Audit Committee Meeting

Suffolk County Water Authority August 21, 2025, at 2:30 PM 4060 Sunrise Hwy, Oakdale

Agenda

- 1. Approve Audit Committee Meeting Minutes- June 25, 2025
- 2. FYE 2025 Finance Summary Memo
- 3. **KPMG-** SCWA, Discussion with those charged with governance, Jason Spiegel, Lead Audit Engagement Partner Ryan Gibbons, Lead Audit Engagement Senior Manager

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING

DATE: June 25, 2025

LOCATION: 4060 Sunrise Highway, Oakdale

ATTENDANCE: Charles Lefkowitz, Chairman

Elizabeth Mercado, Member

John Rose, Member Jeffrey W. Szabo, CEO

Jessica Mattera, Executive Assistant Chris Cecchetto, Chief Financial Officer Stephanie Hannan, Manager of Accounting Joseph Pokorny, Deputy CEO for Operations

Alicia Simson, Internal Audit Manager

Milton Turcios, Internal Auditor John Milazzo, General Council

Danielle Puma, Assistant to General Council

EXCUSED ABSENCE: NONE

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Szabo at 2:40 p.m. upon Members of the Committee being present.

On motion made by Mr. Rose, duly seconded by Ms. Mercado, and unanimously carried, it was

RESOLVED, To approve the Audit Committee Meeting Minutes from January 23, 2025, meeting

Mr. Szabo introduced the members from KPMG to give their presentation and Audit approach and timeline for the FY26 Audit

Mr. Szabo introduced Ms. Alicia Simson, Internal Audit Manager who presented the Internal Audit Reports

Mr. Szabo asked if any members of the Committee or staff members in attendance any questions had, none were received.

On motion made by Ms. Mercado, duly seconded by Mr. Rose, and unanimously carried, the meeting of the Audit Committee was adjourned at 3:00 p.m.

Timothy Bishop, Secretary

SUFFOLK COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY Oakdale, Long Island, New York

INTEROFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

DATE: August 21, 2025

TO: Jeff Szabo, Chief Executive Officer

FROM: Christopher Cecchetto, Chief Financial Officer

(P)

SUBJECT: FYE 2025 Finance Summary Memo

As of August 21, 2025, the fiscal year end 2025 audit of the Suffolk County Water Authority ("SCWA") is substantially complete. Water service revenues exceeded expectations, outperforming initial projections by approximately \$11.0 million. Capital expenditures ended the fiscal year below final approved budgets, while operating & maintenance expenses exceeded final budgets, mostly due to the recognition of legal expenses related to a settlement that was finalized at the conclusion of the fiscal year.

Overview of Audited Financial Statements

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position show a preliminary increase in Net Position of \$240.7 million over the prior year. The preliminary debt service coverage ratio is 10.4; initial fiscal year budgets projected a debt service coverage ratio of 3.27 and always set a minimum target of 2.00. The Statement of Net Position reveals an ending cash balance of \$174.5 million, an increase of \$8.6 million.

Overview of Modified (non-GAAP) Approach

When evaluating financial performance and examining the *Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position*, it is important to consider various GAAP adjustments that impact the presentation of these statements. This includes disregarding non-cash activity, such as depreciation expense, amortization expense, mark-to-market investment gains/losses, etc. Additionally, some GASB adjustments routinely result in reductions and increases to expenses in the fiscal year; this is also non-cash activity that should be excluded. The following table reflects these adjustments:

Revenues available for capital expenditures	\$	293,778
Total adjusted expenses	\$	215,515
Interest and other bond expenses		29,398
Total adjusted O&M expenses		\$186,117
Add: GASB 75 reduction to expenses		1,042
Less: GASB 68 increase to expenses		(0)
Less: GASB 10 increase to expenses		(4,660)
Total O&M expenses	\$	189,735
Maintenance expenses		51,580
Operating expenses		138,155
Total aujusteu levellues	Ф	509,295
Less: mark-to-market adjustments (GASB 72) Total adjusted revenues	\$	(7,087) 509,293
Less: interest revenues, as lessor (GASB 87)		(6,912)
Total revenues	\$	523,292
Total nonoperating revenues		67,113
Total operating revenues	\$	456,179

Modified (non-GAAP) Cash Perspective

Activity related to capital expenditures is excluded from the *Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position* as this activity is captured on the *Statement of Net Position*. When discussing its finances internally, SCWA typically utilizes the utility industry's "cash-needs approach". This presentation format reflects how SCWA budgets are discussed at the start of every fiscal year. When analyzed in these terms, by backing out non-cash GAAP adjustments, in addition to the accrued legal settlement revenue and expense activity, this modified approach still indicates that SCWA ended fiscal year 2025 with a cash surplus:

Revenues available for capital expenditures	\$ 293,778
Less: capital expenditures (per Statement of Cash Flows)	(90,034)
Less: Legal settlement revenues	(170,835)
Add: Legal settlement expenses	22,151
Cash surplus	\$ 55,060

Budget to Actual Comparison

SCWA entered FY 2025 projecting a cash *deficit* of \$9.8 million. This projected deficit was the result of utilizing the "cash-needs approach", per above: revenues less operating & maintenance expenses, less capital expenditures, less debt service obligations.

Initial budgets for fiscal year 2025 compared to adjusted revenues and adjusted expenses as follows:

	Budget	Actual (adjusted)	Difference
Revenues	\$ 293,739	509,293	\$ 215,554
O&M	(158,705)	(186,117)	(27,412)
Capital	(103,522)	(90,034)	13,488
Debt service	(41,310)	(29,398)	11,912
Surplus/(deficit)	(9,798)	203,744	213,542

At the conclusion of fiscal year 2025, revenues exceeded initial targets by \$215.5 million. Water service revenues outperformed targeted revenues by \$11.0 million. Investment revenues also outperformed initial targets by \$11.5 million. However, the significant overperformance of total revenues was driven by the recognition of unplanned revenues that are not budgeted for: legal settlements of \$170.8 million, gain on sale of land of \$2.1 million, and grant revenues of \$11.6 million. Capital reimbursement revenues also exceeded initial budgets of \$8.2 million; these revenues are offset by the related construction costs.

Operating budgets concluded \$27.4 million over budget, which was primarily driven by the recognition of \$22.2 million in legal expenses related to a settlement at the conclusion of the fiscal year. Operating & maintenance costs also exceeded budgets by \$9.0 million as a result of increased treatment, transmission & distribution, and workers compensation insurance costs. These amounts were offset by the power budget, which ended the fiscal year \$4.4 million below initial targets.

Capital expenditures ended the fiscal year \$13.4 million under budget. The \$11.9 million difference in debt service budgets was expected due to the difference between GAAP debt service and actual cash obligations.

The following table demonstrates the budget to actual comparison with the legal settlement activity (revenues and expenses) removed:

	Budget	Actual (adjusted)	Difference
Revenues	\$ 293,739	338,458	\$ 44,719
O&M	(158,705)	(163,966)	(5,261)
Capital	(103,522)	(90,034)	13,488
Debt service	(41,310)	(29,398)	11,912
Surplus/(deficit)	(9,798)	55,060	64,858

CC:ms attachment

c: S. Hannan

FIN-25-069



Suffolk County Water Authority

Discussion with those charged with governance

Audit results and strategy for the year ended May 31, 2025

With you today:

Jason Spiegel, Lead Audit Engagement Partner Ryan Gibbons, Lead Audit Engagement Senior Manager

August 21, 2025



Required communications to those charged with governance





Audit results required communications and other matters

Matters to communicate		Response	Matters to communicate		Response
Significant unusual transactions	X		Related parties	X	
Uncorrected audit misstatements	X		Going concern	X	
Corrected audit misstatements	X		Other information/ reports	✓	Page 11
Financial statement presentation and			Subsequent events	X	
disclosure omissions	X		Noncompliance with laws and regulations	X	
Non-GAAP policies and practices	X				
Auditors' report	X		Significant difficulties encountered during the audit	X	
Changes to our risk assessment and planned audit strategy	X		Significant findings or issues discussed, or the subject of correspondence with management	X	
Significant accounting policies and practices	X		Management's consultation with other accountants	X	
Significant accounting estimates	✓	Pages 6 to 8	Disagreements with management	x	
Significant financial statement disclosures**	X		Other significant matters	X	

 $[\]checkmark$ = Matters to report to date X = No matters to report to date



Audit results required communications and other matters

Matters to communicate	
Consultations	There were no difficult or contentious matters for which the auditor consulted outside the engagement team that are relevant to the audit committee's oversight of the financial reporting process
Illegal acts or fraud	No actual or suspected fraud involving management, employees with significant roles in system of internal control, or where fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements were identified during the audit.
Written communications	Engagement letters (previously provided) and management representation letters.
Independence	No matters to report. We are independent of the Authority with respect to our professional services provided in accordance with both AICPA and GAO independence standards
Inquiries	See page 12
:	1. Receipt and performance of procedures over NYSLRS GASB 68 report (expected end of August/early September).
Open items	2. Finalization of OPEB review by KPMG actuary.
	3. Finalization of concurring partner review
	4. Down to date procedures - legal updates, inquiries, subsequent events review

Significant Risk

Management override of controls

Procedures performed

Internal controls

—Assessed management's design and implementation of controls and the operating effectiveness of those controls over journal entries (during the year and at the end of the reporting period), as well as post-closing adjustments

Substantive procedures

- —Examined journal entries and other adjustments, including testing relevant data elements for identified high-risk journal entries through data and analytics routines and testing design and implementation of certain general IT controls related to the journal entry process (SAS 145).
- —Performed a rollforward of the general ledger to ensure completeness.
- -Reviewed accounting estimates for bias.
- —Evaluated the business purpose for any significant unusual transactions that may have occurred throughout the year.
- —The engagement team considered the risk of management override of controls related to revenue and noted that the SCWA revenue process is routine and not complex. Additionally, the engagement team confirmed through inquiries that there is no incentive to fraudulently manipulate revenue.

