments	2,734,000 426,000 723,000 2,005,000 205,000	2,444,000 449,000 597,000 1,778,000 381,000
Total current asssets	25,491,000	21,954,000
Deferred charges: Unamortized debt discount expense Other	2,567,000 153,000	2,436,000 209,000
	2,720,000	2,645,000
	\$255,816,000	\$240,287,000
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES Capitalization:		
Water Works Revenue Bonds, less current portion (Note 3)	\$119,274,000 48,921,000 65,267,000	\$115,283,000 46,482,000 58,669,000
Total capitalization	233,462,000	220,434,000
Current liabilities: Current maturities of Water Works Revenue Bonds (Note 3) Accounts payable Accrued interest on bonds Accrued retirement contributions Other accrued liabilities Customer deposits	2,007,000 1,198,000 3,085,000 4,097,000 1,745,000 2,318,000	1,911,000 597,000 2,890,000 3,758,000 1,477,000 2,436,000
Total current liabilities	14,450,000	13,069,000
Advances for construction Commitments (Note 5)	7,904,000	6,784,000
	\$255,816,000	\$240,287,000

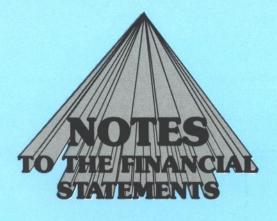
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

	Year ended May 31,		
	1981	1980	
Financial resources were provided by: Operations: Revenue invested in facilities Add depreciation and amortization Less capitalized interest	\$ 6,598,000 3,214,000 (300,000)	\$ 2,716,000 3,069,000	
Working capital provided from operations	9,512,000	5,785,000	
Decrease in funds held by Fiscal Agent for new construction, debt service and from bond proceeds Net proceeds from sale of Water Works Revenue Bonds	5,733,000	2,949,000	
Advances and contributions for construction, net of refunds of			
\$172,000 in 1981 and \$231,000 in 1980	3,559,000 56,000	2,174,000 5,000	
	18,860,000	10,913,000	
Financial resources were used for: Additions to water plant, net of retirements Current maturities and redemptions of Water Works Revenue Bonds Increase in funds held by Fiscal Agent for new construction	12,453,000 2,007,000	10,296,000 1,911,000	
and debt service reserve funds	2,244,000		
	16,704,000	12,207,000	
Increase (decrease) in working capital	\$ 2,156,000	(\$ 1,294,000)	
Changes in Elements of Working Capital			
Increase (decrease) in current assets: Cash Bank certificates of deposit Funds held by Fiscal Agent Accounts receivable Interest and other receivables Accrued fire protection revenue Materials and supplies Prepayments	\$(1,656,000) 4,463,000 286,000 290,000 (23,000) 126,000 227,000 (176,000)	\$ 1,365,000 (3,363,000) 33,000 56,000 176,000 5,000 180,000 10,000	
_	3,537,000	(1,538,000)	
(Increase) decrease in current liabilities: Current maturities of Water Works Revenue Bonds Accounts payable Accrued interest on bonds Accrued retirement contributions Other accrued liabilities Customer deposits	(96,000) (601,000) (195,000) (339,000) (268,000) 118,000	(72,000) 544,000 38,000 (243,000) (287,000) 264,000	
Increase (decrease) in working capital	\$ 2,156,000	(\$ 1,294,000)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



MAY 31, 1981 AND 1980

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Suffolk County Water Authority is a public benefit corporation. Its accounts are maintained generally in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the New York State Public Service Commission, although the Authority is not subject to their rules and regulations. The Authority is authorized to establish rates without review of the New York State Public Service Commission.

Water Plant

Water plant is carried at original cost, including the costs of purchased and contributed property. The capitalized cost of additions to water plant includes charges for indirect costs such as engineering, supervision, payroll taxes and pension benefits. The original cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with dismantling costs less any salvage is charged to accumulated depreciation. The costs of repairs, minor betterments and renewals are charged to maintenance expense as incurred. The Authority does not credit water plant for contributions in aid of construction.

Effective June 1, 1980, the Authority capitalized interest on borrowings used for the construction of major long-term projects in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Number 34 — "Accounting for Interest Costs". Such interest was capitalized at a rate of 4% and resulted in a \$300,000 addition to water plant and reduction of interest expense for the fiscal year ended May 31, 1981.

Depreciation

Depreciation of water plant is provided on the straight-line basis using a composite annual rate which is based on the average service lives and net salvage value of properties. In 1981 and 1980, the composite rate was 1.4%. Beginning June 1, 1981, the composite rate will be increased to 2.14%.

Funds Held by Fiscal Agent

The Authority's Resolution authorizing the bond issues requires that all revenue be deposited in the name of the Fiscal Agent and allocated to specific funds.

