

Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

May 31, 2017 and 2016

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

Table of Contents

| | Page |
|--|------|
| Independent Auditors' Report | 1 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) | 3 |
| Financial Statements: | |
| Statements of Net Position | 16 |
| Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position | 17 |
| Statements of Cash Flows | 18 |
| Notes to Financial Statements | 19 |
| Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited): | |
| Schedule of Employer Contributions – New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System | 44 |
| Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System | 45 |
| Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Healthcare Plan | 46 |
| Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards | 47 |



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Independent Auditors' Report

The Members Suffolk County Water Authority:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Suffolk County Water Authority (the Authority), which comprise the statements of net position as of May 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of the Suffolk County Water Authority as of May 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Other Matter - Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 15 and the schedule of employer contributions – New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability – New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, and schedule of funding progress for the retiree healthcare plan as of May 31, 2017 on pages 44, 45, and 46, respectively, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2017 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



August 31, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Suffolk County Water Authority (SCWA or the Authority) is a public benefit corporation, created by resolution of the Suffolk County Board of Supervisors in 1937, with a twofold purpose. The first was to acquire, construct, maintain, and operate a public water supply for Suffolk County. The second was to develop a single, integrated public water supply and distribution system to serve all of Suffolk County. The accounts of the Authority are maintained generally in accordance with the *Uniform System of Accounts* prescribed by the New York State Public Service Commission (PSC), although the Authority is not subject to PSC rules and regulations. Board members are appointed by the Suffolk County Legislature for five-year overlapping terms. Vacancies, other than by expiration of term, are filled by the Suffolk County Legislature by appointment for the unexpired term. The chairman of the Authority is also appointed by the Suffolk County Legislature. The rates established by the Authority do not require PSC or Suffolk County legislative approval.

The Financial Statements

The statements of net position provide information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets), obligations to the Authority's creditors (liabilities) as well as the deferred outflows and inflows of resources, with the difference between these amounts reported as net position.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position report how the Authority's net position changed during each year presented. The statement accounts for all of the revenues and expenses for the year, measures the financial results of the Authority's operations for the year, and can be used to determine how the Authority has funded its costs.

The statements of cash flows provide information about the Authority's cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating activities, investing activities, and capital and related financing activities.

The notes to the financial statements contain information that is essential to understanding the financial statements, such as the Authority's accounting methods and policies.

In 2017, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application.* GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The implementation of GASB 72 only impacted the notes to the financial statements.

In 2016, the Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* (GASB 68), GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68* (GASB 71), and GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73* (GASB 82). These statements address accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. The Authority participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (NYSLRS or the System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. In accordance with the provisions of GASB 68, the Authority has reported its proportionate share of NYSLRS net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense. As a result of the implementation of GASB 68, beginning unrestricted net

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

position was restated as of June 1, 2015, resulting in a decrease of \$5.4 million. Furthermore, the Authority recognized a deferred outflow of resources of \$23.7 million, a net pension liability of \$27.3 million, a deferred inflow of resources of \$4.1 million and pension expense of \$9.5 million within the accompanying financial statements.

Management provides the following discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial activities and financial statements. This overview is provided for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016 with comparative information for the year ended May 31, 2015. The reader should use the information contained in this analysis in conjunction with the information contained in the audited financial statements. The financial statements as of and for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016 follow this narrative on the subsequent pages.

Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

| | Year ended May 31 | | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------|----------|--|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| | | (In thousands) | | |
| Operating revenues: | | | | |
| Water service \$ | 164,425 | 155,479 | 147,915 | |
| Other | 19,691 | 20,042 | 22,449 | |
| Total operating revenues | 184,116 | 175,521 | 170,364 | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Operations and maintenance | 128,231 | 121,792 | 120,228 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 46,131 | 45,346 | 44,497 | |
| Total operating expenses | 174,362 | 167,138 | 164,725 | |
| Operating income | 9,754 | 8,383 | 5,639 | |
| Nonoperating revenues and expenses: | | | | |
| Interest expense, net | (27,408) | (26,267) | (25,273) | |
| Amortization of deferred amounts on refinancing | (4,001) | (1,153) | (3,568) | |
| Income from investments | 1,359 | 1,279 | 1,801 | |
| Costs to be recovered from future revenues | 9,802 | 10,079 | 11,774 | |
| Capital reimbursement fees | 9,533 | 9,394 | 7,334 | |
| Total nonoperating revenues and | | | | |
| expenses, net | (10,715) | (6,668) | (7,932) | |
| Change in net position | (961) | 1,715 | (2,293) | |
| Net position, beginning of year* | 615,757 | 614,042 | 621,717 | |
| Net position, end of year \$ | 614,796 | 615,757 | 619,424 | |

* 2016 beginning net position was restated to conform to GASB 68 presentation (see note 1(x) to the accompanying financial statements). The comparative amounts presented for 2015 were not restated for the effects of GASB 68.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Operating Revenues

Water service revenues increased \$8.9 million and \$7.6 million in 2017 and 2016, respectively. This was the result of a 4% rate increase effective April 1, 2017, and a 4.2% rate increase effective April 1, 2016. In addition, in 2017, there was an increase in annual pumpage of 1.6% from 2016.

Other operating revenues decreased \$0.4 million in 2017. This decrease is primarily attributable to a \$0.53 million less in legal settlements, reimbursement of damages, minor upgrade surcharge revenue, and tampering fee revenue. This was offset by an increase of \$0.13 million in antennae lease revenue, late charges, and reduced pressure zone (RPZ) fee revenue in 2017.

Other operating revenues decreased \$2.4 million in 2016. This decrease is primarily attributable to a \$3.1 million decrease in revenue recognized in the sale of surplus property, \$0.3 million less in legal settlements, and \$0.1 million in reimbursement of damages. This was offset by an increase of \$0.7 million in antennae lease revenue and \$0.4 million in water district management fee revenue in 2016.

Operating Expenses

Operations and maintenance expense increased \$6.4 million or 5.3% from \$121.8 million in 2016 to \$128.2 million in 2017. The increase is mainly attributable to increases in wells and pumping cost (\$0.5 million), treatment cost (\$0.6 million), transmission and distribution cost (\$1.5 million), power purchase (\$1.8 million), benefits cost (\$1.3 million) and workers' compensation (\$1.7 million). This increase in workers' compensation is due to the natural progression of outstanding claims under the self-insured program implemented on April 1, 2016. These increases were partially offset by decreases in administrative costs (\$0.2 million), accounting and collecting cost (\$0.2 million), special services cost (\$0.3 million) and deferred postretirement benefits other than pensions (\$0.3 million).

Operations and maintenance expense increased \$1.6 million or 1.3% from \$120.2 million in 2015 to \$121.8 million in 2016. The increase is mainly attributable to increases in transmission and distribution cost (\$0.4 million), and in accounting and collecting (\$0.1 million). Additionally, there was an increase of \$4.6 million in benefits attributable to the increase in health insurance premiums (\$0.5 million), and accelerated contributions for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) other postemployment benefits (\$3.0 million), New York State (NYS) retirement (\$1.1 million). These increases were partially offset by decreases in maintenance of wells and pumping equipment (\$0.5 million), treatment expense (\$0.2 million), power purchase (\$1.1 million), and deferred "OPEB" postretirement benefits other than pension (\$1.7 million).

Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$46.1 million in 2017, an increase of \$0.8 million or 1.7% from 2016. The increase is attributable to a 2.0% increase in water plant, resulting in an additional \$0.8 million in depreciation expense.

Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$45.3 million in 2016, an increase of \$0.8 million or 1.9% from 2015. The increase is attributable to a 1.6% increase in water plant, resulting in an additional \$0.8 million in depreciation expense.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Interest expense was \$27.4 million in 2017, an increase of \$1.1 million from 2016. The increase is mainly due to a \$0.4 million decrease in interest paid on bond and notes payable, offset by \$1.5 million in amortization of debt discount/premium and issuance costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Interest expense was \$26.3 million in 2016, an increase of \$1.0 million from 2015. The increase is mainly a result of \$1.2 million increase in interest paid on bond and notes payable and a \$0.2 million in amortization of debt discount/premium and issuance costs.

Income from investments was \$1.4 million in 2017, an increase of \$0.08 million from 2016. The change in investment earnings was a result of a slightly more favorable interest rate environment than the previous fiscal year.

Income from investments was \$1.3 million in 2016, a decrease of \$0.5 million from 2015. The change in investment earnings was a result of an unfavorable interest rate environment.

Costs to be recovered from future revenues of \$9.8 million and \$10.1 million for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, represent the difference between the Authority's annual required contributions (ARCs) for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) as required by GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions* (GASB No. 45), and the amount paid out or accrued for such benefits by the Authority during fiscal 2017 and 2016. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, the Authority has deferred the excess of the annual OPEB costs over the amount paid or accrued during the fiscal year. The deferred costs will be recovered through future revenues.

Capital reimbursement fees were \$9.5 million in 2017, an increase of \$0.1 million or 1.0% during the current year. Capital reimbursement fees were \$9.4 million in 2016, an increase of \$2.0 million or 28.1% as compared to 2015, due to an increase of projects placed in service.

Statement of Net Position Summary

| | May 31 | | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|-----------|--|
| | 2017 | 2016* | 2015 | |
| | | (In thousands) | | |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Capital assets (water plant), net | \$ 1,131,798 | 1,107,715 | 1,090,018 | |
| Current assets | 219,145 | 237,438 | 196,703 | |
| Other noncurrent assets | 288,755 | 291,536 | 232,380 | |
| Total assets | \$ 1,639,698 | 1,636,689 | 1,519,101 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | \$ 29,196 | 41,999 | 9,425 | |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Current liabilities | \$ 52,191 | 51,763 | 101,173 | |
| Other long-term liabilities | 165,152 | 159,008 | 113,060 | |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion | 833,484 | 848,078 | 694,830 | |
| Total liabilities | \$ 1,050,827 | 1,058,849 | 909,063 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | \$ 3,271 | 4,082 | 39 | |

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Statement of Net Position Summary

| | May 31 | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------|--|--|
| | 2017 | 2015 | | | |
| | | (In thousands) | | | |
| Net position: | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 371,607 | 345,323 | 391,589 | | |
| Restricted for debt service | 92,848 | 88,088 | 85,154 | | |
| Unrestricted | 150,341 | 182,346 | 142,681 | | |
| Total net position | \$ 614,796 | 615,757 | 619,424 | | |

* 2016 amounts reflect the adoption of GASB 68 (see note 1(x) to the accompanying financial statements). The comparative amounts presented for 2015 were not restated for the effects of GASB 68.