Results

Our findings

- —The engagement team determined that there are no matters to report related to the internal controls over management override.
- —The engagement team did not identify instances of fraud as a result of our substantive procedures.



Other significant audit matter	Procedures performed
Cash and Investments (including valuation of investments) - estimate	 Substantive procedures Confirmed cash and investment balances with respective banks as of May 31, 2025. Tested the year-end cash and investment reconciliations from the bank to book balances. Tested the fair market value of the complete portfolio of marketable investments utilizing KPMG National Pricing Desk. Reviewed a sample of investments for compliance with Board approved policies Evaluated the adequacy of financial statement disclosures. Our findings No exceptions noted.
Total OPEB liability (GASB 75) - estimate	 Substantive procedures Reconciled final Nyhart actuarial reports to the financial statements. Tested and reconciled census data inputs into the Nyhart actuarial calculations. Involved a KPMG actuarial specialist to assess the reasonableness of assumptions used by Nyhart, including the attribution method, discount rate, actuarial mortality tables, withdrawal rates, health cost trends, and per capita medical claims costs. Involved a KPMG actuarial specialist to validate the appropriateness of the assumptions used and calculations made to arrive at the total OPEB liability. Evaluated adequacy of financial statement disclosures. Our findings No exceptions noted to date.

Other significant audit matter	Procedures performed
Net Pension Liability (GASB	Substantive procedures to be performed:
68) - estimate	— Evaluated the use of external expert who performed the actuarial valuation for NYSLRS to measure the collective total pension liability for the plan as of the measurement date.
	— Evaluated whether the methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability are in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and Actuarial Standards of Practice are the same as those used by the plan.
	—Tested the relevant inputs (census data) utilized in developing the actuarial report.
	 Recalculated the allocated amounts for the Authority per the NYSLRS financial statements and GASB 68 Report.
	 Recalculated the current year gross incremental deferrals for changes in proportion and differences between the employer's actual contributions and its proportionate share of total employer contributions.
The state of the s	 Recalculated pension expense based on the employer's specific pension expense in the schedule of pension amounts.
	—Utilized a KPMG actuarial specialist to validate the appropriateness of the assumptions used and calculations made to arrive at the pension liability.
	—Utilized a KPMG GASB 68 audit specialist to review the testwork performed by the engagement team and appropriateness of the financial statement disclosures and required supplementary information.
	—Evaluated the adequacy of financial statement disclosures.
	Our findings
	Our findings Pending receipt and performance of procedures of NYSLRS GASB 68 report.

Other significant audit matter	Procedures performed
Accrued Water Service Revenue - estimate	 Substantive procedures Tested inputs to the calculation and the completeness and accuracy of underlying data in reports used in the estimate. Ensured the application of an appropriate and consistent methodology. Performed a predictive analytic to calculate the expected Accrued Water Service Revenue amount as of May 31, 2025 and compared the expectation to the actual amount recorded by SCWA.
	Our findings No exceptions noted.
Operating and Maintenance Expenditures	 Substantive procedures Performed analytical procedures over Salary, Retirement, Insurance, Employee Welfare expense and FICA expense. Performed detailed testwork over the Power expense, Capital Project Settlement account, and various Other O&M expenditures. Performed a search for unrecorded liabilities. Our findings No exceptions noted.



Other significant audit matter	Procedures performed
Operating revenues (other than GASB 87 lease revenue)	Substantive procedures - Detailed testing of customer bills and rates throughout the fiscal year 2025. - Compared revenue recorded to cash receipts (cash proof). - Tested accounts receivable balances and subsequent cash receipts.
	Our findings No exceptions noted.
Long term debt	 Substantive procedures Confirmed outstanding long-term debt with third parties. Performed a rollforward of debt balances from June 1, 2024 to May 31, 2025 and tested any material activity during the period. Recalculated interest expense for the fiscal year 2025. Reviewed debt covenants and ensured SCWA was compliant as of May 31, 2025.
	Our findings No exceptions noted.



Continuo	
Other significant audit matter	Procedures performed
Capital assets	 Substantive procedures Performed a rollforward of the Construction Work in Process (CWIP), Plant in Service (PIS), and Accumulated Depreciation balances from June 1, 2024 to May 31, 2025. Tested the capital additions to CWIP during the period to validate the costs incurred were appropriately capitalizable Performed a predictive analytical procedure to determine the expected depreciation expense for fiscal year 2025 and compared the expectation to the actual amount recorded Our findings No exceptions noted.
Subsequent event - Legal settlement (PFAs-3M)	 Substantive procedures Obtained and reviewed communications between the Authority's counsel to determine timing of recognition of legal settlement amounts to be received by the Authority. Confirmed with external counsel and compared responses to the Authority's analysis Our findings No exceptions noted. The PFAs-3M settlement amount of approximately \$171M is properly recognized in fiscal year 2025 and the receivable amount will be reduced as the future payments to the Authority are received.



Other information/reports

Other information/ report

Investment compliance examination report

(Section 201.3(c)(3) and all subsequent subparts of Title Two of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules, and Regulations of the State of New York Part 201.3)

We have examined whether:

- —The Authority's investment policies complied with the requirements of section 201.3(c)(3) and all subsequent subparts of Title Two of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules, and Regulations of the State of New York Part 201.3 (the Specified Requirements) for the period June 1, 2024 through May 31, 2025. The investment policies are specified in the Suffolk County Water Authority Guidelines for the Investment of Funds attached to this report and dated October 2022, (SCWA Investment Policies); and
- —SCWA complied with the SCWA Investment Policies for the period June 1, 2024 through May 31, 2025.

Independent Accountant's Examination Report Unmodified opinion



Required inquiries

- What are your views about fraud risks, including management override of controls, at the entity and whether you have taken any actions to respond to these risks?
- Are you aware of, or have you identified, any instances of actual, suspected, or alleged fraud, including misconduct or unethical behavior related to financial reporting or misappropriation of assets?
 If so, have the instances been appropriately addressed and how have they been addressed?
- Are you aware of or have you received tips or complaints regarding the entity's financial reporting (including those received through the internal whistleblower program, if such program exists) and, if so, what was your response to such tips and complaints?
- How do you exercise oversight over management's assessment of fraud risk and the establishment of controls to address/mitigate fraud risks?
- Has the entity entered into any significant unusual transactions?

- Are you aware of any matters relevant to the audit, including, but not limited to, any instances of actual or possible violations of laws and regulations, including illegal acts (irrespective of materiality threshold)?
- Has the entity complied with all covenants during the financial statement period and before the date of the auditor's report?
 Have there been any events of default during the financial statement period and before the dates of the auditor's report?
- What is the audit committee's understanding of the entity's relationships and transactions with related parties that are significant to the entity?
- Does any member of the audit committee have concerns regarding relationships or transactions with related parties and, if so, what are the substance of those concerns?
- Have any subsequent events occurred that might affect the financial statements?
- Have there been any correspondence with regulators or licensing authorities?



Appendix I – Draft Financial Statements, Examination Report, and Management Representation Letters



Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

May 31, 2025 and 2024

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*)

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Members of the Board Suffolk County Water Authority:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Suffolk County Water Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended May 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements for the years then ended as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority, as of May 31, 2025 and 2024, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Governmental Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve

collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of employer contributions – New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability – New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, and the schedule of changes in the Authority's total OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated ______, 2025 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

(signed) KPMG LLP

New York, New York _____, 2025

Statements of Net Position

May 31, 2025 and 2024 (In thousands)

Assets	2025	2024
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents \$	174,495	165,855
Investments Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0 and \$3,710, respectively	267,298 227,760	236,112 47,386
Lease receivable, current	7,109	6,757
Accrued water services and fire protection revenues	16,332	15,048
Interest and other receivables	2,478	1,860
Materials and supplies, at average cost	11,600 3,834	13,336 3,707
Prepayments and other current assets Total current assets	710,906	490,061
Restricted investments	111,440	100,529
Goodwill	1,370	1,520
Lease receivable, less current portion	221,242	217,886
Right-of-use SBITA assets Other assets	650 1,090	819 1,013
Capital assets, net	1,334,258	1,304,323
Total noncurrent assets	1,670,050	1,626,090
Total assets	2,380,956	2,116,151
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension related	18,200	18,200
Other postemployment benefits related	27,778	46,114
Bond refunding related	6,785	8,103
Total deferred outflows of resources	52,763	72,417
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:	10,149	1,313
Current maturities of bonds payable Accounts payable	37,773	16,461
Accrued interest	16,292	16,255
Accrued employee welfare costs	8,183	8,181
SBITA payable, current	313	383
Other accrued liabilities	31,300	26,359
Total current liabilities	104,010	68,952
Bonds payable, less current portion and unamortized discounts	880,632 23,724	892,143 23,435
Net pension liability Postemployment benefits other than pension	285,338	297,051
SBITA payable, less current portion	113	319
Advances for construction	17,304	14,337
Total liabilities	1,311,121	1,296,237
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows of resources:	40.400	40.400
Pension related Other postemployment benefits related	12,482 64,104	12,482 71,768
Lease related	207,007	209,794
Total deferred inflows of resources	283,593	294,044
Net Position		
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	450,262	418,970
Restricted for debt service	111,440	100,529
Unrestricted	277,304	78,788
Total net position \$	839,006	598,287