A substantial portion of cash represents monies received from the New Construction Fund held by the Fiscal Agent and from housing developers to be used solely for new construction. In addition, the Bond Proceeds Fund is similarly restricted.

At May 31, 1981, the Debt Service Reserve Fund held by the Fiscal Agent was invested in certificates of deposit with interest rates ranging from 13.375% to 16.0% and maturities at various dates through November, 1981.

Bank Certificates of Deposit

At May 31, 1981 the Authority has invested \$13,300,000 of its operating funds in certificates of deposit with interest rates that range from 12.95% to 18.50% and mature at various dates through November, 1981. The Authority generally maintains such short-term investments through maturity.

Revenue

Billings for water service are rendered on a quarterly cycle basis except for fire protection revenues which are billed semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 31. The Authority accrues for unbilled fire protection service but all other revenues are recognized when billed.

Income Taxes

As a public benefit corporation, the Authority is exempt from Federal and State income taxes.

Bond Premiums or Discounts and Expenses

Premiums or discounts and expenses related to the issuance of long-term debt are amortized over the lives of the issues.

Retirement Contributions

The Authority makes annual contributions to the New York State Employee's Retirement System to provide retirement benefits for substantially all of its employees as determined by New York State. Total provision for statutory pension costs amounted to \$1,898,000 and \$1,806,000, of which \$547,000 and \$530,000 were capitalized in water plant accounts, in 1981 and 1980, respectively.

Advances for Construction and Contributions in Aid of Construction

Under existing standard construction loan contracts with residential real estate developers and others, the developer advances to the Authority the cost of new main installations. For such contracts entered into prior to May 31, 1976, the Authority refunds such contract advances, without interest, based upon the number of new customers obtained or as a percentage of the additional revenue received, in annual installments over a period not exceeding five years. After expiration of the contract, the remaining balance of the advance is transferred to Contributions in Aid of Construction (\$2,333,000 — 1981; \$4,175,000 — 1980). The policy of refunding these advances has been discontinued for contracts entered into after May 31, 1976, and therefore, upon completion of the project, remaing funds so received are transferred to Contributions in Aid of Construction.

Contributions in Aid of Construction also include the original cost of systems contributed to the Authority by municipalities and others as well as service tapping and other fees.

30 YEARS OF PROGRESS

Customer Deposits

As security for the payment of bills, the Authority generally requires a deposit from new residential or commercial customers. No interest is paid on such deposits.

During the 1980 and 1979 fiscal years, the Authority adopted resolutions to refund deposits received prior to June 1, 1979 and June 1, 1978, respectively, from residential customers who have had a good payment history. Accordingly, \$288,000 and \$333,000 was refunded to customers under these resolutions in 1981 and 1980.

NOTE 2 — WATER PLANT:

	May 31,			
	1981	1980		
Land and land rights Wells, reservoirs and	\$ 5,815,000	\$ 5,800,000		
structures	40,425,000	38,866,000		
Pumping and purification equipment	11,105,000	10,476,000		
Distribution systems	176,330,000	168,609,000		
Other	2,985,000	2,827,000		
Water plant, in service	236,660,000	226,578,000		
Construction in progress	11,921,000	9,497,000		
Water plant, at cost	248,581,000	236,075,000		
Less - Accumulated				
depreciation	32,748,000	29,915,000		
Net water plant	\$215,833,000	\$206,160,000		
	-			

NOTE 3 — WATER WORKS REVENUE BONDS:

			May 31,			
Series	Interest M Rate	Final laturity Date	1981	1980		
Α	2.75%	1984	\$ 900,000	\$ 1,110,000		
A (Term)	2.75%	1985	711,000	834,000		
B-D	3.50%	1988	805,000	890,000		
F	4.10-4.50%	1998	4,830,000	4,875,000		
G	4.00-4.10%	2000	3,985,000	4,030,000		
Н	3.25-3.40%	2001	4,990,000	5,025,000		
1	3.25-3.50%	2002	12,565,000	12,930,000		
J	0.10-4.00%	2002	11,290,000	11,610,000		
K	4.10-4.50%	2002	9,630,000	9,870,000		
L	5.00-8.00%	2003	9,610,000	9,790,000		
М	6.25-6.50%	2005	6,000,000	6,000,000		
Ν	5.00-6.50%	2006	9,590,000	9,660,000		
0	5.50-7.00%	2007	12,660,000	12,720,000		
Q	5.75-7.25%	2008	12,320,000	12,390,000		
R	5.50-7.00%	2010	15,395,000	15,460,000		
.S	7.875%	2010	6,000,000			
	Sonds Outst urrent Maturi		121,281,000	117,194,000		
Redemption	ons		2,007,000	1,911,000		
			\$119,274,000	\$115,283,000		

The debt consists principally of serial bonds which usually mature in increasing annual installments, except that \$711,000 of the Series A bonds are term bonds which mature on June 1, 1985. However, the resolution authorizing this issue provides for the retirement of the term bonds in increasing annual amounts out of the sinking fund accumulated for this purpose. The required sinking fund payments have been treated as maturities for the term bonds. The Series M bonds mature \$2,000,000 annually, from 2003 to 2005. After certain dates, the bonds are redeemable in the inverse order of their maturity at varying prices in excess of principal amounts depending upon their redemption date.