Capital Assets (Water Plant), Net

| | | May 31, 2016 | Additions/ reclassifications | Deletions/ reclassifications | May 31, 2017 |
|---|----|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | (In thou | isands) | |
| Water plant in service Less accumulated depreciation | \$ | 1,635,288 (635,583) | 38,041 (45,986) | (7,711) 7,711 | 1,665,618 (673,858) |
| Net water plant in service | ; | 999,705 | (7,945) | — | 991,760 |
| Construction in progress | | 108,010 | 70,069 | (38,041) | 140,038 |
| Water plant | \$ | 1,107,715 | 62,124 | (38,041) | 1,131,798 |

| | _ | May 31, 2015 | Additions/ reclassifications | Deletions/ reclassifications | May 31, 2016 |
|-------------------------------|----|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | (In thou | usands) | |
| Water plant in service | \$ | 1,601,293 | 42,200 | (8,205) | 1,635,288 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | _ | (598,593) | (45,195) | 8,205 | (635,583) |
| Net water plant in service | ; | 1,002,700 | (2,995) | — | 999,705 |
| Construction in progress | _ | 87,318 | 62,892 | (42,200) | 108,010 |
| Water plant | \$ | 1,090,018 | 59,897 | (42,200) | 1,107,715 |

There was a net increase in water plant in fiscal year 2017 of \$24.1 million comprising an increase of \$62.4 million in gross water plant (including construction in progress) reduced by a net increase in accumulated depreciation of \$38.3 million. The additions to construction in progress during 2017 comprised of the following: construction maintenance \$31.7 million, engineering \$14.4 million, production control \$2.6 million, customer

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

service \$8.6 million, general services \$0.5 million, EFC Storm Mitigation Program \$4.6 million, and transportation/tech/equipment/other \$7.7 million.

There was a net increase in water plant in fiscal year 2016 of \$17.7 million comprising an increase of \$54.7 million in gross water plant (including construction in progress) reduced by a net increase in accumulated depreciation of \$37.0 million. The additions to construction in progress during 2016 comprised of the following: construction maintenance \$32.1 million, engineering \$15.9 million, production control \$2.5 million, customer service \$9.6 million, general services \$0.3 million, and transportation/tech/equipment/other \$2.5 million.

Current Assets

| | | May 31 | | | | |
|--|------|----------|----------------|----------|--|--|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | 2015 | | |
| | | | (In thousands) | | | |
| Increases (decreases): | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 8,981 | 22,965 | (8,067) | | |
| Investments | | (29,580) | 20,487 | (50,100) | | |
| Accounts receivables, net | | 1,863 | 515 | (1,535) | | |
| Accrued water services and fire protection | | | | | | |
| revenues | | (628) | (3,330) | 5,745 | | |
| Interest and other receivables | | (71) | (86) | (38) | | |
| Materials and supplies | | 672 | 547 | (84) | | |
| Prepayments and other current assets | | 470 | (363) | 117 | | |
| Net change in current assets | \$ | (18,293) | 40,735 | (53,962) | | |

Current Assets

The Authority's investment policy complies with the New York State Comptroller's guidelines for investments. The investment policy permits investments in, among others, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. government, any state of the United States or any political subdivision, sponsored entity securities, and repurchase agreements backed by such obligations. Authority investments are generally reported at fair value.

The Authority's investments, including cash and cash equivalents, decreased by \$20.6 million at May 31, 2017 from May 31, 2016. This decrease is primarily attributable to the use of available funds to defease debt, rather than reinvest matured investments.

The Authority's investments, including cash and cash equivalents, increased to \$43.5 million at May 31, 2016 from May 31, 2015. This increase is attributable to funds generated from excess revenues to pay for debt, accrued operating and maintenance costs and water system capital improvements.

Accrued water services and fire protection revenues reflect revenue corresponding to water consumption, which has not been billed as of May 31, 2017 and 2016. Water pumped in April and May 2017 was approximately 9.7 billion gallons, a 0.7 billion gallon decrease from 2016. Water pumped in April and May 2016 was approximately 10.5 billion gallons, a 2.1 billion gallon decrease from 2015.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Materials and supplies at May 31, 2017 are valued at \$10.9 million. The \$0.7 million increase from May 31, 2016 is attributed primarily to the purchase of meters and encoder receiver transmitters in the amount of \$1.1 million to support the acceleration in the rate of installations done internally offset by a \$0.4 million reduction of the value of inventory on hand.

Materials and supplies at May 31, 2016 are valued at \$10.2 million. The \$0.5 million increase from May 31, 2015 is attributed primarily to the purchasing of meters to support the increase in the rate of installations done internally.

An increase in prepayments and other current assets from May 31, 2016 to May 31, 2017 in the amount of \$0.5 million is due to an increase in auto insurance premiums and the implementation of the self insured workers' compensation program.

A decrease in prepayments and other current assets from May 31, 2015 to May 31, 2016 in the amount of \$0.4 million is due to a decrease in workers' compensation insurance premium costs.

Other Noncurrent Assets

Other noncurrent assets decreased by \$2.8 million as of May 31, 2017. This was mainly the result of restricted investments decreasing by \$10.0 million due to planned spending of 2016A, 2016B Bonds, 2015B Bond Anticipation Notes proceeds, a decrease in EFC 2015A Bond Anticipation Note receivable of \$2.3 million and a \$9.8 million increase in costs to be recovered from future revenues.

Other noncurrent assets increased by \$59.2 million as of May 31, 2016. This was mainly the result of restricted investments increasing by \$32.8 million due to unspent 2015A Bond Anticipation Notes proceeds, an increase in Bond Anticipation Note receivable of \$16.5 million and a \$10.1 million increase in costs to be recovered from future revenues.

Liabilities

Current Liabilities

| | May 31 | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|-------|--|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| | | (In thousands) | | |
| Increase (decrease): | | | | |
| Current maturities of bonds payable | \$ (1,405) | (443) | 615 | |
| Current maturities of bond anticipation notes | | | | |
| payable | | (50,000) | | |
| Accounts payable | 2,099 | (275) | 1,069 | |
| Accrued interest | 318 | (125) | 500 | |
| Accrued employee welfare costs | (2,168) | 2,207 | 1,481 | |
| Other accrued liabilities | 1,584 | (774) | (370) | |
| Net change in current liabilities | \$ 428 | (49,410) | 3,295 | |

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Current Liabilities

In fiscal year 2017, \$75.0 million of the 2015B Bond Anticipation Notes, maturing November 1, 2017, were advanced refunded with the proceeds from the issuance of the Authority's Water Revenue Bond, Series 2016A.

In fiscal year 2016, \$50.0 million of the 2013A Bond Anticipation Notes matured and were redeemed with the proceeds from the Authority's Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A.

The \$2.1 million increase and \$0.3 million decrease experienced in accounts payable from 2017 and 2016 is attributable principally to the timing of processing invoices for work performed, completed, and paid for subsequent to May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The increase in accrued interest of \$0.3 million in 2017 from 2016 is attributable to the issuance of long-term debt offset by the refunding and cash defeasance of various Revenue Bonds and the advanced refunding of Bond Anticipation Notes.

The decrease in accrued interest of \$0.1 million in 2016 from 2015 is attributable to the issuance of long-term debt offset by the retirement of certain Bond Anticipation Notes.

Accrued employee welfare costs represent the expected value of all vacation, sick leave, and other payroll-related benefits earned by employees to date. The decrease in accrued employee welfare at May 31, 2017 of \$2.2 million is attributed to the settlement of the collective bargaining agreement and offset of pension expense. The increase of \$2.2 million in May of 2016 is primarily due to accruing for the unsettled collective bargaining agreement.

Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities increased by \$6.1 million at May 31, 2017 as a result of a contribution increase for postemployment benefit other than pension (OPEB) costs of \$18.0 million offset by the net pension liability decrease of \$11.9 million.

Other long-term liabilities increased by \$45.9 million at May 31, 2016 as a result of a contribution increase for postemployment benefit other than pension (OPEB) costs of \$17.1 million, advances for construction for \$1.5 million, and the recognition of the net pension liability of \$27.3 million as a result of the adoption of GASB 68.

GASB No. 45 establishes guidance for the financial reporting of OPEB cost over a period that approximates employees' years of service. Under GASB No. 45, based on an actuarial valuation, an ARC is determined by the Authority. The ARC is the sum of (a) the normal cost for the year (the present value of future benefits being earned by current employees) plus (b) amortization of the unfunded accrued liability (benefits already earned by current and former employees but not yet provided for), using an amortization period of not more than 30 years. To the extent that the Authority contributes an amount less than the ARC, a net incremental OPEB obligation will result, which is required to be recorded as a liability on its financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

GASB No. 45 does not require that the unfunded liability actually be funded, only that the Authority account for the unfunded accrued liability. However, beginning in 2012, in an effort to mitigate possible future rate impacts related to any expected legal legislation, the Authority has established an undedicated reserve for this purpose. As of May 31, 2017 and 2016, the undedicated reserve is \$25.2 million and \$17.0 million, respectively. During the fiscal years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016 the Authority contributed \$8.2 million and \$7.0 million to this reserve, respectively.

The financial statements at May 31, 2017 and 2016 include a liability for postemployment benefits other than pension in the amount of \$144.7 million and \$126.7 million, respectively.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75). GASB 75 addresses accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. GASB 75 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to OPEB in the financial statements. This will be effective for the Authority's fiscal year 2019 financial statements. The Authority is currently assessing the impact of GASB 75.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Long-Term Debt

The Authority's long-term debt (including current maturities, excluding unamortized discounts and deferred amounts) increased in fiscal years 2017 and 2016 by \$66.3 million and \$47.2 million, respectively.

| Environmental Facil | ities C | orporation Reve | enue Bonas | | |
|---|---------|-----------------|----------------|----------|--|
| | | May 31 | | | |
| | _ | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| | | | (In thousands) | | |
| Balance, beginning | \$ | 723,369 | 676,210 | 645,837 | |
| New issues: | | | | | |
| SCWA 2014A | | — | — | 65,000 | |
| SCWA 2014B | | — | — | 50,000 | |
| EFC 2014B Refunding | | | — | 3,948 | |
| SCWA 2015A | | — | 49,105 | _ | |
| SCWA 2015 Refunding | | — | 116,660 | _ | |
| EFC 2015D Refunding | | — | 4,039 | _ | |
| SCWA 2016A | | 84,280 | — | _ | |
| SCWA 2016B | | 40,000 | — | — | |
| SCWA 2016 Refunding | _ | 53,825 | | | |
| | _ | 178,105 | 169,804 | 118,948 | |
| Maturities, retirements, and defeasances: | | | | | |
| SCWA | | (108,295) | (114,925) | (81,095) | |
| EFC | _ | (3,507) | (7,720) | (7,480) | |
| | _ | (111,802) | (122,645) | (88,575) | |
| Net changes in long-term debt | _ | 66,303 | 47,159 | 30,373 | |
| Balance, ending | \$ | 789,672 | 723,369 | 676,210 | |

Water System Revenue and Environmental Facilities Corporation Revenue Bonds

Investment ratings on debt issued by the Authority by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services (S&P) were upgraded from AA+ at May 31, 2016 to AAA at May 31, 2017 and Fitch Ratings (Fitch) of AAA were reaffirmed.