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years ended May 31, 2025 and 2024

(In thousands)

	_	2025	2024
Operating revenues:			
·	\$	259,397	243,431
Lease revenues		13,719	13,780
Other	_	183,063	19,716
Total operating revenues	_	456,179	276,927
Operating expenses:		7	
Operations		138,155	101,959
Maintenance		51,580	43,452
Depreciation and amortization	_	62,100	60,194
Total operating expenses	_	251,835	205,605
Operating income		204,344	71,322
Nonoperating revenues and expenses:			
Interest and other bond expense, net		(29,398)	(29,402)
Interest revenues, as lessor		6,912	6,643
Interest expense, as lessee		(22)	(33)
Amortization of deferred amounts on refinancing		(1,318)	(248)
Income from investments, net		24,590	18,515
Capital reimbursement fees		21,858	19,302
Gain on sale		2,133	_
Capital contributions and grants	_	11,620	4,640
Total nonoperating revenues and expenses, net	_	36,375	19,417
Change in net position		240,719	90,739
Net position:			
Beginning of year	_	598,287	507,548
End of year	\$_	839,006	598,287

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended May 31, 2025 and 2024 (In thousands)

	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash receipts from customers \$	255,917	244,653
Other operating cash receipts	26,946	37,216
Cash payments to employees for services, including benefits	(83,886)	(78,344)
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	(81,955)	(65,041)
Net cash provided by operating activities	117,022	138,484
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Additions to water plant	(90,034)	(104,910)
Proceeds from sale of water plant	2,500	
Repayment of current maturities of bonds payable	(1,313)	(1,070)
Debt defeasance Gain on defeasance	_	(24,110) 1,680
Interest paid	(30,722)	(30,926)
Proceeds from advances for construction and other capital, net of refunds	17,150	16,667
Proceeds from capital contributions and grants	11,871	2,757
Interest revenues, as lessor	6,912	6,643
Amortization of lease receivable, as lessor	(6,495)	(6,175)
Interest expense, as lessee	(22)	(33)
Amortization of SBITA payable, as lessee	(276)	(357)
Amortization of SBITA asset, as lessee	169	261
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(90,260)	(139,573)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments	(572,041)	(292,912)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	537,324	260,312
Interest received	16,595	12,278
Net cash used in investing activities	(18,122)	(20,322)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	8,640	(21,411)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	165,855	187,266
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$	174,495	165,855
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income \$	204,344	71,322
Depreciation and amortization expense Decrease (increase) in operating assets:	62,100	60,194
Accounts receivable	(172,951)	(1,468)
Accrued water services and fire protection revenues	(1,284)	2,818
Materials and supplies and prepayments	1,609	158
Other assets	(77)	(129)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:	40.000	0.440
Accounts payable	19,092	3,142
Accrued employee welfare costs Postemployment benefits other than pension, net of deferred amounts	2 (1,042)	511 (4,828)
Other accrued liabilities	4,940	3,084
Net pension liability, net of deferred amounts	289	3,680
Net cash provided by operating activities \$	117,022	138,484
Noncash investing activities:		
Change in the fair value of investments and discount/premium expense \$	7,087	5,197
Amortization of deferred amounts on refinancing	1,318	248
Noncash financing activities:		
New leases & SBITAs entered into during year \$	10,882	15,835
•	*	•

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2025 and 2024

Suffolk County Water Authority ("the Authority") is an independent public benefit corporation operating under the Public Authorities Law of the State of New York. The Authority was created by resolution of the Suffolk County Board of Supervisors in 1937, with a twofold purpose. The first was to acquire, construct, maintain, and operate a public water supply for Suffolk County. The second was to develop a single, integrated public water supply and distribution system to serve all of Suffolk County. The accounts of the Authority are maintained generally in accordance with the *Uniform System of Accounts* prescribed by the New York State Public Service Commission (PSC), although the Authority is not subject to PSC rules and regulations. Board members are appointed by the Suffolk County Legislature for five-year overlapping terms. Vacancies, other than by expiration of term, are filled by the Suffolk County Legislature by appointment for the unexpired term. The chairman of the Authority is also appointed by the Suffolk County Legislature. The rates established by the Authority do not require PSC or Suffolk County legislative approval.

The Financial Statements

The statements of net position provide information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets), obligations to the Authority's creditors (liabilities) as well as the deferred outflows and inflows of resources, with the difference between these amounts reported as net position.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position report how the Authority's net position changed during each year presented. The statement accounts for all revenues and expenses for the year, measures the financial results of the Authority's operations for the year, and can be used to determine how the Authority has funded its costs.

The statements of cash flows provide information about the Authority's cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating activities, investing activities, and capital and related financing activities.

The notes to the financial statements contain information that is essential to understanding the financial statements, such as the Authority's accounting methods and policies.

Management provides the following discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial activities and financial statements. This overview is provided for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2025 and 2024 with comparative information for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023. The reader should use the information contained in this analysis in conjunction with the information contained in the audited financial statements. The financial statements as of and for the years ended May 31, 2025 and 2024 follow this narrative on the subsequent pages.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2025 and 2024

Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

		Year ended May 31		
		2025	2024	2023
		_	(In thousands)	
Operating revenues:				
Water service	\$	259,397	243,431	243,650
Lease revenues		13,719	13,780	11,578
Other		183,063	19,716	14,946
Total operating revenues	_	456,179	276,927	270,174
Operating expenses:				
Operations and maintenance		189,735	145,411	139,091
Depreciation and amortization	4	62,100	60,194	58,924
Total operating expenses	_	251,835	205,605	198,015
Operating income	_	204,344	71,322	72,159
Nonoperating revenues and expenses:				
Interest expense, net		(29,398)	(29,402)	(29,643)
Interest revenues, as lessor		6,912	6,643	5,025
Interest expense, as lessee		(22)	(33)	(21)
Amortization of deferred amounts on refinancin	g	(1,318)	(248)	(1,428)
Income from investments		24,590	18,515	6,146
Capital reimbursement fees and other		21,858	19,302	16,106
Gain on sale		2,133	_	
Capital contributions and grants	_	11,620	4,640	2,975
Total nonoperating revenues and				
expenses, net	_	36,375	19,417	(840)
Change in net position	\$_	240,719	90,739	71,319

Operating Revenues

Water service revenues increased \$16.0 million or 6.2% in 2025 as compared to 2024. This is the result of an increase in production of approximately 7.8%.

Water service revenues were consistent in 2024 as compared to 2023. This is the result of a decrease in production of approximately 7.8%, combined with a 4.1% rate increase on June 1, 2023. Additionally, fixed charge revenue increased approximately 3.7%.

Lease revenues decreased \$0.1 million, or 0.4%, in 2025. This increase is attributable to changes in the recognition of straight-line amounts of the deferred inflows of resources into operating lease revenues as a result of GASB 87.

Lease revenues increased \$2.2 million, or 19.0%, in 2024. This increase is attributable to changes in the recognition of straight-line amounts of the deferred inflows of resources into operating lease revenues as a result of GASB 87.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
May 31, 2025 and 2024

Other operating revenues increased by \$163.3 million in 2025. This increase is attributable to a \$170.8 million legal settlement with certain manufacturers of perfluoroalkyl substances ("PFAS") and a \$0.2 million increase in managed water district revenues. This increase is offset by a \$6.1 million legal settlement in 2024, a decrease in other fees of \$1.2 million, and a decrease in late charge revenues of \$0.4 million.

Other operating revenues increased \$4.8 million in 2024. This increase is primarily attributable to a \$6.1 million legal settlement and a \$1.3 million decrease in other fees.

Operating Expenses

Operations and maintenance expenses increased \$44.3 million in 2025. The increase is attributable to \$22.2 million in legal expenses related to a settlement with certain manufacturers of perfluoroalkyl substances ("PFAS"), a \$0.8 million increase in wages as a result of standard annual wage increases, a \$4.8 million increase in maintenance costs, a \$5.1 million increase in treatment costs, a \$0.9 million increase in other operating costs, a \$5.6 million increase in workers' compensation expense due to an increase in claims and expenses based on the GASB 10 actuarial valuation, a \$1.1 million increase in energy costs, and a \$3.8 million increase in postemployment benefit other than pension (OPEB) expense based on the GASB 75 actuarial valuation. These increases are offset by a \$____ million decrease due to a GASB 68 adjustment to pension expense based on an actuarial valuation.