NOTE 4 — DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS:

As prescribed in the Authority's Resolution, a minimum Debt Service Reserve Fund balance is to be maintained which is the greater of one and one-half years' interest on the outstanding bonds or the maximum annual future requirement for the payment of interest, serial bonds and Sinking Fund requirements. The required balance amounted to \$9,250,000 at May 31, 1981.

Debt service requirements for the payment of interest and principal on outstanding bonds at May 31, 1981 approximate \$8,196,000 in each of the next five years. Revenue before interest and depreciation was equivalent to 1.92 times (1.50 in 1980) the debt service requirement for the year ended May 31, 1981.

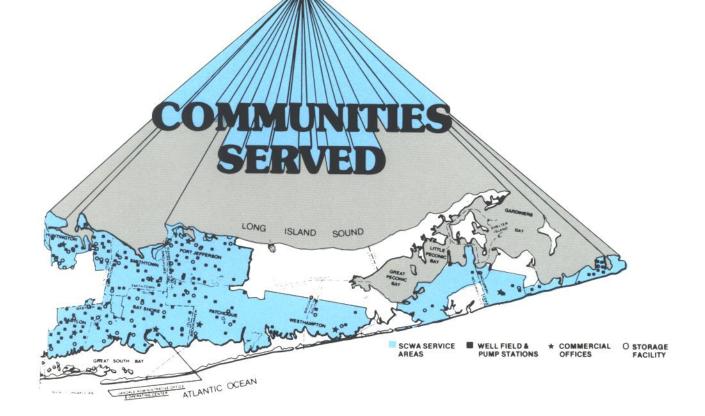
NOTE 5 — COMMITMENTS:

The Authority authorized a capital improvement construction budget for the fiscal year ending May 31, 1981 of approximately \$13,813,000. A substantial portion of this amount has been committed at May 31, 1981.

NOTE 6 — LITIGATION:

On April 23, 1981, three employees of an independent contractor, engaged in maintenance activities at a water tower owned by the Authority, suffered injuries which resulted in the deaths of two of the individuals. Claims for \$42 million in damages have been commenced against the Authority by or on behalf of the three individuals, alleging violations of the New York State Labor Law and negligence.

The Authority, its legal counsel and its insurance carrier are continuing their investigation of the circumstances. The Authority members and management believe that meritorious defenses exist and a loss, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Authority.



BABYLON DISTRICT

Amity Harbor
Amityville
Babylon
Copiague
Deer Park
Lindenhurst
North Amityville
North Babylon
North Lindenhurst
Pinelawn
West Babylon
Wheatley Heights
Wyandanch

BAY SHORE DISTRICT

Bay Shore
Brentwood
Brightwaters
Central Islip
East Islip
Edgewood
Great River
Islip
Islip Terrace
North Bay Shore
North Great River
Oakdale
West Bay Shore
West Islip

HUNTINGTON DISTRICT

Asharoken Centerport Cold Spring Harbor Commack Crab Meadow East Huntington East Neck East Northport Eatons Neck Fort Salonga Halesite Huntington Huntington Bay Huntington Station Lloyd Harbor Northport

EAST HAMPTON DISTRICT

Amagansett East Hampton Freetown Montauk North Sea Sag Harbor Southampton

PATCHOGUE DISTRICT

Bayport Bellport Blue Point Bohemia Brookhaven Coram

East Holbrook East Patchoque Farmingville Gordon Heights Holbrook Holstville Lakeland Lake Ronkonkoma Mastic Mastic Beach North Bellport North Patchoque Patchogue Ronkonkoma Sayville Selden South Centereach South Holbrook South Medford South Yaphank West Bellport West Ronkonkoma West Sayville Yaphank

PORT JEFFERSON DISTRICT

Belle Terre
Centereach
Coram
East Setauket
Lake Grove
Middle Island
Miller Place
Mount Sinai
North Centereach
North Selden
Poquott
Port Jefferson

Port Jefferson Station Ridge Rocky Point Setauket South Setauket Sound Beach South Stony Brook Stony Brook Terryville

SMITHTOWN DISTRICT

East Commack
Flowerfield*
Hauppauge
Kings Park
Nesconset
Saint James*
San Remo*
Smithtown
South Hauppauge
West St. James
West Smithtown*
Village of The Branch

WESTHAMPTON DISTRICT

Center Moriches
East Quogue
Moriches
Quiogue
Quogue
Westhampton
Westhampton Beach



OAKDALE, LONG ISLAND, N.Y. 11769