As a result of legislation initiated by New York State and enacted by the U.S. Congress, a Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) was created to provide financial incentive for public and private water systems to finance drinking water infrastructure improvements in the form of subsidized low interest rate loans and grants for qualified projects. The New York State Environment Facilities Corporation (NYS EFC) administers the financial aspects of the DWSRF. The Authority has participated in this program since 1998.

During fiscal year ended May 31, 2017, the Authority did not enter into any NYS EFC bond transactions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

During fiscal year ended May 31, 2016, the NYS EFC issued Series 2015D in the amount of \$4.0 million and along with a portion of debt service reserve funds in the amount of \$0.3 million refinanced \$4.3 million of 2005B Suffolk County Water Authority (EFC Series) Revenue Bonds.

During fiscal year ended May 31, 2015, the NYS EFC issued Series 2014B in the amount of \$3.9 million and along with unspent proceeds and debt service reserve funds in the amount of \$0.3 million refinanced \$4.2 million of 2004A Suffolk County Water Authority (EFC Series) Revenue Bonds.

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017, in November 2016, the Authority cash defeased \$5.0 million of its Water System Revenue Bonds consisting of \$4.5 million of Series 2014A and \$0.5 million of Series 2015 (Refunding). The Authority made a General Fund equity contribution to the 2016 second cash defeasance escrow account for \$5.4 million.

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017, in October 2016, the Authority cash defeased \$45.5 million of its Water System Revenue Bonds consisting of \$0.7 million of Series 2007A, \$4.5 million of Series 2009A, \$3.9 million of Series 2009 (Refunding), \$19.0 million of Series 2012 (Refunding), \$15.5 million of Series 2014A and \$1.9 million of Series 2015 (Refunding). The Authority made a General Fund equity contribution to the 2016 cash defeasance escrow account for \$51.0 million along with debt service and reserve funds on hand in the amount of \$1.6 million.

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017, the Authority issued \$178.1 million in Water System Senior Lien Revenue bonds consisting of \$84.3 million Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A; \$40.0 million Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016B; and \$53.8 million Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 (Refunding). The Series 2016A bonds were issued for the purpose of retiring \$75.0 million of the Authority's outstanding Bond Anticipation Notes, 2015B, and to fund a deposit to the 2016A reserve account and to pay cost of issuance. The Series 2016B Bonds were issued to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of improvements and additions to the Water System and to fund a deposit to the reserve account and pay costs of issuance for Series 2016B. The Series 2016 (Refunding) were issued to advance refund all of the Authority's outstanding \$49.0 million 2009A Bonds and \$6.6 million 2009 Bonds (Refunding) and to fund a deposit to the reserve account and pay costs of issuance.

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016, the Authority issued \$165.8 million in Water System Revenue Bonds consisting of \$49.1 million Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A and \$116.7 million Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 (Refunding). The Series 2015A bonds were issued for the purpose of retiring \$50.0 million of the Authority's outstanding Bond Anticipation Notes, 2013A. The Series 2015 Refunding were issued to refund all of the Authority's 2006A Bonds and a portion of its 2007A Bonds and to fund a deposit to the reserve account and pay costs of issuance.

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2015, the Authority issued \$115.0 million in Water System Revenue Bonds consisting of \$65.0 million Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A and \$50.0 million Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014B. The Series 2014A Bonds were issued to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of improvements and additions to the Water System and to fund a deposit to the reserve account and pay costs of issuance for Series 2014A. The 2014B Series were issued for the purpose of retiring \$50.0 million of the Authority's outstanding Bond Anticipation Notes, 2013B.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Short-Term Debt

The Authority, from time to time, issues Bond Anticipation Notes to finance improvements and additions to the water system.

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017, the Authority received \$2.3 million in advances against its EFC Bond Anticipation Note, 2015A for eligible projects related to main extensions under the Storm Mitigation Loan Program.

In July 2015, as part of the participation in the Storm Mitigation Loan Program through the NYS EFC, the Authority closed on its EFC Bond Anticipation Note, 2015A in the amount of \$16.5 million. The eligible projects are related to main extensions and generators and as of May 31, 2016, no advances have been made.

In November 2015, the Authority issued \$75.0 million in Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2015B of which the proceeds were deposited in a construction fund to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of improvements and additions to the Water System.

In November 2016, the Authority advance refunded \$75.0 million its Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2015B with the issuance of \$84.3 million Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows related to bond refunding increased to \$0.9 million at May 31, 2017 from May 31, 2016. The increase is due to the refunding of Suffolk County Water Authority Water System Revenue Bond Series 2009A and 2009 (Refunding) and the refunding of Suffolk County Water Authority Bond Anticipation Notes, 2015B of \$3.5 million offset by \$2.6 million annual amortization of the deferred loss on refunding.

Deferred outflows related to bond refunding increased to \$8.9 million at May 31, 2016 from May 31, 2015. The increase is due to the refunding of Suffolk County Water Authority Water System Revenue Bond Series 2006 and 2007A of \$10.1 million offset by \$1.2 million annual amortization of the deferred loss on refunding.

In 2017, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions decreased \$13.7 million and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions decreased \$0.8 million as a result of the recognition of the net pension liability adjustments in accordance with GASB 68.

In 2016, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions increased \$23.7 million and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions increased \$4.0 million as a result of the adoption of GASB 68.

Net Position – Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets represents the Authority's total investment in capital assets net of related long-term debt. The increase of \$26.3 million from May 31, 2016 is the result of an increase in water plant expenditures, a decrease in funds available for construction offset by the net decrease in debt balances.

The decrease of \$46.3 million from May 31, 2015 balance is the result of an increase in water plant expenditures and funds available for construction offset by the net increase in debt balances

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Net Position – Restricted for Debt Service

Net position restricted for debt service includes monies held in the reserve accounts by the bond trustee as established by bond resolution for the purpose of security as it pertains to the respective bond issue. Restricted for debt service also represents the proportional amount of principal and interest as prescribed by bond resolution due bondholders on the next prescribed payment date.

The increase of \$4.8 million at May 31, 2017, is the result of the issuance of the Authority's Water System Revenue Bonds Series 2016A and 2016B, Water System Revenue Bonds Series 2016 Refunding offset by the release of reserve funds from the refunding of the Authority's Series 2009 Refunding, 2009A, and the release of reserve funds for the defeasance of Revenue Bond Series 2014A and 2007A.

The increase of \$2.9 million at May 31, 2016 is the result of the issuance of the Authority's Water System Revenue Bonds Series 2015A, Water System Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Refunding offset by the release of reserve funds from the refinancing of EFC Series 2005B, and the release of reserve funds for the defeasance of Revenue Bond Series 2006 and 2007A.

Net Position – Unrestricted

In 2017, net position – unrestricted decreased \$32.0 million from the restated balance of May 31, 2016 as a result of operations, net of those changes that impact investments in capital assets and net position restricted for debt service.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the customers, clients, and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the resources at its disposal. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Public Information Officer, Suffolk County Water Authority, 4060 Sunrise Highway, Oakdale, New York 11769.