Operations and maintenance expenses increased \$6.3 million in 2024. The increase is attributable to a \$0.1 million increase in transportation and fleet related expenses, \$2.7 million increase in wages as a result of standard annual wage increases and additional necessary overtime to address main breaks during the winter season, a \$1.3 million increase in maintenance costs, a \$2.2 million increase in treatment costs, a \$1.7 million increase in other operating costs, a \$1.9 million increase in benefits costs due to contractual changes in plan premiums, and a \$1.4 million increase in postemployment benefit other than pension (OPEB) expense based on the GASB 75 actuarial valuation. These increases are offset by \$1.5 million decrease due to a GASB 68 adjustment to pension expense based on an actuarial valuation, a \$2.8 million decrease in workers' compensation expense due to a decrease in claims and expenses based on the GASB 10 actuarial valuation, and a \$0.7 million decrease in energy costs due to decreased production throughout the year.

Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$62.1 million in 2025, an increase of \$1.9 million or 3.2% from 2024. The increase is attributable to a 3.0% increase in water plant less asset retirements.

Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$60.2 million in 2024, an increase of \$1.3 million or 2.2% from 2023. The increase is attributable to a 2.9% increase in water plant less asset retirements.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Interest expense and other bond expense is \$29.4 million in 2025, which is consistent with 2024.

Interest expense and other bond expense is \$29.4 million in 2024, a net decrease of \$0.2 million from 2023. The decrease is attributable to a net decrease of \$0.2 million in interest paid net of subsidy on bonds payable in accordance with scheduled debt service payments.

Interest revenues as lessor increased by \$0.3 million in 2025. The increase is attributable to increasing interest components of lease payments versus principal amounts in accordance with GASB 87.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2025 and 2024

Interest revenues as lessor increased by \$1.6 million in 2024. The increase is attributable to increasing interest components of lease payments versus principal amounts in accordance with GASB 87.

Interest expense as lessee decreased in 2025. The decrease is attributable to decreasing interest components of SBITA payments versus principal amounts in accordance with GASB 96.

Interest expense as lessee increased in 2024. The increase arise attributable to increasing interest components of SBITA payments versus principal amounts in accordance with GASB 96.

Amortization of deferred amounts on refinancing is \$1.3 million in 2025, an increase of \$1.0 million from 2024. The increase is attributable to a \$1.0 million extraordinary loss on bond defeasance recognized in 2024.

Amortization of deferred amounts on refinancing is \$0.2 million in 2024, a decrease of \$1.2 million from 2023. The decrease is attributable to a \$1.0 million extraordinary loss on bond defeasance recognized in 2024.

Income from investments is \$24.6 million in 2025, an increase of \$6.1 million from 2024. The change is the result of an increase in the market value of investments of \$2.3 million, an increase in interest revenues of \$3.9 million, and a \$0.3 million increase recognized gains from sales of restricted investments. These increases were offset by an increase in investment premiums paid of \$0.4 million.

Income from investments is \$18.5 million in 2024, an increase of \$12.4 million from 2023. The change is the result of an increase in market value of investments of \$11.3 million, an increase in interest revenues of \$4.4 million, offset by an increase in investment premiums paid of \$3.3 million.

Capital reimbursement fees were \$21.9 million in 2025, an increase of \$2.5 million from 2024. The increase in 2025 is primarily due to a \$3.7 million increase in construction revenues, a \$0.8 million increase in tapping fee revenues, and a \$0.1 million increase in surcharge fee revenues. These increases were offset by a \$0.2 million decrease in easement fee revenues and a \$1.9 million decrease in revenues received from the Air National Guard ("ANG") from the conclusion of an intergovernmental agreement relating to reimbursement of eligible past costs for the construction of treatment systems installed at two well fields in 2024.

Capital reimbursement fees were \$19.3 million in 2024, an increase of \$3.2 million from 2023. The increase in 2024 is primarily due to a \$2.9 million increase in construction revenues, a \$0.2 million increase in construction easement fees, and a \$1.9 million increase in revenues received from the Air National Guard ("ANG") from the conclusion of an intergovernmental agreement relating to reimbursement of eligible past costs for the construction of treatment systems installed at two well fields. These increases were offset by a \$1.3 million decrease in tapping fee revenues and a \$0.5 million decrease in surcharge revenues.

Gain on sale was \$2.1 million in 2025. This activity was due to the sale of land and building of \$2.5 million, which had a book value of \$0.4 million and produced the entire gain of \$2.1 million.

Capital contributions and grants were \$11.6 million in 2025, an increase of \$7.0 million from 2024. The increase is attributable to an additional \$6.1 million in federal grant revenues and \$0.9 million in New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation ("EFC") grant revenues related to water treatment infrastructure grants.

Capital contributions and grants were \$4.6 million in 2024, an increase of \$1.7 million from 2023. The increase is attributable to \$2.4 million in federal grant revenues related to water treatment infrastructure grants. This

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2025 and 2024

increase was offset by a \$0.7 million decrease in grant revenues received from the New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation ("EFC").

Statement of Net Position Summary

			May 31	
		2025	2024	2023
	_		(In thousands)	
Assets:				
Capital assets, net	\$	1,334,258	1,304,323	1,259,971
Current assets		710,906	490,061	470,992
Other noncurrent assets	_	335,792	321,767	310,753
Total assets	\$ _	2,380,956	2,116,151	2,041,716
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	52,763	72,417	86,265
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities		104,010	68,952	62,639
Other long-term liabilities		326,479	335,142	325,926
Long-term debt, net of current portion		880,632	892,143	918,927
Total liabilities	\$ _	1,311,121	1,296,237	1,307,492
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	283,593	294,044	312,941
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		450,262	418,970	350,005
Restricted for debt service		111,440	100,529	98,076
Unrestricted		277,304	78,788	59,467
Total net position	\$	839,006	598,287	507,548

Capital Assets, Net

	_	May 31, 2024	Additions/ reclassifications (In thou	Deletions/ reclassifications usands)	May 31, 2025
Water plant in service Less accumulated depreciation	\$_	2,201,722 (1,014,201)	40,348 (61,617)	(4,650) 4,650	2,237,420 (1,071,168)
Net water plant in service		1,187,521	(21,269)	_	1,166,252
Construction in progress	_	116,802	92,252	(41,048)	168,006
Water plant	\$_	1,304,323	70,983	(41,048)	1,334,258

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2025 and 2024

	_	May 31, 2023	Additions/ reclassifications	Deletions/ reclassifications	May 31, 2024
			(In thou	isands)	
Water plant in service Less accumulated depreciation	\$_	2,135,611 (957,051)	69,004 (60,043)	(2,893) 2,893	2,201,722 (1,014,201)
Net water plant in service		1,178,560	8,961	_	1,187,521
Construction in progress	_	81,411	104,395	(69,004)	116,802
Water plant	\$_	1,259,971	113,356	(69,004)	1,304,323

There is a net increase in water plant in fiscal year 2025 of \$29.9 million, the result of \$91.5 million in new construction, reduced by an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$61.6 million.

There is a net increase in water plant in fiscal year 2024 of \$44.4 million, the result of \$104.4 million in new construction, reduced by an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$60.0 million.

Current Assets

	May 31			
		2025	2024	2023
			(In thousands)	
Increases (decreases):				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,640	(21,411)	(101,511)
Investments		31,186	35,344	119,903
Accounts receivables, net		180,374	6,977	8,033
Lease receivable, current		352	96	528
Accrued water services and fire protection				
revenues		1,284	(2,818)	3,720
Interest and other receivables		618	1,040	608
Materials and supplies		(1,736)	(436)	5,766
Prepayments and other current assets		127	277	625
Net change in current assets	\$	220,845	19,069	37,672

Current Assets

The Authority's investment policy complies with the New York State Comptroller's guidelines for investments. The investment policy permits investments in, among others, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. government, any state of the United States or any political subdivision, sponsored entity securities, and repurchase agreements backed by such obligations. Authority investments are generally reported at fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$8.6 million at May 31, 2025, from May 31, 2024. The increase is primarily attributable to net cash provided by operating activities by \$118.9 million and interest revenues received of \$16.5 million. This increase is offset by net investment purchases of \$34.7 million and net cash used in capital and related financing activities of \$92.1 million.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
May 31, 2025 and 2024

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$21.4 million at May 31, 2024, from May 31, 2023. The decrease is primarily attributable to net investment purchases of \$32.6 million and net cash used in capital and related financing activities exceeding net cash provided by operating activities by \$1.1 million. This decrease is offset by interest revenues received of \$12.3 million.

The Authority's investments increased by \$31.2 million at May 31, 2025, from May 31, 2024. The increase is attributable to unrestricted investment purchases exceeding redemptions and maturities throughout 2025.

The Authority's investments increased by \$35.3 million at May 31, 2024, from May 31, 2023. The increase is attributable to unrestricted investment purchases exceeding redemptions and maturities throughout 2024.

Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts increased by \$180.3 million at May 31, 2025 from May 31, 2024. This increase is attributable to the \$170.8 million settlement with certain manufacturers of perfluoroalkyl substances ("PFAS"), a \$1.7 million increase in customer account receivables in accordance with increased production, a \$7.6 million increase in construction revenue receivables, and a \$2.3 million increase in lien receivables. This increase was offset by a \$1.1 million decrease in miscellaneous receivables, a \$0.2 million decrease in grant receivables, and a \$0.8 million decrease in receivables from the Pine Barrens Commission for administrative services performed.

Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts increased by \$7.0 million at May 31, 2024 from May 31, 2023. This increase is attributable to a \$1.9 million increase in grant revenue receivables, a \$3.6 million increase in construction revenue receivables, a \$1.9 million increase in miscellaneous receivables, a \$1.0 million increase in receivables from the Pine Barrens Commission for administrative services performed, and a \$1.9 million increase in lien receivables. This increase was offset by a \$3.1 million decrease in customer account receivables and a \$0.2 million decrease in hydrant and fire-line receivables resulting from increased collection efforts.

Lease receivable, current increased \$0.4 million at May 31, 2025 from May 31, 2024. This increase is attributable to the current portion of new antennae leases entered into during fiscal year 2025, offset by amortization of principal payments on existing leases from 2024.

Lease receivable, current increased \$0.1 million at May 31, 2024 from May 31, 2023. This increase is attributable to the current portion of new antennae leases entered into during fiscal year 2024, offset by amortization of principal payments on existing leases from 2023.

Accrued water services and fire protection revenues increased \$1.3 million at May 31, 2025 from May 31, 2024. This increase is primarily attributable to the year-end revenue accrual due to increased consumption in May 2025 of 4.1%.

Accrued water services and fire protection revenues decreased \$2.8 million at May 31, 2024 from May 31, 2023. This increase is primarily attributable to the year-end revenue accrual due to decreased consumption in May 2024 of 24.7%.

Interest and other receivables increased \$0.6 million at May 31, 2025 from May 31, 2024. This increase is primarily attributable to a \$1.2 million increase in investment interest receivables, in accordance with the increasing investment portfolio. This increase is offset by a \$0.6 million decrease in receivables related to an intermunicipal agreement for a water main extension project in the Manorville area that was received in 2025.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
May 31, 2025 and 2024

Interest and other receivables increased \$1.0 million at May 31, 2024 from May 31, 2023. This increase is primarily attributable to a \$0.4 million increase in investment interest receivables and a \$0.6 million increase in receivables related to an intermunicipal agreement for a water main extension project in the Manorville area.

Materials and supplies decreased by \$1.7 million at May 31, 2025. This decrease is attributable to continuing stabilization of supply chain issues experienced during COVID-19, for which inventory stock levels were intentionally increased to avoid materials shortages.

Materials and supplies decreased by \$0.4 million at May 31, 2024. This decrease is attributable to continuing stabilization of supply chain issues experienced during COVID-19, for which inventory stock levels were intentionally increased to avoid materials shortages.

Prepayments and other current assets increased by \$0.1 million at May 31, 2025. This is the result of increasing insurance premiums recognized in 2025.

Other Noncurrent Assets

Other noncurrent assets increased by \$14.0 million as of May 31, 2025. This increase is due to a \$3.3 million increase in the noncurrent portion of the GASB 87 related lease receivables and a \$10.9 million increase in debt service reserves utilized for bond principal payments made throughout the year. This increase is offset by a \$0.2 million decrease in the noncurrent portion of the GASB 96 right-of-use assets.

Other noncurrent assets increased by \$11.0 million as of May 31, 2024. This increase is due to an \$8.8 million increase in the noncurrent portion of the GASB 87 related lease receivables and a \$2.5 million increase in debt service reserves utilized for bond principal payments made throughout the year. This increase is offset by a \$0.3 million decrease in the noncurrent portion of the GASB 96 right-of-use assets.

Liabilities

Current Liabilities

	 May 31		
	2025	2024	2023
		(In thousands)	
Increases (decreases):			
Current maturities of bonds payable	\$ 8,836	243	(12,393)
Accounts payable	21,312	2,628	(580)
Accrued interest	37	(165)	(610)
Accrued employee welfare costs	2	511	(467)
SBITA payable, current	(70)	12	371
Other accrued liabilities	 4,941	3,083	1,337
Net change in current liabilities	\$ 35,058	6,312	(12,342)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2025 and 2024

Current Liabilities

The \$8.8 million increase in current maturities of bonds payable in 2025 from 2024 is attributable to maturities of \$1.3 million in the current year, offset by a \$10.1 million increase in the Authority's bonds payable maturing in less than one year.

The \$0.2 million increase in current maturities of bonds payable in 2024 from 2023 is attributable to maturities of \$1.1 million in the current year, offset by a \$1.3 million increase in the Authority's bonds payable maturing in less than one year.

The \$21.3 million increase in accounts payable in 2025 is primarily attributable to \$22.2 million in legal expenses recognized as a result of a settlement with certain manufacturers of perfluoroalkyl substances ("PFAS"). The remaining increase is attributable to the timing of processing invoices for work performed, completed, and paid for, subsequent to May 31, 2025. The \$2.6 million increase in accounts payable in 2025 is attributable to the timing of processing invoices for work performed, completed, and paid for, subsequent to May 31, 2024.

The \$0.1 million decrease in accrued interest in 2024 from 2023 is attributable to a defeasance that was completed at the beginning of 2024 that effectively reduced interest expense in 2024.

The \$0.5 million decrease in accrued employee welfare costs in 2024, is the result of an analysis performed on accrued balances earned by employees but not yet exhausted. These balances reflect amounts potentially payable to employees upon separation.

The \$4.9 million increase in other accrued liabilities in 2025 from 2024 is attributable to a \$1.0 million increase in various reimbursable customer deposits and a \$3.9 million increase related to workers' compensation accrued liabilities based on the actuarial valuation required under GASB Statement No. 10.

The \$3.0 million increase in other accrued liabilities in 2024 from 2023 is attributable to a \$2.7 million increase in various reimbursable customer deposits and a \$0.3 million increase related to workers' compensation accrued liabilities.

Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities decreased by \$8.7 million at May 31, 2025 as a result of a \$3.0 million increase in advances for construction. This increase was offset by decreases in the net pension liability as provided by New York State & Local Retirement System of \$___ million and a decrease in postemployment benefits other than pension (OPEB) of \$11.7 million based on the actuarial valuation required under GASB Statement No. 75.

Other long-term liabilities increased by \$9.2 million at May 31, 2024 as a result of an increase in postemployment benefits other than pension (OPEB) of \$19.6 million based on the actuarial valuation required under GASB Statement No. 75 and a \$1.0 million increase in advances for construction. These increases were offset by a \$0.4 million decrease in payables recognized in accordance with GASB 96 and a decrease in the net pension liability as provided by New York State & Local Retirement System of \$11.0 million.

In accordance with GASB 75, the financial statements at May 31, 2025 and 2024 include a liability for postemployment benefits other than pension in the amount of \$285.3 million and \$297.0 million, respectively. GASB Statement No. 75 was adopted by the Authority in 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2025 and 2024

GASB Statement No. 75 does not require that the unfunded liability be funded, only that the Authority account for the unfunded accrued liability. However, beginning in 2012, to mitigate possible future rate impacts related to any expected legislation, the Authority has established a non-trusted reserve for this purpose. Beginning in fiscal year 2024, the Authority began investing these funds in U.S. Treasury Notes. As of May 31, 2025 and 2024, the undedicated reserve is \$121.7 million and \$116.7 million, respectively and is recorded in cash and cash equivalents and investments on the statement of net position.

Long-Term Debt

The Authority's long-term debt, net of current portion and including unamortized discounts and deferred amounts, decreased in fiscal year 2025 by \$11.5 million. This is due to a net decrease of \$1.4 million in amortization of long-term debt premium and discount and a reclassification of \$10.1 million of long-term debt as current and maturing in less than one year.

The Authority's long-term debt, net of current portion and including unamortized discounts and deferred amounts, decreased in fiscal year 2024 by \$26.8 million. This decrease is due to a \$24.1 million defeasance, a net decrease of \$1.4 million in amortization of long-term debt premium and discount and a reclassification of \$1.3 million of long-term debt as current and maturing in less than one year.

The following tables contain long-term debt activity by fiscal year, including current maturities of bonds payable and excluding premiums and discounts:

Water System Revenue and Environmental Facilities Corporation Revenue Bonds

			Fiscal year	
		2025	2024	2023
			(In thousands)	
Balance, beginning	\$	877,718	902,898	916,361
Maturities, retirements, and defeasances:				
SCWA		_	(24,110)	(10,390)
EFC	_	(1,313)	(1,070)	(3,073)
	_	(1,313)	(25,180)	(13,463)
Net changes in long-term debt	_	(1,313)	(25,180)	(13,463)
Balance, ending	\$_	876,405	877,718	902,898

Investment ratings on debt issued by the Authority given by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services (S&P) and Fitch Ratings (Fitch) at May 31, 2021 and at May 31, 2020 were AAA. In February 2025, Fitch Ratings completed a review and took no action regarding the Authority's Water System Revenue Bonds AAA rating. In June 2024, S&P Global Ratings affirmed the Authority's Water System Revenue Bonds AAA rating.

As a result of legislation initiated by New York State and enacted by the U.S. Congress, a Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) was created to provide financial incentive for public and private water systems to

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
May 31, 2025 and 2024

finance drinking water infrastructure improvements in the form of subsidized low-interest rate loans and grants for qualified projects. The New York State Environment Facilities Corporation (NYS EFC) administers the financial aspects of the DWSRF. The Authority has participated in this program since 1998.

In June 2023, the Authority completed a bond defeasance of \$24.1 million Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 (Refunding), Taxable. The Authority net funded an escrow account for a total of \$22.4 million, which includes the interest due on the defeased bonds. Approximately \$17.0 million of the defeased bonds matured on June 1, 2025, with the remainder maturing on June 1, 2026.