Statements of Net Position

May 31, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

| Assets | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 141,482 | 132,501 |
| Investments Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,689 and \$1,437, respectively | | 30,458 16,289 | 60,038 14,426 |
| Accrued water services and fire protection revenues | | 17,813 | 18,441 |
| Interest and other receivables | | 97 | 168 |
| Materials and supplies, at average cost | | 10,903 | 10,231 |
| Prepayments and other current assets | | 2,103 | 1,633 |
| Total current assets | | 219,145 | 237,438 |
| Restricted investments | | 151,094 | 161,044 |
| Bond anticipation note receivable | | 14,207 | 16,538 |
| Goodwill | | 2,576 | 2,727 |
| Costs to be recovered from future revenues Other assets | | 119,546 | 109,744 |
| Capital assets, net | | 1,332 1,131,798 | 1,483 1,107,715 |
| Total noncurrent assets | | 1,420,553 | 1,399,251 |
| Total assets | \$ | 1,639,698 | 1,636,689 |
| | Ψ | 1,039,090 | 1,030,089 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources: Pension related | \$ | 0.027 | 22 652 |
| Deferred amounts due to bond refunding | Ф | 9,937 19,259 | 23,653 18,346 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 29,196 | 41,999 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Current maturities of bonds payable | \$ | 4,212 | 5,617 |
| Accounts payable | | 9,667 | 7,568 |
| Accrued interest | | 15,695 | 15,377 |
| Accrued employee welfare costs Other accrued liabilities | | 8,778 13,839 | 10,946 12,255 |
| Total current liabilities | | 52,191 | 51,763 |
| | | | |
| Bond anticipation notes payable Bonds payable, less current portion and unamortized discounts | | 16,539 816,945 | 91,539 756,539 |
| Net pension liability | | 15,516 | 27,345 |
| Postemployment benefits other than pension | | 144,746 | 126,744 |
| Advances for construction | | 4,890 | 4,919 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 1,050,827 | 1,058,849 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | |
| Pension related | \$ | 3,253 | 4,054 |
| Deferred amounts due to bond refunding | _ | 18 | 28 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | \$ | 3,271 | 4,082 |
| Net Position | | | |
| Net position: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 371,607 | 345,323 |
| Restricted for debt service | | 92,848 | 88,088 |
| Unrestricted | | 150,341 | 182,346 |
| Total net position | \$ | 614,796 | 615,757 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|---------------|----------|
| Operating revenues: | | |
| Water service | \$ 164,425 | 155,479 |
| Other | 19,691 | 20,042 |
| Total operating revenues | 184,116 | 175,521 |
| Operating expenses: | | |
| Operations | 98,411 | 94,074 |
| Maintenance | 29,820 | 27,718 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 46,131 | 45,346 |
| Total operating expenses | 174,362 | 167,138 |
| Operating income | 9,754 | 8,383 |
| Nonoperating revenues and expenses: | | |
| Interest and other bond expense, net | (27,408) | (26,267) |
| Amortization of deferred amounts on refinancing | (4,001) | (1,153) |
| Income from investments | 1,359 | 1,279 |
| Costs to be recovered from future revenues | 9,802 | 10,079 |
| Capital reimbursement fees | 9,533 | 9,394 |
| Total nonoperating revenues and expenses, net | (10,715) | (6,668) |
| Change in net position | (961) | 1,715 |
| Net position: | | |
| Beginning of year | 615,757 | 614,042 |
| End of year | \$ 614,796 | 615,757 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|------------|---|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities: Cash receipts from customers Other operating cash receipts Cash payments to employees for services and benefits Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services | \$ | 163,341 21,275 (73,162) (37,192) | 158,458 20,628 (67,606) (34,468) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | 74,262 | 77,012 |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Additions to water plant Proceeds from issuance of notes payable Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Repayment of bond anticipation notes payable Repayment of current maturities of bonds payable Cost of issuance Debt defeasance Interest paid Proceeds from advances for construction, net of refunds | | (70,069) 2,331 183,982 (75,000) (5,617) (1,729) (121,112) (28,528) 9,504 | (61,306) 81,252 181,732 (50,000) (6,060) (1,479) (128,683) (28,445) 10,918 |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | | (106,238) | (2,071) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of investments Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Interest received | | (368,369) 407,927 1,399 | (235,443) 182,143 1,324 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | | 40,957 | (51,976) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 8,981 | 22,965 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 132,501 | 109,536 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ | 141,482 | 132,501 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Depreciation and amortization expense Decrease (increase) in operating assets: Accounts receivable Accrued water services and fire protection revenues Materials and supplies and prepayments Other assets Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued employee welfare costs Postemployment benefits other than pension Other accrued liabilities Net pension liability, net of deferred amounts Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 9,754 46,131 (1,863) 628 (1,142) 151 2,099 (2,168) 18,002 1,584 1,086 74,262 | 8,383 45,346 (515) 3,330 (184) 164 (1,861) 2,207 17,079 699 2,364 77,012 |
| Noncash investing activities: | ¥ <u>—</u> | 17,202 | 11,012 |
| Change in the fair value of investments | \$ | 31 | 41 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Suffolk County Water Authority (the Authority) is a public benefit corporation created by resolution of the Suffolk County Board of Supervisors in 1937, with a twofold purpose. The first was to acquire, construct, maintain, and operate a public water supply for Suffolk County. The second was to develop a single, integrated public water supply and distribution system to serve all of Suffolk County. The accounts of the Authority are maintained generally in accordance with the *Uniform System of Accounts* prescribed by the New York State Public Service Commission (PSC), although the Authority is not subject to PSC rules and regulations. The rates established by the Authority do not require PSC or Suffolk County legislative approval.

(a) Basis of Presentation

In its accounting and financial reporting, the Authority follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In accordance with GASB standards, the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. As required by GASB standards, the transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

(b) Reclassifications

To achieve conformity and comparability, the Authority has reclassified certain amounts in prior year financial statements where applicable.

(c) Water Plant (Capital Assets)

Water plant is recorded at historical cost. The capitalized cost of additions to water plant includes charges for ancillary construction costs such as construction period interest, engineering, supervision, payroll taxes, and pension benefits. The original cost of property replaced, retired, or otherwise disposed of in ordinary retirements is deducted from plant accounts and together with costs to remove, less any salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation. The costs of repairs, minor betterments, and renewals are charged to maintenance expense as incurred.

(d) Depreciation

The provisions for depreciation for water plant result from the application of straight-line rates by groups of depreciable properties in service. The rates are determined by age-life studies performed on depreciable properties. The most recent rate study, done in November 2003, established the composite depreciation rate of 2.84%. The Authority reviews the composition of its fixed assets annually in order to determine the appropriateness of this depreciation rate. The Authority determined that the depreciation rate of 2.84% remained appropriate at May 31, 2017 and 2016.

(e) Capitalized Interest

The Authority capitalizes interest on constructed assets during the period of construction. Interest cost capitalized during the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016 was approximately \$1.3 million and \$1.5 million, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

(f) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Funds held by the Authority are administered in accordance with the Authority's investment guidelines pursuant to Section 2925 of the New York State Public Authorities Law. These guidelines comply with the New York State Comptroller's investment guidelines for public authorities. Certain investments and cash and cash equivalents have been designated by the Authority's board of trustees to be used for specific purposes, including rate stabilization, debt service, and capital expenditures.

Investments with original maturities of 90 days or less are considered cash equivalents.

All investments with original maturities of longer than 90 days are reported as investments and are carried at fair value, except for investment agreements and certificates of deposit. Investment agreements, which can take the form of open time deposits or fixed repurchase agreements, are reported at an amount equal to principal and accrued interest. Certificates of deposit are valued at cost, which approximates fair value.

(g) Investments Held for Debt Service

In accordance with the 1988 General Bond Resolution, as amended (the Resolution), the Authority maintains a debt service reserve. This reserve is held by a fiscal agent.

Investments held for debt service reserve and bond funds are used solely for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on the bonds, and for retiring the bonds prior to maturity and are reported as restricted investments in the accompanying statements of net position. Amounts in the debt service and bond funds are invested in U.S. Treasury notes and U.S. government-sponsored entity securities.

(h) Investments Held for Construction

In accordance with the Resolution, investments held for construction in the construction fund are for the costs of acquiring, constructing, and replacing the water system and are reported as restricted investments in the accompanying statements of net position.

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill was derived from the Authority's acquisition of various private water purveyors where the purchase price paid exceeded the net position acquired. The Authority amortizes goodwill over a 40-year period.

(j) Advances for Construction and Capital Reimbursement Fees

Under current standard construction contracts with residential real estate developers and others, the developer advances to the Authority the cost of new main installations based on a flat cost per foot. Upon completion of construction, the moneys are recognized as capital reimbursement fees in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

There exist certain construction contracts with residential real estate developers and others, whereby the developer advances to the Authority the cost of new main installations based on actual costs. Upon completion of construction, the developer is either billed (not to exceed 10% of original estimate) or refunded the difference between the advance and actual cost. The moneys paid by the developer are

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

recognized as capital reimbursement fees in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position when the construction is completed.

Capital reimbursement fees also include service, tapping, and other fees.

(k) Managed Water Districts

The Towns of Islip, Babylon, Brookhaven, and Southampton (collectively the Towns), on behalf of the Brentwood, East Farmingdale, Stony Brook, and Riverside Water Districts, respectively, have entered into 40-year lease agreements with the Authority, whereby the Authority agrees to operate, construct, maintain, and repair, at its own expense, the entire operating plant in exchange for an agreed upon fee. The Towns, on behalf of the respective districts, agree to lease all of the rights, title, and interest to the entire operations, plant, hydrants, and distribution system, real property, of the districts, and all extensions thereto. These leases expire between 2040 and 2050.

(I) Water District Contracts

The Authority has entered into a number of contracts with various municipalities throughout Suffolk County for the purpose of installing water mains within the related municipality's created water district. Under the terms of these contracts, the municipality agrees to pay for the installation of the water main, plus interest over a 38-year period. The Authority agrees to provide a credit against the annual payment due equal to a percentage of the water revenues collected from customers within the designated water improvement area. The amount of the credit cannot exceed the gross payments due.

As of May 31, 2017, the Authority had 10 active contracts where the credit did not equal the gross amount due. Annual gross payments for these contracts range from \$1,800 to \$377,000 with final maturity dates between fiscal years 2017 and 2030. The cumulative gross payments due for all of these water district contracts through their respective maturity dates at May 31, 2017 and 2016 amount to approximately \$6.5 million and \$7.7 million, respectively. The Authority has determined that it has the right to offset the asset and liability created from these contracts and therefore, these amounts are not reflected on the statements of net position as of May 31, 2017 and 2016.

The cost of these installations has been paid for and capitalized through the Authority's capital budget.

(m) Net Position

The Authority's net position represents the excess of assets over liabilities and is categorized as follows:

Net investment in capital assets are the amounts expended by the Authority for the acquisition of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and related debt.

Restricted net position is the net position that has been restricted as to use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position, which can be further categorized as designated or undesignated. Designated assets are not governed by statute or contract but are committed for specific purposes pursuant to the Authority's policy and/or board directives. Designated assets include funds and assets committed to working capital. The Authority's designated assets include fixed assets – net and unspent bond proceeds used for the cost and acquisition of the water system.

(n) Bond Discounts and Premiums

Discounts and premiums are amortized over the life of the related bond issues. Deferred bond refunding costs are amortized to expense over the shorter of the life of the refunding bonds or the refunded bonds and are reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the accompanying statements of net position.

(o) Accrued Employee Welfare Costs

The Authority permits employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused leave benefits, which will be paid to employees upon separation from service. Unpaid compensated absences are recorded as a liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*. As of May 31, 2017 and 2016, the amounts of accrued employee welfare costs are \$8.8 million and \$10.9 million, respectively.

(p) Net Pension Liability and Related Pension Amounts

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (the System), and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the statutes governing the System. Investments of the System are reported at fair value.

(q) Revenues

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items in the preparation of its financial statements. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Authority's principal ongoing operations. Water service revenues are recognized based on actual customer water usage, including estimates for unbilled periods. Other operating revenues are recognized when service has been rendered and collection is reasonably assured. The Authority's operating expenses include operations and maintenance expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(r) Costs to be Recovered from Future Revenues

The Authority's cost recovery rate model used to establish rates, fees, and charges includes an amount for postemployment benefits other than pensions that are expected to be paid out during the fiscal year, but not for the amount of the annual required contribution (ARC) as calculated under GASB Statement No. 45 (GASB No. 45), *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the Pre-November 30, 1989*

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, the Authority has deferred the excess of current ARC over the amount paid, beginning in fiscal year 2010. The deferred costs will be recovered through future revenues in accordance with the Authority's rate model. The deferred amount as of and for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$119.5 million and \$109.7 million, respectively.

(s) Use of Resources

Pursuant to the Resolution, revenues received are used as follows: (1) payment of operations and maintenance expenses, (2) payment of debt service, and (3) any lawful purpose of the Authority, including use by the construction fund. The payment of capital expenditures is generally done with restricted bond proceeds, other restricted resources, and by funds previously transferred to the general fund.

(t) Income Taxes

As a public benefit corporation of the State of New York, the Authority is exempt from federal, state, and local income taxes.

(u) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the useful lives of capital assets, the valuation of accounts receivable, inventory, financial instruments other than cash, accrued water services and fire protection revenues, accrued employee welfare costs, workers' compensation and postemployment benefits, pension benefits, and other uncertainties and other contingencies.

(v) Workers' Compensation

The Authority self-insured its workers' compensation coverage in accordance with New York statutory regulations effective April 1, 2016. Excess insurance was purchased to cover any liability that exceeds \$650,000 per claim. Effective April 1, 2017, the retention per claim was increased to \$750,000. A national third party claims administrator (TPA) was retained to administer claims.

(w) Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the financial statement measurement date. The fair value hierarchy categories the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liability in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date
- Level 2 quoted prices other than those included within Level 1 and other inputs that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 unobservable inputs for an asset or liability

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3. When the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level that is significant to the entire measurement.

(x) New Accounting Standards Adopted

In 2017, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* (GASB 72). The statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements of assets and liabilities. GASB 72 identifies various approaches to measuring fair value and levels of inputs based on the objectivity of the data used to measure fair value. It provides additional fair value application guidance and requires enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements. The implementation of GASB 72 only impacted the notes to the financial statements.

In 2016, the Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB 68). GASB 68 addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions also are addressed. For defined benefit pensions, this statement also identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. The Authority is a participating employer in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (the System), cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the New York State. In accordance with the provisions of GASB 68, the Authority has reported its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense. As a result of the implementation of GASB 68, beginning unrestricted net position as of June 1, 2015, was decreased by \$5,382.

In 2016, the Authority also adopted GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68* (GASB 71). GASB 71 amends paragraph 137 of GASB 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. There were no contributions by the Authority to the plan subsequent to the measurement date.

In 2016, the Authority also adopted GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73* (GASB 82). GASB 82 addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. Specifically, GASB 82 addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an actuarial standard of practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

The provisions of GASB 68, 71, and 82 have been applied to the beginning of the 2016 fiscal year net position. The following is a reconciliation of the total net position as of May 31, 2015 as previously reported and the restated June 1, 2015 net position:

| Total net position as previously reported as of May 31, 2015 | \$ 619,424 |
|--|---------------|
| Restatement to beginning year of net position | 5,382 |
| Total net position as of June 1, 2015 | \$ 614,042 |

(y) Accounting Pronouncements Applicable to the Authority, Issued but Not Yet Effective

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75). The statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. GASB 75 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to OPEB in the financial statements, in addition to requiring more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information. GASB 75 will be effective for the Authority for the fiscal year ending May 31, 2019. The Authority is currently assessing the impact of GASB 75 on its financial statements.

(2) Capital Assets, Net

| | May 31, 2016 | Additions/ reclassifications | Deletions/ reclassifications | May 31, 2017 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| _ | | (In thou | ısands) | |
| Land and land rights \$ | 27,510 | _ | _ | 27,510 |
| Distribution systems | 960,060 | 21,961 | (1,645) | 980,376 |
| Wells, reservoirs, and structures | 309,409 | 1,510 | (10) | 310,909 |
| Pumping and purification equipment | 149,694 | 2,795 | (14) | 152,475 |
| Meters | 82,817 | 8,377 | (5,843) | 85,351 |
| Compressors/backhoes | 4,495 | — | — | 4,495 |
| Computer equipment | 24,794 | 1,696 | — | 26,490 |
| Equipment | 30,343 | 1,008 | — | 31,351 |
| Hydrants | 46,166 | 694 | (199) | 46,661 |
| Water plant in service | 1,635,288 | 38,041 | (7,711) | 1,665,618 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (635,583) | (45,986) | 7,711 | (673,858) |
| Net water plant in | | | | |
| service | 999,705 | (7,945) | _ | 991,760 |
| Construction in progress | 108,010 | 70,069 | (38,041) | 140,038 |
| Water plant \$ | 1,107,715 | 62,124 | (38,041) | 1,131,798 |

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

In 2017, the additions to construction in progress comprise mainly of the following: construction maintenance \$31.7 million, engineering \$14.4 million, production control \$2.6 million, customer service \$8.6 million, General Services \$0.5 million, EFC Storm Mitigation Program \$4.6 million, and transportation/tech/equipment/other \$7.7 million.

| | May 31, 2015 | Additions/ reclassifications | Deletions/ reclassifications | May 31, 2016 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| - | | (In thou | isands) | |
| Land and land rights \$ | 25,778 | 1,732 | _ | 27,510 |
| Distribution systems | 944,795 | 16,311 | (1,046) | 960,060 |
| Wells, reservoirs, and structures | 301,631 | 7,976 | (198) | 309,409 |
| Pumping and purification equipment | 146,254 | 3,586 | (146) | 149,694 |
| Meters | 79,623 | 9,765 | (6,571) | 82,817 |
| Compressors/backhoes | 4,495 | — | — | 4,495 |
| Computer equipment | 23,850 | 944 | — | 24,794 |
| Equipment | 29,548 | 808 | (13) | 30,343 |
| Hydrants | 45,319 | 1,078 | (231) | 46,166 |
| Water plant in service | 1,601,293 | 42,200 | (8,205) | 1,635,288 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (598,593) | (45,195) | 8,205 | (635,583) |
| Net water plant in | | | | |
| service | 1,002,700 | (2,995) | — | 999,705 |
| Construction in progress | 87,318 | 62,892 | (42,200) | 108,010 |
| Water plant \$ _ | 1,090,018 | 59,897 | (42,200) | 1,107,715 |

The additions to construction in progress during 2016 mainly comprised the following: construction maintenance \$32.1 million, engineering \$15.9 million, production control \$2.5 million, customer service \$9.6 million, general services \$0.3 million, and transportation/tech/equipment/other \$2.5 million.

Depreciation expense amounted to approximately \$46.1 million and \$45.3 million for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash consists of deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized deposits that have carrying values of approximately \$141.5 million and \$132.5 million and bank balances of approximately \$143.1 million and \$134.4 million at May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Collateral for deposits is held by a third-party bank in the name of the Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

(b) Investments

Investments, including restricted investments, at May 31, 2017 and 2016, consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

| | | May 31 | ,2017 | |
|----------------------------|------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| | | In | vestment maturitie | s |
| | | | (in years) | |
| | | Less | | Greater |
| | Fair value | than 1 | 1 to 5 | than 5 |
| U.S. Treasury notes (1) \$ | 3,311 | 747 | 1,302 | 1,262 |
| U.S. Treasury bonds (1) | 976 | — | 129 | 847 |
| FNMA notes (1) | 1,989 | | 1,989 | |
| FHLB notes (1) | 71,058 | 45,738 | 25,320 | _ |
| FHLMC notes (1) | 37,938 | 2,999 | 34,939 | _ |
| FFCB notes (1) | 7,491 | 7,491 | _ | _ |
| NYS municipal bonds | 501 | _ | _ | 501 |
| Money market | 58,246 | 58,246 | _ | _ |
| Guaranteed investment | | | | |
| contracts (1) | 42 | 42 | | |
| Total investments \$ | 181,552 | 115,263 | 63,679 | 2,610 |

(1) Includes approximately \$92.8 million of investments, including cash held by a fiscal agent in the Authority's name at May 31, 2017

| | | May 31, | 2016 | |
|----------------------------|------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| - | | Inve | estment maturities | 6 |
| | | | (in years) | |
| | | Less | . | Greater |
| - | Fair value | than 1 | 1 to 5 | than 5 |
| U.S. Treasury notes (1) \$ | 2,555 | 1,002 | 1,553 | _ |
| U.S. Treasury bonds (1) | 3,783 | — | 1,674 | 2,109 |
| FNMA notes (1) | 42,524 | — | 42,524 | _ |
| FHLB notes (1) | 50,246 | 17,555 | 32,691 | — |
| FHLMC notes (1) | 23,642 | — | 23,642 | — |
| FFCB notes (1) | 24,784 | — | 24,784 | — |
| NYS municipal bonds | 510 | — | _ | 510 |
| Money market | 72,956 | 72,956 | _ | _ |
| Guaranteed investment | | | | |
| contracts (1) | 82 | 82 | | |
| Total investments \$ | 221,082 | 91,595 | 126,868 | 2,619 |

(1) Includes approximately \$88.1 million of investments, including cash held by a fiscal agent in the Authority's name at May 31, 2016

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------|
| Investment breakdown: | | |
| Restricted for: | | |
| Debt service | \$ 92,848 | 88,088 |
| Construction | 58,246 | 72,956 |
| Unrestricted | 30,458 | 60,038 |
| Total investments | \$ 181,552 | 221,082 |

Accrued interest on investments other than investment agreements is included in interest and other receivables on the statements of net position. Investments bear interest at rates that range from 0.01% to 2.98%.

The Authority's investment policy states that securities underlying repurchase agreements must have a market value at least equal to the cost of the investment. All investments are either insured or registered and held by the Authority or its agent in the Authority's name.

Money markets, U.S. Treasury notes and bonds are considered Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. All other investments are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy due to the fair value being determined through matrix pricing or quoted prices for identical securities in markets not considered active.