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2025, the Authority has not engaged in any bond transactions.

Short-Term Debt

The Authority, from time to time, issues Bond Anticipation Notes to finance improvements and additions to the water system.

During the fiscal years ended May 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority did not engage in any Bond Anticipation Note transactions.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources related to bond refunding decreased \$1.3 million at May 31, 2025 from May 31, 2024. The decrease is due to \$1.3 million annual amortization of the deferred loss on refunding bonds. The loss on the Suffolk County Water Authority's refundings are due to the 2013 Refunding, 2015 Refunding, 2016 Refunding, and the 2020 Refunding.

Deferred outflows of resources related to bond refunding decreased \$1.9 million at May 31, 2024 from May 31, 2023. The decrease is due to \$1.9 million annual amortization of the deferred loss on refunding bonds. The loss on the Suffolk County Water Authority's refundings are due to the 2013 Refunding, 2015 Refunding, 2016 Refunding, and the 2020 Refunding.

In 2025 and 2024, the remaining variances in the deferred outflows and inflows of resources are due to recognition of the total OPEB liability and net pension liability adjustments. These adjustments are made in accordance with GASB 75 and GASB 68, respectively. These adjustments are also in accordance with the most recent actuarial valuations. Further, changes in the deferred inflows of resources are due to recognition of the total lease receivable adjustments in accordance with GASB 87.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

May 31, 2025 and 2024

Net Position - Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets represents the Authority's total investment in capital assets net of related long-term debt.

In 2025, the increase of \$31.3 million from May 31, 2024 is the result of an increase in water plant expenditures, offset by the net decrease in debt balances and related deferred outflows resulting from losses on refunding.

In 2024, the increase of \$68.9 million from May 31, 2023 is the result of an increase in water plant expenditures, a decrease in funds available for construction, offset by the net decrease in debt balances.

Net Position - Restricted for Debt Service

Net position restricted for debt service includes monies held in the reserve accounts by the bond trustee as established by bond resolution for the purpose of security as it pertains to the respective bond issue. Restricted for debt service also represents the proportional amount of principal and interest as prescribed by bond resolution due to bondholders on the next prescribed payment date.

The increase of \$10.9 million on May 31, 2025 is the result of the increase in market valuation of reserve funds due to a more favorable market condition.

The increase of \$2.4 million on May 31, 2024 is the result of the increase in market valuation of reserve funds due to a more favorable market condition.

Net Position – Unrestricted

In 2025, net position – unrestricted increased \$198.5 million from May 31, 2024 as a result of operations, net of those changes that impact investments in capital assets and net position restricted for debt service.

In 2024, net position – unrestricted increased \$19.3 million from May 31, 2023 as a result of operations, net of those changes that impact investments in capital assets and net position restricted for debt service.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the customers, clients, and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the resources at its disposal. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Public Information Officer, Suffolk County Water Authority, 4060 Sunrise Highway, Oakdale, New York 11769.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Suffolk County Water Authority ("the Authority") is an independent public benefit corporation operating under the Public Authorities Law of the State of New York. The Authority was created by resolution of the Suffolk County Board of Supervisors in 1937, with a twofold purpose. The first was to acquire, construct, maintain, and operate a public water supply for Suffolk County. The second was to develop a single, integrated public water supply and distribution system to serve all of Suffolk County. The accounts of the Authority are maintained generally in accordance with the *Uniform System of Accounts* prescribed by the New York State Public Service Commission (PSC), although the Authority is not subject to PSC rules and regulations. The rates established by the Authority do not require PSC or Suffolk County legislative approval.

(a) Basis of Presentation

In its accounting and financial reporting, the Authority follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In accordance with GASB standards, the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority's financial statements is determined by its measurement focus. As required by GASB standards, the transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

(b) Water Plant (Capital Assets)

Water plant is recorded at historical cost. The capitalized cost of additions to water plant includes charges for ancillary construction costs such as engineering, supervision, payroll taxes, and pension benefits. The original cost of property replaced, retired, or otherwise disposed of in ordinary retirements is deducted from plant accounts and together with costs to remove, less any salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation. The costs of repairs, minor betterments, and renewals are charged to maintenance expense as incurred.

(c) Depreciation

The provisions for depreciation for water plant result from the application of straight-line rates by groups of depreciable properties in service. The rates are determined by age-life studies performed on depreciable properties. The most recent rate study, done in November 2003, established the composite depreciation rate of 2.84%. The Authority reviews the composition of its fixed assets annually to determine the appropriateness of this depreciation rate. The Authority determined that the depreciation rate of 2.84% is appropriate at May 31, 2025 and 2024.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Funds held by the Authority are administered in accordance with the Authority's investment guidelines pursuant to Section 2925 of the New York State Public Authorities Law. These guidelines comply with the New York State Comptroller's investment guidelines for public authorities. Certain investments and cash and cash equivalents have been designated by the Authority's board of trustees to be used for specific purposes, including rate stabilization, debt service, and capital expenditures.

Investments with original maturities of 90 days or less are considered cash equivalents.

Notes to Financial Statements
May 31, 2025 and 2024

All investments with original maturities of longer than 90 days are reported as investments and are carried at fair value, except for money markets, guaranteed investment contracts, and certificates of deposit. Money markets, guaranteed investment contracts, and certificates of deposit are valued at amortized cost.

(e) Investments Held for Debt Service

In accordance with the 1988 General Bond Resolution, as amended (the Resolution), the Authority maintains a debt service reserve. This reserve is held by a fiscal agent.

Investments held for debt service reserve and bond funds are used solely for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on the bonds, and for retiring the bonds prior to maturity and are reported as restricted investments in the accompanying statements of net position. Amounts in the debt service and bond funds are invested in U.S. Treasury notes and U.S. government-sponsored entity securities.

(f) Investments Held for Construction

In accordance with the Resolution, investments held for construction in the construction fund are for the costs of acquiring, constructing, and replacing the water system and are reported as restricted investments in the accompanying statements of net position.

(g) Goodwill

Goodwill was derived from the Authority's acquisition of various private water purveyors where the purchase price paid exceeded the net position acquired. The Authority amortizes goodwill over a 40-year period.

(h) Advances for Construction and Capital Reimbursement Fees

Under current standard construction contracts with residential real estate developers and others, the developer advances to the Authority the cost of new main installations based on a flat cost per foot. Upon completion of construction, the moneys are recognized as capital reimbursement fees in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

There exist certain construction contracts with residential real estate developers and others, whereby the developer advances to the Authority the cost of new main installations based on actual costs. Upon completion of construction, the developer is either billed (not to exceed 10% of original estimate) or refunded the difference between the advance and actual cost. The moneys paid by the developer are recognized as capital reimbursement fees in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position when the construction is completed.

Capital reimbursement fees also include service, tapping, and other fees.

(i) Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

(i) Lessor

The Authority is a lessor for noncancelable leases of various wireless cell carriers desire to use the Authority owned premises for the construction, installation, maintenance, and operation of radio transmitting and receiving equipment and other associated equipment as approved by the Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

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in connection with their wireless communications businesses. For leases with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the Authority recognizes lease revenue based on the provisions of the lease contract. For all other leases that are longer than 12 months, the Authority recognizes a lease receivable and an offsetting deferred inflow of resources. At lease commencement, the Authority initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods. The Authority recognizes interest income on the lease receivable and lease revenue from the deferred inflows of resources in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Authority determines the (1) discount rate it uses to calculate the present value of the expected lease payments to be received, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments to be received.

- (1) The Authority generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate, which was 3.08% for 2025 and 2024, respectively, for leases unless the actual interest rate is known. The Authority's incremental borrowing rate for leases is based on calculating the average rate of interest on long-term bond obligations to borrow an amount equal to the lease, under similar terms at the commencement or remeasurement date.
- (2) The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease plus any additional periods covered by either an Authority or lessee unilateral option to (1) extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or (2) terminate for which it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. Periods in which both the Authority and the lessee have an option to terminate are excluded from the lease term.
- (3) Lease payments to be received are evaluated by the Authority to determine if they should be included in the measurement of the lease receivable, including those payments that require a determination of whether they are reasonably certain of being received.

(ii) Managed Water Districts

The Towns of Islip, Babylon, Brookhaven, Southampton, Shelter Island, and the Village of Dering Harbor, on behalf of the water districts of Brentwood, East Farmingdale, Oak Beach, Stony Brook, Riverside, Shelter Island West Neck, and Dering Harbor, respectively, have entered into 40-year lease agreements with the Authority, whereby the Authority agrees to operate, construct, maintain, and repair, at its own expense, the entire operating plant in exchange for an agreed upon fee related to water service delivery to the Towns and Village of Dering Harbor residents. The Towns and Village of Dering Harbor, on behalf of the respective districts, agree to lease the rights, title, and interest to the entire operations, plant, hydrants, and distribution system, real property, of the districts, and all extensions thereto to the Authority, however, the Authority is not required to make any form of payments to the Towns or Village of Dering Harbor as part of the terms of the respective leases. These leases expire between 2040 and 2062.

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(iii) Lessee/SBITA

The Authority has several noncancellable SBITAs for the right-to-use information technology and software. For SBITAs with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the Authority recognizes expense based on the provisions of the SBITA contract. For all other SBITAs (i.e. those that are not short-term), the Authority recognizes a right-of-use SBITA asset and SBITA liability.