Interest Rate Risk: The Authority's investment policy does not include limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk: It is part of the Authority's investment policy to safeguard the principal of its investments while obtaining the highest interest rate possible that is consistent with this and other components of its policy. Toward that end, permitted investments include but are not limited to federally backed securities or obligations of any state of the United States of America or any political subdivision rated by at least two nationally recognized bond-rating agencies. As of May 31, 2017, the Authority's investments in Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes, and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation were rated AAA by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and Fitch Ratings.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Authority places no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Authority's investments are in Federal Home Loan Bank (\$71.1 million or 39.1% of investments), Federal Farm Credit Bank (\$7.5 million or 4.1% of investments), Federal National Mortgage Association (\$1.9 million or 1.1% of investments), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (\$37.9 million or 20.9% of investments) at May 31, 2017. More than 5% of the Authority's investments are in Federal Home Loan Bank (\$50.2 million or 22.7% of investments), Federal Farm Credit Bank (\$24.8 million or 11.2% of investments), Federal National Mortgage Association (\$42.5 million or 19.2% of investments), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (\$23.6 million or 10.7% of investments) at May 31, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

(4) Bonds Payable

Outstanding bonds are summarized as follows:

| Series | Interest rate(s) | Final maturity date | | May 31, 2016 | lssued | Matured/ refunded | May 31, 2017 | Due within one year |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|----|-----------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | | (In thousands) | | |
| Water System Revenue Bonds: | | | | | | | | |
| 2007 A Senior Lien | 4.00 | 2032 | \$ | 1,380 | _ | (1,380) | _ | _ |
| 2009 Senior Lien | 2.50-5.00 | 2022 | | 10,595 | _ | (10,595) | _ | _ |
| 2009 A Senior Lien | 4.00-5.00 | 2035 | | 54,980 | _ | (54,980) | _ | _ |
| 2009 B Senior Lien | 5.50 | 2035 | | 100,000 | _ | _ | 100,000 | _ |
| 2011 Senior Lien | 4.75-5.00 | 2040 | | 24,930 | _ | _ | 24,930 | _ |
| 2012 Senior Lien | 3.00-5.00 | 2026 | | 83,635 | _ | (18,995) | 64,640 | _ |
| 2012 A Senior Lien | 3.00-3.75 | 2038 | | 80,000 | — | _ | 80,000 | — |
| 2013 Senior Lien | 3.00-4.00 | 2029 | | 62,380 | — | — | 62,380 | — |
| 2014 A Senior Lien | 3.13-5.00 | 2040 | | 65,000 | — | (19,935) | 45,065 | — |
| 2014 B Senior Lien | 3.50-5.25 | 2040 | | 50,000 | — | — | 50,000 | — |
| 2015 Senior Lien | 3.00-5.00 | 2032 | | 116,660 | — | (2,410) | 114,250 | 250 |
| 2015 A Senior Lien | 4.00-5.25 | 2040 | | 49,105 | _ | _ | 49,105 | _ |
| 2016 A Senior Lien | 3.00-5.00 | 2042 | | _ | 84,280 | _ | 84,280 | _ |
| 2016 B Senior Lien | 3.25 | 2042 | | _ | 40,000 | _ | 40,000 | _ |
| 2016 Senior Lien | 3.00-5.00 | 2035 | | _ | 53,825 | _ | 53,825 | 370 |
| Environmental Facilities Corporation | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Bonds: | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 C | 2.974 | 2019 | | 1,245 | — | (310) | 935 | 320 |
| 2011 A | 2.974-3.990 | 2021 | | 3,589 | — | (829) | 2,760 | 849 |
| 2011 C | 2.075-3.570 | 2022 | | 6,718 | _ | (925) | 5,793 | 965 |
| 2012 B | 4.712-5.000 | 2022 | | 3,022 | _ | (425) | 2,597 | 432 |
| 2013 B | 3.920-4.500 | 2023 | | 3,083 | _ | (368) | 2,715 | 371 |
| 2014 B | 4.493-4.960 | 2024 | | 3,318 | _ | (325) | 2,993 | 325 |
| 2015 D | 3.705-4.020 | 2025 | _ | 3,729 | | (325) | 3,404 | 330 |
| Total bonds outstanding | | | | 723,369 | 178,105 | (111,802) | 789,672 | \$ 4,212 |
| | | | | | | Amortization/ | | |
| | | | | | Additions | payments | | |
| Unamortized premium (discount), net | | | | 38,787 | 5,876 | (13,178) | 31,485 | |
| Current maturities payable | | | _ | (5,617) | (4,212) | 5,617 | (4,212) | |
| | | | \$ | 756,539 | 179,769 | (119,363) | 816,945 | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

| Water System Revenue Bonds: 1994 Subordinate Lien 6.00 2015 695 2006 A Senior Lien 3.59–4.95 2031 70,000 2007 A Senior Lien 4.00 2032 44.195 | _ _ _ _ | (695) (70,000) (42,815) | _ | _ |
|--|------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-------|
| 1994 Subordinate Lien 6.00 2015 \$ 695 2006 A Senior Lien 3.59–4.95 2031 70,000 | | (70,000) (42,815) | _ | _ |
| | | (70,000) (42,815) | — | |
| 2007 A Serier Line 4.00 2022 44.405 | | | | _ |
| 2007 A DEHIOL LIEH 4.00 2002 44,190 | _ | | 1,380 | 660 |
| 2009 Senior Lien 2.50–5.00 2022 10,615 | _ | (20) | 10,595 | 20 |
| 2009 A Senior Lien 4.00–5.00 2035 56,375 | | (1,395) | 54,980 | 1,430 |
| 2009 B Senior Lien 5.50 2035 100,000 | _ | _ | 100,000 | · — |
| 2011 Senior Lien 4.75–5.00 2040 24,930 | _ | _ | 24,930 | _ |
| 2012 Senior Lien 3.00–5.00 2026 83,635 | _ | _ | 83,635 | _ |
| 2012 A Senior Lien 3.00–3.75 2038 80,000 | _ | _ | 80,000 | _ |
| 2013 Senior Lien 3.00–4.00 2029 62,380 | _ | _ | 62,380 | _ |
| 2014 A Senior Lien 3.13–5.00 2040 65,000 | _ | _ | 65,000 | _ |
| 2014 B Senior Lien 3.50–5.25 2040 50,000 | _ | _ | 50,000 | _ |
| 2015 Senior Lien 3.00–5.00 2032 — | 116,660 | _ | 116,660 | _ |
| 2015 A Senior Lien 4.00–5.25 2040 — | 49,105 | _ | 49,105 | _ |
| Environmental Facilities Corporation | | | | |
| Revenue Bonds: | | | | |
| 2005 B 3.47–4.02 2026 4,340 | _ | (4,340) | _ | _ |
| 2010 C 2.71–3.16 2019 1,545 | _ | (300) | 1,245 | 310 |
| 2011 A 2.62–3.99 2021 4,382 | _ | (793) | 3,589 | 829 |
| 2011 C 1.72–3.57 2022 7,617 | _ | (899) | 6,718 | 925 |
| 2012 B 4.62–5.00 2022 3,420 | _ | (398) | 3,022 | 425 |
| 2013 B 3.82-4.50 2023 3,438 | _ | (355) | 3,083 | 368 |
| 2014 B 4.36–4.96 2024 3,643 | _ | (325) | 3,318 | 325 |
| 2015 D 3.64–4.02 2025 <u> </u> | 4,039 | (310) | 3,729 | 325 |
| Total bonds outstanding 676,210 | 169,804 | (122,645) | 723,369 \$ | 5,617 |
| | | Amortization/ | | |
| | Additions | payments | | |
| Unamortized premium (discount), net 24,680 | 18,181 | (4,074) | 38,787 | |
| Current maturities payable (6,060) | (5,617) | 6,060 | (5,617) | |
| \$ 694,830 | 182,368 | (120,659) | 756,539 | |

In accordance with bond covenants, the Authority is required to guarantee the payment of principal and interest by establishing a reserve fund for each bond issue and funding the reserve account with a portion of the proceeds from the respective bond issue or from the Authority's unrestricted funds.

In satisfaction of the reserve account requirements of each Water System Revenue Bond Issue, the Authority may provide a letter of credit, surety agreement, insurance agreement, or other type of agreement with any entity whose obligations are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services or Moody's Investors Service. If, at any time, the rating issued by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services or Moody's Investors Service falls below such two highest ratings, then within 12 months thereafter, the Authority shall use its best efforts to either, at its option, replace such a credit agreement with an entity whose obligations are rated with such two highest ratings or deposit into the reserve account sufficient moneys in accordance with the respective bond resolution to replace such credit agreement.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

For the fiscal years 2017 and 2016, the Authority, at its own discretion, has elected to fund the reserve accounts in the amount of \$76.6 million and \$69.5 million from bond proceeds, respectively, and \$1.6 million from unrestricted funds in 2016.

(a) Water System Revenue Bonds

The Water System Revenue Bonds are issued to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of improvements and additions to the water system. The Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds are payable solely from net revenues of the Authority's water system. The Water System Subordinate Revenue Bonds are payable solely from net revenues available after payment of debt service on Senior Lien Revenue Bonds issued by the Authority.

During fiscal years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, the Authority entered into the following bond transactions:

In October 2016, the Authority implemented a cash defeasance of \$45.5 million Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds consisting of \$0.7 million of Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bond Series 2007A, \$4.5 million of Series 2009A, \$3.9 million of 2009 (Refunding Bonds), \$19.0 million of 2012 (Refunding Bonds), \$15.5 million of 2014A, and \$1.9 million of 2015 (Refunding Bonds), utilizing a total of \$51.0 million in General Fund money in addition to debt service and reserve funds on hand totaling \$1.6 million. The bonds defeased had maturity dates ranging from June 1, 2017 through June 1, 2022 and interest rates ranging from 2.75% to 5.00%.

In November 2016, the Authority implemented a second cash defeasance of \$5.0 million Senior Lien Revenue Bonds consisting of \$4.5 million of Series 2014A and \$0.5 million of Series 2015 (Refunding Bonds) utilizing a total of \$5.4 million in General Fund monies. The bonds had a maturity date of June 1, 2018 and an interest rate of 5.00%.

In November 2016, the Authority issued \$178.1 million Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds, consisting of \$84.3 million of Series 2016A, \$40.0 million of 2016B and \$53.8 million of Series 2016 (Refunding Bonds).

The Series 2016A Bonds were issued to provide for the advance refunding of \$75.0 million of the Authority's outstanding Bond Anticipation Note 2015B. The proceeds from Series 2016A were used to fund the escrow account for \$78.3 million, fund the reserve account for \$7.0 million and \$1.1 million to pay cost of issuance. The 2016A Bonds bear interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and have a final maturity date of June 1, 2042.

The Series 2016B Bonds were issued to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of improvements and additions to the water system, fund the reserve account and to pay cost of issuance. The Series 2016B Bonds bear an interest rate of 3.25% and have a final maturity date of June 1, 2042.

The Series 2016 (Refunding Bonds) were issued to provide for the advance refunding of \$49.0 million of Series 2009A and \$6.6 million of Series 2009 (Refunding Bonds). The proceeds of the 2016 (Refunding Bonds) were used to fund the escrow account for \$62.0 million, along with \$1.0 million in existing debt service funds on hand and \$7.3 million of existing Reserve funds on hand and to fund the 2016 (Refunding Bond) reserve account for \$4.5 million and pay cost of issuance of \$0.4 million. This refunding resulted in a net present value savings of approximately \$4.9 million and the Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

recognized a loss on bond refunding in the amount of \$3.4 million which was recorded as a deferred outflow on bond refunding. The 2016 (Refunding Bonds) bear interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and have a final maturity date of June 1, 2035.

In November 2015, the Authority issued \$49.1 million Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A. The Series 2015A Bonds were issued to retire all of the Authority's outstanding Bond Anticipation Notes, 2013A, fund the reserve account and pay cost of issuance. The Series 2015A Bonds bear interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.25% and have a final maturity date of June 1, 2040.

In November 2015, the Authority issued \$116.7 million Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds Series 2015 (Refunding Bonds). The Series 2015 (Refunding Bonds) were issued to provide for the advance refunding of \$70.0 million Suffolk County Authority Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, and a portion of the \$43.6 million of Series 2007A bonds in the amount of \$42.2 million. The proceeds from the Series 2015 (Refunding Bonds) were used to fund the escrow account for \$112.1 million along with existing Series 2006A and Series 2007A reserve funds in the amount of \$10.0 million and existing debt service funds representing accrued interest in the amount of \$10.5 million and \$0.9 million of the proceeds was used to pay cost of issuance. This advanced refunding resulted in a net present value savings of approximately \$9.7 million and the Authority recognized a loss on bond refunding in the amount of \$10.0 million, which was recorded as a deferred outflow on bond refunding. The Series 2015 (Refunding Bonds) bear interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and have a final maturity date of June 1, 2032.

(b) Environmental Facilities Corporation Revenue Bonds (EFC Revenue Bonds)

The State of New York has established a State Drinking Water Program, which includes a state drinking water revolving fund (the Revolving Fund) to be used for purposes of the Safe Drinking Water Act. The New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation (NYS EFC) is responsible for administering the Revolving Fund and providing financial assistance from the Revolving Fund. NYS EFC issues bonds, the proceeds of which are used to fund the Revolving Fund, which then provides loans to the private water companies, political subdivisions, and public benefit corporations of the State of New York. The Authority has been issued a portion of the total bond proceeds in the amounts stated in the table above to finance safe drinking water projects.

Since June 2010, the Authority has participated in the NYS EFC Refunding Program initiated by the NYS EFC on behalf of the municipalities that initially financed projects through the State Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds as more fully described below. The NYS EFC refunded certain Suffolk County Water Authority NYS EFC Bond Series with new bonds issued at lower current-market interest rates, thus passing the interest savings net of NYS EFC financing costs along to the Authority in the form of reduced debt service bills.

In fiscal year ended 2017, the Authority has not participated in any new NYS EFC bond issues.

In August 2015, the Authority participated in the 2015D refinancing of \$4.3 million NYS EFC Suffolk County Water Authority Water System Revenue Bond Series 2005B. The amount of \$0.3 million from the current Local debt service Reserve Fund was used as a source to refund a portion of the SRF Refunded Bonds. This refunding resulted in a net present value savings net of reserve funds on hand

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

of approximately \$0.05 million. The NYS EFC Series 2015D currently bear interest rates ranging from 3.55% to 4.00% with a final maturity date of October 1, 2025.

In prior years, the Authority defeased certain debt obligations by placing the proceeds of new bonds and its own funds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Authority's financial statements. At May 31, 2017, the amount of defeased debt obligation outstanding was approximately \$222.7 million.

Interest expense on the bonds was \$28.9 million \$29.3 million for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Bond maturities payable, including mandatory sinking fund redemptions, over the next five fiscal years and thereafter are as follows:

| | Principal | Interest (In thousands) | Total |
|----------------------|---------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| Fiscal years ending: | | | |
| 2018 | \$ 4,212 | 31,319 | 35,531 |
| 2019 | 4,097 | 31,170 | 35,267 |
| 2020 | 3,645 | 31,024 | 34,669 |
| 2021 | 6,218 | 30,792 | 37,010 |
| 2022 | 3,355 | 30,586 | 33,941 |
| 2023–2027 | 109,611 | 140,112 | 249,723 |
| 2028–2032 | 169,095 | 111,395 | 280,490 |
| 2033–2037 | 206,870 | 70,350 | 277,220 |
| 2038–2043 | 282,569 | 22,950 | 305,519 |
| | \$ 789,672 | 499,698 | 1,289,370 |

(5) Debt Service Requirements

As prescribed in the Authority's Bond Resolution, the Authority is required to maintain a reserve account for each Series of Bonds to be held in the custody of the Bond Fund Trustee in an amount equal to the lesser of (1) 10% of the proceeds of the particular bond issue, (2) the maximum debt service due on the particular bond issue, or (3) 125% of the average of the annual installments of debt service with respect to all current and future years of the particular bond issue. The Resolution permits the Authority to deposit a letter of credit, surety agreement, insurance agreement, or other type of agreement or arrangement with an entity whose obligations are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services or Moody's Investors Service in order to satisfy the reserve account requirements. At May 31, 2017, the debt service reserve funds were approximately \$76.6 million. In addition, there is \$16.2 million in the Senior Lien Bond Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

Revenue before interest expense and depreciation and amortization was equivalent to 2.22 times (2.11 in 2016) the debt service requirement on all outstanding debt. The minimum debt service requirement on all bonds is 1.10.

(6) Notes Payable

Outstanding bond anticipation notes payable are summarized as follows:

| Series | Final maturity date | Balance at May 31, 2016 | Issued | Redeemed (In thousands) | Balance at May 31, 2017 | Due within one year |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 2015 A EFC 2015 B SCWA | July 30, 2020 \$ November 1, 2017 | 16,539 75,000 | | (75,000) | 16,539 | |
| Total notes outstanding | \$ | 91,539 | | (75,000) | 16,539 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Series | Final maturity date | Balance at May 31, 2015 | lssued | Redeemed (In thousands) | Balance at May 31, 2016 | Due within one year |
| Series 2013 A SCWA 2015 A EFC 2015 B SCWA | | May 31, 2015 | lssued | | | |

These notes are issued in anticipation of the issuance of long-term revenue bonds, the proceeds of which will be used to repay the notes payable. The notes were issued to fund construction activities.

In July 2015, the Authority closed on its NYS EFC Bond Anticipation Note 2015A with a maximum advance amount of \$16.5 million as part of the Storm Mitigation Loan Program through the NYS EFC. The Note has a maturity date of July 30, 2020. The Storm Mitigation Loan Program comprises a \$16.5 million 0% interest free loan and \$5.5 million in grant monies. The eligible projects are related to main extensions and generators. Work on eligible projects began in fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

In May 2017, the Authority received an advance payment in the amount of \$2.3 million from the NYS EFC against the EFC Storm Mitigation Loan note receivable of \$16.5 million pertaining to its NYS EFC Bond Anticipation Note 2015A. This advance was for eligible projects related to main extensions. At May 31, 2017, the note receivable balance is \$14.2 million. Subsequently, in June 2017, an additional advance payment was made to the Authority for approximately \$0.6 million, and \$0.2 million in grant money for eligible projects related to main extensions.

In November 2016, the Authority advance refunded \$75.0 million Suffolk County Water Authority Bond Anticipation Notes, 2015B with the issuance of Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bond, Series 2016A. The proceeds from the 2016A Bonds were used to fund the escrow account for \$78.3 million, and to fund the reserve account and pay cost of issuance.
Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

In November 2015, the Authority issued \$75.0 million Suffolk County Water Authority Bond Anticipation Notes, 2015B. The proceeds from the 2015B Notes were deposited in a construction fund to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of improvements and additions to the water system. The 2015B Notes bear an interest rate of 5.00% and have a maturity date of November 1, 2017.

On January 15, 2016, \$50.0 million of the Suffolk County Water Authority's Bond Anticipation Notes, 2013A matured. These notes were paid out of the proceeds from the issuance of the Suffolk County Water Authority Water System Revenue Bond Series 2015A.

(7) Pension Plan

The Authority participates in the System, a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Authority also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in New York State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

(a) Contributions

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first 10 years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 (ERS). Under the authority of the RSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The System offers a range of programs and benefits that vary based on the date of membership, years of credited service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, disability benefits, and optional methods of benefit payments. Contributions for the current year and 2 preceding years were equal to 100% of the contributions required, and were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| 2015 | \$ 7,813 |
|------|-------------|
| 2016 | 7,161 |
| 2017 | 6,325 |

(b) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At May 31, 2017 and 2016, the Authority reported a liability of \$15.5 million and \$27.3 million for its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability, respectively. The net pension liability used by

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

the Authority at May 31, 2017 and 2016 was measured as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of April 1, 2016 and April 1, 2015, respectively. The Authority's proportion of the System's net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At May 31, 2017 and 2016, the Authority's proportion was 0.1651319% and 0.1703727%, respectively.