At SBITA commencement, the Authority initially measures the SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term. Subsequently, the SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of the SBITA payment made. The SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the SBITA liability, less subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, less any vendor incentives received at or before the subscription commencement date, plus the capitalizable implementation costs. Subsequently, the SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the SBITA term or its useful life. The Authority recognizes interest expense on the SBITA liability using the effective interest method based on the discount rate determined at SBITA commencement.

Variable payments are excluded from the valuations unless they are fixed in substance. For SBITAs featuring payments tied to an index or market rate, the valuation is based on the initial index or market rate. The Authority does not have any SBITAs subject to a residual value guarantee.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Authority determines the (i) discount rate it uses to calculate the present value of the expected SBITA payments to be made, (ii) SBITA term, and (iii) SBITA payments to be made.

- (1) The Authority uses the implicit interest rate within the SBITA as the discount rate to discount the expected SBITA payments to the present value. When the interest rate is not provided, the Authority its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITA (see above – Lessor).
- (2) The SBITA term includes the noncancellable portion of the SBITA, plus any additional periods covered by either the Authority's or lessor's unilateral option to (1) extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or (2) terminate for which it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. Periods in which both the Authority and the lessor have the option to terminate are excluded from the SBITA term.
- (3) SBITA payments to be made are evaluated by the Authority to determine if they should be included in the measurement of the SBITA liability, including those payments that require a determination of whether they are reasonably certain of being made.

The Authority monitors changes in circumstances that may require remeasurement of a SBITA. When certain changes occur that are expected to affect the amount of the SBITA significantly, the liability is remeasured and a corresponding adjustment is made to the right of use SBITA asset.

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Right-of-use SBITA assets are reported within noncurrent assets. The SBITA liability is reported within the noncurrent liabilities section of the statement of net position, net of the current portion of the SBITA liability reported within current liabilities.

(j) Water District Contracts

The Authority has contracted with various municipalities throughout Suffolk County for the purpose of installing water mains within the related municipality's created water district. Under the terms of these contracts, the municipality agrees to pay for the installation of the water main, plus interest over a 38-year period. The Authority agrees to provide a credit against the annual payment due equal to a percentage of the water revenues collected from customers within the designated water improvement area. The amount of the credit cannot exceed the gross payments due.

As of May 31, 2025, the Authority had 7 active contracts where the credit did not equal the gross amount due. Annual gross payments for these contracts range from \$2,800 to \$291,000 with final maturity dates through 2052. The cumulative gross payments due for all of these water district contracts through their respective maturity dates at May 31, 2025 and 2024 amount to approximately \$1.6 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. The Authority has determined that it has the right to offset the asset and liability created from these contracts and therefore, these amounts are not reflected on the statements of net position as of May 31, 2025 and 2024.

The cost of these installations has been paid for and capitalized through the Authority's capital budget.

(k) Net Position

The Authority's net position represents the excess of assets plus deferred outflows of resources over liabilities less deferred inflows of resources and is categorized as follows:

Net investment in capital assets are the amounts expended by the Authority for the acquisition of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and related debt and deferred amounts due to bond refunding.

Restricted net position is the net position that has been restricted as to use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position, which can be further categorized as designated or undesignated. Designated assets are not governed by statute or contract but are committed for specific purposes pursuant to the Authority's policy and/or board directives. Designated assets include funds and assets committed to working capital and water quality.

(I) Bond Discounts and Premiums

Discounts and premiums are amortized over the life of the related bond issues. Deferred bond refunding costs are amortized to expense over the shorter of (1) the life of the refunding bonds or (2) the refunded bonds and are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the accompanying statements of net position.

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(m) Accrued Employee Welfare Costs

The Authority permits employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused leave benefits, which will be paid to employees upon separation from service. Unpaid compensated absences are recorded as a liability in the accompanying statement of net position. As of May 31, 2025 and 2024, the accrued employee welfare costs are \$8.1 million for both years.

(n) Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Pension Amounts

For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (the System), and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the statutes governing the System. Investments of the System are reported at fair value.

(o) Revenues

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items in the preparation of its financial statements. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Authority's principal ongoing operations. Water service revenues are recognized based on actual customer water usage, including estimates for unbilled periods. Other operating revenues are recognized when service has been rendered and collection is reasonably assured. The Authority's operating expenses include operations and maintenance expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(p) Use of Resources

Pursuant to the Resolution, revenues received are used as follows: (1) payment of operations and maintenance expenses, (2) payment of debt service, and (3) any lawful purpose of the Authority, including use by the construction fund. The payment of capital expenditures is generally done with restricted bond proceeds, other restricted resources, and by funds previously transferred to the general fund.

(q) Income Taxes

As a public benefit corporation of the State of New York, the Authority is exempt from federal, state, and local income taxes.

(r) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the useful lives of capital assets, the valuation of accounts receivable, inventory, financial

Notes to Financial Statements

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instruments other than cash, accrued water services and fire protection revenues, accrued employee welfare costs, workers' compensation and postemployment benefits, discount rates on leases, pension benefits, and other uncertainties and other contingencies.

(s) Workers' Compensation

The Authority self-insured its workers' compensation coverage in accordance with New York statutory regulations, effective April 1, 2016. Excess insurance was purchased to cover any liability that exceeds \$800,000 per claim. A national third-party claims administrator (TPA) administers claims for the Authority.

(t) Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the financial statement measurement date. The fair value hierarchy categories the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 unadjusted quoted or published prices for identical assets or liability in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date
- Level 2 quoted or published prices other than those included within Level 1 and other inputs that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 unobservable inputs for an asset or liability

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3. When the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is based on the lowest priority level that is significant to the entire measurement.

(u) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to OPEB in the financial statements, a third party, independent actuarial evaluation is performed.

(v) Adoption of Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* (GASB 101). This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023 (fiscal year 2025). The adoption of GASB 101 did not have a significant impact on the Authority's financial statements.

(w) Accounting Pronouncements Applicable to the Authority, Issued but Not Yet Effective

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures* (GASB 102). This Statement provides users of government financial statements with information about risks related to a

Notes to Financial Statements
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government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that is essential to their analyses for making decisions or assessing accountability. GASB 102 will be effective for the Authority for the fiscal year ending May 31, 2026.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* (GASB 103). The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability, including management's discussion and analysis, unusual or infrequent items, presentation of a proprietary fund's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, major component unit information, and presentation of budgetary comparison information as required supplementary information. This Statement also addresses certain application issues and will be effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending May 31, 2027.

In September 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 104 *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets* (GASB 104). The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. GASB 102 will be effective for the Authority for the fiscal year ending May 31, 2027.

The Authority is currently evaluating the applicability and the impact of these new statements.

(x) Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

(2) Capital Assets, Net

	May 31, 2024	Additions/ reclassifications	Deletions/ reclassifications	May 31, 2025
			usands)	
Land and land rights (non-depreciable) \$	27,028	(292)	_	26,736
Distribution systems	1,336,076	32,526	(3,376)	1,365,226
Wells, reservoirs, and structures	415,170	1,433	_	416,603
Pumping and purification equipment	188,640	106	_	188,746
Meters	92,565	2,098	(830)	93,833
Compressors/backhoes	5,053	_	(200)	4,853
Computer equipment	39,211	1,287	(4)	40,494
Equipment	40,772	1,334	_	42,106
Hydrants	57,207	1,856	(240)	58,823
Water plant in service	2,201,722	40,348	(4,650)	2,237,420
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,014,201)	(61,617)	4,650	(1,071,168)
Net water plant in service	1,187,521	(21,269)	_	1,166,252
Construction in progress	116,802	92,252	(41,048)	168,006
Water plant \$	1,304,323	70,983	(41,048)	1,334,258

In 2025, the additions to construction in progress of \$92.2 million are comprised of the following:

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distribution systems \$48.0 million, hydrants \$1.2 million, wells and structures \$15.6 million, pumping and purification equipment \$23.2 million, equipment \$1.2 million, meters \$1.8 million, and computer equipment \$1.2 million.

	May 31,	Additions/	Deletions/	May 31,
	2023	reclassifications		2024
		(In thou	ısands)	
Land and land rights (non-depreciable)	\$ 27,028		_	27,028
Distribution systems	1,284,783	52,887	(1,594)	1,336,076
Wells, reservoirs, and structures	408,016	7,327	(173)	415,170
Pumping and purification equipment	185,104	3,649	(113)	188,640
Meters	91,575	1,703	(713)	92,565
Compressors/backhoes	5,053		_	5,053
Computer equipment	37,877	1,337	(3)	39,211
Equipment	39,706	1,066	_	40,772
Hydrants	56,469	1,035	(297)	57,207
Water plant in service	2,135,611	69,004	(2,893)	2,201,722
Less accumulated depreciation	(957,051)	(60,043)	2,893	(1,014,201)
Net water plant in service	1,178,560	8,961	_	1,187,521
Construction in progress	81,411	104,395	(69,004)	116,802
Water plant	\$ 1,259,971	113,356	(69,004)	1,304,323

In 2024, the additions to construction in progress of \$104.4 million are comprised of the following: construction projects of \$16.5 million, hydrants \$2.0 million, water main connections \$42.5 million, wells \$9.4 million, tanks \$2.8 million, treatment facilities \$2.4 million, pump stations \$3.3 million, meters \$1.7 million, emerging contaminant treatment systems \$20.4 million, fleet \$1.2 million, equipment \$1.5 million, technological advancements \$1.1 million, and facilities upgrades \$2.7 million, less other miscellaneous adjustments of \$3.1 million.