For the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$8.6 million and \$9.5 million, respectively. At May 31, 2017 and 2016, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

| | | 2017 | | |
|--|----|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | - | Deferred outflows of resources | Deferred inflows of resources | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions | \$ | 388 5,301 | 2,356 — | |
| Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer | | 3,099 | _ | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date | | 1,149 | 897 | |
| Total | \$ | 9,937 | 3,253 | |

| | | 2016 | | |
|--|----|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | - | Deferred outflows of resources | Deferred inflows of resources | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 138 | 3,241 | |
| Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment | | 7,292 | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer | | 16,223 | _ | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | _ | | 813 | |
| Total | \$ | 23,653 | 4,054 | |

\$1,149,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulted from the Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the System and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended May 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Year ended May 31: | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| 2018 | \$ 2,608 |
| 2019 | 2,608 |
| 2020 | 2,484 |
| 2021 | (2,165) |
| 2022 | |
| | |

(c) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2017 and 2016 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2016 and 2015, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2016 and 2015 valuations were as follows:

| Investment rate of return | 7.0 % |
|----------------------------|--|
| Salary scale | 3.8 % |
| Inflation rate | 2.5 % |
| Cost of living adjustments | 1.3% annually |
| Decrements | Developed from the System's 2015 experience study |
| | of the period April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2015 |
| Mortality improvement | Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014 |

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

target allocation and best-estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of April 1, 2016 and 2015 are summarized as follows:

| | 2017 | | 201 | 6 |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Asset class | Target allocation | Long term expected real rate | Target allocation | Long term expected real rate |
| Domestic equity | 36 % | 4.55 % | 38 % | 7.30 % |
| International equity | 14 | 6.35 | 13 | 8.55 |
| Private equity | 10 | 7.75 | 10 | 11.00 |
| Real estate | 10 | 5.80 | 8 | 8.25 |
| Absolute return strategies | 2 | 4.00 | 3 | 6.75 |
| Opportunistic portfolio | 3 | 5.89 | 3 | 8.60 |
| Real assets | 3 | 5.54 | 3 | 8.65 |
| Bonds and mortgages | 17 | 1.31 | 18 | 4.00 |
| Cash | 1 | (0.25) | 2 | 2.25 |
| Inflation indexed bonds | 4 | 1.50 | 2 | 4.00 |
| | 100 % | | 100 % | |

(d) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of April 1, 2016 and 2015 was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon these assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(e) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability at May 31, 2017 calculated using the discount rate assumption of 7.0%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6.0%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

| | _ | 1% Decrease (6.0%) | Current assumption (7.0%) | 1% Increase (8.0%) |
|--|----|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ | 49,556 | 15,516 | (13,264) |

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

(f) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the System as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | _ | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Employers' total pension liability System's fiduciary net position | \$ | 177,400,586 168,004,363 | 172,303,544 156,253,265 |
| Employers' net pension liability | \$_ | 9,396,223 | 16,050,279 |
| System fiduciary net position as percentage of total pension liability | | 94.7 % | 90.7 % |

(8) Deferred Compensation

All Authority employees may participate in a deferred compensation program designated as an Internal Revenue Code Section 457 plan. This program enables employees to contribute a portion of their salary, on a tax-deferred basis, to group variable annuity contracts. The assets and related liabilities of the plan are recorded at the assets' market values and are excluded from the Authority's statements of net position. The Authority has no obligation to make contributions to the deferred compensation program. The Authority remits deferred compensation amounts withheld from employees' salaries to an outside fiduciary agent who administers the program and invests program assets as instructed by each of the participants. Assets in such program amounted to approximately \$53 million and \$46 million at May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

(9) Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

The Authority's employees participate in the New York State Health Insurance Plan, an agent multi-employer healthcare plan that provides postemployment medical and dental benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. The Authority sponsors a single-employer dental and optical plan and provides dental and optical benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. Substantially all of the Authority's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Authority. A publicly available financial report for the plan is not issued.

Benefit provisions for the plan are established and amended through the Authority's Board of Directors, and there is no statutory requirement for the Authority to continue this plan for future Authority employees. The health, dental, and optical plans for employees hired after January 1, 2017 contribute 15% through payroll deduction; for employees hired prior to January 1, 2017 the plan is noncontributory for active employees, with all payments for plan benefits being funded by the Authority. Upon retirement, the cost of the dental and optical plans is partially funded by the Authority and the balance by the retiree. During fiscal year 2017, there were 932 participants (557 active and 375 inactive) that were eligible to receive benefits.

GASB No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than *Pensions*, establishes guidance for the financial reporting of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) cost over a period that approximates employees' years of service and providing information about actuarially

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

calculated liabilities associated with OPEB and whether and to what extent progress is being made in funding the plan.

In accordance with this standard, the Authority's annual OPEB cost for the plan is calculated based on the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB No. 45. GASB No. 45 does not require that the employer actually fund its ARC, but allows for the financing of these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the Authority's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016 (dollars in thousands):

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|----|---------|---------|
| Annual OPEB cost: | | | |
| ARC: | | | |
| Normal cost | \$ | 10,926 | 10,188 |
| Amortization payment | | 15,025 | 14,315 |
| Interest to the end of the year | | 1,038 | 980 |
| Total | | 26,989 | 25,483 |
| Interest on net OPEB obligation | | 5,070 | 4,387 |
| Net OPEB obligation amortization adjustments to the ARC | _ | (7,330) | (6,342) |
| Annual OPEB cost (expense) | | 24,729 | 23,528 |
| Contributions made | | (6,727) | (6,449) |
| Increase in net OPEB obligation | | 18,002 | 17,079 |
| Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year | | 126,744 | 109,665 |
| Net OPEB obligation, end of year | \$ | 144,746 | 126,744 |

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | | Percentage of annual OPEB | | |
|-------------------|----|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Fiscal year ended | _ | Annual OPEB cost | cost contributed | Net OPEB obligation |
| May 31, 2017 | \$ | 24,729 | 27.2 % \$ | 144,746 |
| May 31, 2016 | | 23,528 | 27.4 | 126,744 |
| May 31, 2015 | | 21,717 | 27.4 | 109,665 |

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

As of June 1, 2016 and 2015, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$270.2 million and \$257.4 million, respectively. Whereas, no legislation has been enacted to establish a dedicated trust for these funds, the aforementioned accrued liability remains unfunded. However, during 2012, in an effort to mitigate possible future rate impact related to any enacted legislation, the Authority has established an undedicated reserve for this purpose. As of May 31, 2017 and 2016, the undedicated reserve is \$25.2 million and \$17.0 million, respectively.

As of June 1, 2016 and 2015, the covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$42.7 million and \$40.3 million, respectively, and the ratio of unfunded actuarial liability to covered payroll 632.9% and 638.7% for each respective year. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about the retiree healthcare plan.

The actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARCs of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplemental information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Authority and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

For the June 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% discount rate for the unfunded portion, and annual cost trend rates, as listed in the table below.

| | Healthcare annual cost trend rates | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--|--|
| Fiscal Year Ended | Medical/Rx | Dental | Part B | | |
| 2017 | 9.00 % | 4.75 % | 4.00 % | | |
| 2018 | 8.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | | |
| 2019 | 8.00 | 4.25 | 5.00 | | |
| 2020 | 7.50 | 4.00 | 5.00 | | |
| 2021 | 7.00 | 4.00 | 5.00 | | |
| 2022 | 6.50 | 4.00 | 5.00 | | |
| 2023 | 6.00 | 4.00 | 5.00 | | |
| 2024 | 5.50 | 4.00 | 5.00 | | |
| 2025+ | 5.00 | 4.00 | 5.00 | | |

Vision trend rate is assumed to be 3% for all years.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Wireless Cell Rental Income

Assorted wireless cell carriers desire to use the Authority owned premises for the construction, installation, maintenance, and operation of radio transmitting and receiving equipment and other associated equipment as approved by the Authority in connection with its wireless communications business. The Authority receives in the form of monthly payments a fee for providing such use. Rental fees range from \$3,575 to \$8,641, per month and have terms ranging from five to 15 years, multiple five-year renewals, and 3.0% to 3.5% annual rental increases. The Authority currently has 165 lease agreements with seven different wireless carriers. Annual lease income from these agreements for the next five years is expected to be the following:

| 2018 | \$ 11.0 million |
|------|--------------------|
| 2019 | 11.4 million |
| 2020 | 11.7 million |
| 2021 | 12.0 million |
| 2022 | 12.4 million |

The Authority entered into negotiations with carriers to discuss the consolidation of antennae leases, increasing the rent on the remaining leases and extending the terms. The positive impact of this is yet to be determined.

Annual lease income that is included in other operating revenue for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$10.7 million and \$10.6 million, respectively.

(b) Legal

The Authority is involved in various litigations resulting from the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, and based on advice of legal counsel, the ultimate liability, if any, to the Authority will not have a material effect on the Authority's financial position and changes in net position.

(c) Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to automobiles and general liability. Effective April 1, 2016, the Authority elected to self-insure its workers compensation program. Claims are administered through a third-party administrator, currently PMA Management Corp. There is insurance in place that will limit the Authority's exposure to individual claims to a limit of \$750,000. The policy is written through the Safety National Insurance Company. The Authority has established a liability based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior year and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. That liability, which is for workers' compensation, general, and automobile claims, was approximately \$5.0 million and \$1.9 million at May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2017 and 2016

a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Authority has included the above amounts under the caption "Other accrued liabilities" in the statements of net position.

Changes in the Authority's workers' compensation claims liability amount in fiscal years 2017 and 2016 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | 2017 | 2016 | |
|--|--------------------|--------------|--|
| Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Changes in the estimate for claims of all years | \$ 174 3,266 | 290 (116) | |
| Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year | \$ 3,440 | 174 | |

Changes in the Authority's general and automobile claims liability amount in fiscal years 2017 and 2016 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | 2017 | 2016 | |
|---|-------------|-------|--|
| Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year | \$ 1,714 | 2,402 | |
| Changes in the estimate for claims of all years | 526 | (87) | |
| Claim payments | (651) | (601) | |
| Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year | \$ 1,589 | 1,714 | |

The Authority has included the above amounts under the caption "Other accrued liabilities" in the statements of net position.

(11) Subsequent Events

The Authority has evaluated subsequent events through, August 31, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Employer Contributions - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

May 31, 2017

(Dollars in thousands)

| | 2017 | 2016 | |
|--|--------------|---------|--|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 6,325 | 7,161 | |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 6,325 | 7,161 | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | | |
| Authority covered-employee payroll (Authority year end) | \$ 46,952 | 40,686 | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 13.00 % | 17.60 % | |

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

May 31, 2017

(Dollars in thousands)

| | _ | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|----|-------------|-------------|
| Authority's share of the net pension liability | | 0.1651319 % | 0.1703727 % |
| Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 15,516 | 27,345 |
| Authority's covered-employee payroll (measurement date as of March 31) | | 45,695 | 41,422 |
| Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the covered-employee payroll | | 34 % | 66 % |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 94.70 % | 90.70 % |

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Healthcare Plan

May 31, 2017

(Dollars in thousands)

| Actuarial valuation date | Actuarial value of assets (a) | Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) – Level dollar (b) | Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a) | Funded ratio (a/b) | Covered payroll (c) | UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll (b-a)/c |
|------------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| June 1, 2016 | \$ _ | 270,202 | 270,202 | _ | 42,697 | 633 % |
| June 1, 2015 | _ | 257,443 | 257,443 | _ | 40,307 | 639 |
| June 1, 2014 | — | 235,882 | 235,882 | — | 39,133 | 603 |

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Members Suffolk County Water Authority:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Suffolk County Water Authority (the Authority), which comprise the statements of net position as of May 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated, August 31, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audits we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audits, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



August 31, 2017