Depreciation and amortization expenses amounted to approximately \$62.1 million and \$60.0 million for the years ended May 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash consists of deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized deposits that have carrying values of approximately \$174.5 million and \$165.9 million and bank balances of approximately \$177.4 million and \$169.0 million at May 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Collateral for deposits is held by a third-party bank in the name of the Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

(b) Investments

Investments, including restricted investments, at May 31, 2025 and 2024, consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	May 31, 2025						
		Investment maturities (in years)					
	Total	Less than 1	1 to 5	Greater than 5			
U.S. Treasury notes (1) \$	156,451	83,886	68,542	4,023			
U.S. Treasury bills (1)	_		_	_			
U.S. Treasury bonds (1)	30,071	29,676	395	_			
FNMA notes (1)	10,936	8,940	1,996	_			
FHLB notes (1)	51,017	11,773	39,244	_			
FHLMC notes (1)	7,913	3,943	3,970	_			
FFCB notes (1)	15,894	_	15,894	_			
NYS municipal bonds	25,491	_	25,491	_			
Guaranteed investment							
contracts (1) *	80,965	80,965					
Total investments \$	378,738	219,183	155,532	4,023			

^{*} Reported at amortized cost

⁽¹⁾ Includes approximately \$111.4 million of investments, including cash, held by a fiscal agent in the Authority's name at May 31, 2025

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

May 31, 2024

	_		Investment maturities (in years)				
	_	Total	Less than 1	1 to 5	Greater than 5		
U.S. Treasury notes (1)	\$	141,228	61,210	80,018	_		
U.S. Treasury bills (1)		24,336	24,336	_	_		
U.S. Treasury bonds (1)		44,331	19,899	24,432	_		
FNMA notes (1)		8,606	_	8,606	_		
FHLB notes (1)		49,424	7,839	41,585	_		
FHLMC notes (1)		7,621		7,621	_		
FFCB notes (1)		3,797		3,797	_		
NYS municipal bonds		25,840	11,712	14,128	_		
Guaranteed investment							
contracts (1) *	_	31,458	31,458				
Total investments	\$_	336,641	156,454	180,187			

^{*} Reported at amortized cost

⁽¹⁾ Includes approximately \$100.5 million of investments, including cash, held by a fiscal agent in the Authority's name at May 31, 2024

	 2025	2024
Investment breakdown:		
Restricted for:		
Debt service	\$ 111,440	100,529
Unrestricted	 267,298	236,112
Total investments	\$ 378,738	336,641

Accrued interest on investments other than guaranteed investment contracts is included in interest and other receivables on the statements of net position. Investments bear interest at rates that range from 0.50% to 5.267%.

The Authority's investment policy states that securities underlying repurchase agreements must have a market value at least equal to the cost of the investment. All investments are either insured or registered and held by the Authority or its agent in the Authority's name.

U.S. Treasury notes and bonds are considered Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. All other investments reported at fair value are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy due to the fair value being determined through matrix pricing or quoted prices for identical securities in markets not considered active.

Interest Rate Risk: The Authority's investment policy does not include limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

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Credit Risk: It is part of the Authority's investment policy to safeguard the principal of its investments while obtaining the highest interest rate possible that is consistent with this and other components of its policy. Toward that end, permitted investments include but are not limited to federally backed securities or obligations of any state of the United States of America or any political subdivision rated by at least two nationally recognized bond-rating agencies. As of May 31, 2025, the Authority's investments in Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes, and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and Fitch Ratings. The Authority's investments in NYS Municipal Bonds were rated AA1 by Moody's Investors Service and AAA to AA+ by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and Fitch Ratings.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Authority places no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Authority's investments are in U.S. Treasury Notes (\$156.5 million or 41.3% of investments), U.S. Treasury Bonds (\$30.1 million or 7.9% of investments), NYS Municipal Bonds (\$25.5 million or 6.7% of investments), and Federal Home Loan Bank (\$51.0 million or 13.5% of investments) at May 31, 2025. As of May 31, 2024, the Authority invested more than 5% in U.S. Treasury Notes (\$141.2 million or 41.9% of investments), U.S. Treasury Bills (\$24.3 million or 7.2%), NYS Municipal Bonds (\$25.8 million or 7.7% of investments), Federal Home Loan Bank (\$49.4 million or 14.7% of investments), and U.S. Treasury Bonds (\$44.3 million or 13.2% of investments).

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May 31, 2025 and 2024

(4) Bonds Payable

Outstanding bonds are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

Series	Interest rate(s)	Final maturity da	te _	May 31, 2024	Issued	Matured/ refunded	May 31, 2025	Due within one year
Water System Revenue Bonds:								
2009 B Senior Lien	5.50 %	2035	\$	100,000	_	_	100,000	_
2012 A Senior Lien	3.00-3.75%	2038		80,000		_	80,000	_
2013 Senior Lien	3.00-4.00%	2029		62,380		_	62,380	_
2014 A Senior Lien	3.13-5.00%	2040		31,910	_	_	31,910	6,345
2014 B Senior Lien	3.50-5.25%	2040		50,000		_	50,000	_
2015 Senior Lien	3.00-5.00%	2032		112,180		_	112,180	690
2015 A Senior Lien	4.00-5.25%	2040		49,105	· —	_	49,105	_
2016 A Senior Lien	3.00-5.00%	2042		84,280	_	_	84,280	_
2016 B Senior Lien	3.25 %	2042		40,000	_	_	40,000	_
2016 Senior Lien	3.00-5.00%	2035		43,640	_	_	43,640	2,165
2018A Senior Lien	3.25-5.00%	2043		100,000	_	_	100,000	_
2020B Senior Lien	3.00 %	2045		87,000	_	_	87,000	_
2020 Senior Lien	1.3-2.43%	2040		27,365	_	_	27,365	_
Environmental Facilities Corporation					_	_	_	_
Revenue Bonds:					_	_	_	_
2014 B	4.964 %	2024		618	· –	(618)	_	
2015 D	4.015%	2025	M	884	_	(316)	568	569
2020 A	— %	2046	T	8,356		(379)	7,977	380
Total bonds outstanding				877,718	_	(1,313)	876,405 \$	10,149
						Amortization/		
					Additions	payments		
Unamortized premium (discount), net				15,738	_	(1,362)	14,376	
Current maturities payable		~	-	(1,313)	(10,149)	1,313	(10,149)	
			\$_	892,143	(10,149)	(1,362)	880,632	

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

Series	Interest rate(s)	Final maturity date	May 31, 2023	Issued	Matured/ refunded	May 31, 2024	Due within one year
Water System Revenue Bonds:							
2009 B Senior Lien	5.50 %	2035 \$	100,000	_	_	100,000	_
2012 A Senior Lien	3.00-3.75%	2038	80,000	_	_	80,000	_
2013 Senior Lien	3.00-4.00%	2029	62,380	_	_	62,380	_
2014 A Senior Lien	3.13-5.00%	2040	31,910	_	_	31,910	_
2014 B Senior Lien	3.50-5.25%	2040	50,000	_	_	50,000	_
2015 Senior Lien	3.00-5.00%	2032	112,180		_	112,180	_
2015 A Senior Lien	4.00-5.25%	2040	49,105		_	49,105	_
2016 A Senior Lien	3.00-5.00%	2042	84,280	_	_	84,280	_
2016 B Senior Lien	3.25 %	2042	40,000	_	_	40,000	_
2016 Senior Lien	3.00-5.00%	2035	43,640		_	43,640	_
2018A Senior Lien	3.25-5.00%	2043	100,000	_	_	100,000	_
2020B Senior Lien	3.00 %	2045	87,000	_	_	87,000	_
2020 Senior Lien	1.3-2.43%	2040	51,475	_ `	(24,110)	27,365	_
Environmental Facilities Corporation							
Revenue Bonds:	4.004.0/	0004	000		(005)	040	040
2014 B	4.964 %	2024	923	_	(305)	618	618
2015 D	3.985-4.015%		1,269	_	(385)	884	315
2020 A	— %	2046	8,736		(380)	8,356	380
Total bonds outstanding			902,898	_	(25,180)	877,718	\$1,313
		> X		Additions	Amortization/ payments		
Unamortized premium (discount), net Current maturities payable			17,099 (1,070)	(1,313)	(1,361) 1,070	15,738 (1,313)	
		\$	918,927	(1,313)	(25,471)	892,143	

In accordance with bond covenants, the Authority is required to guarantee the payment of principal and interest by establishing a reserve fund for each bond issue and funding the reserve account with a portion of the proceeds from the respective bond issue or from the Authority's unrestricted funds.

In satisfaction of the reserve account requirements of each Water System Revenue Bond Issue, the Authority may provide a letter of credit, surety agreement, insurance agreement, or other type of agreement with any entity whose obligations are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services or Moody's Investors Service. If, at any time, the rating issued by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services or Moody's Investors Service falls below such two highest ratings, then within 12 months thereafter, the Authority shall use its best efforts to either, at its option, replace such a credit agreement with an entity whose obligations are rated with such two highest ratings or deposit into the reserve account sufficient moneys in accordance with the respective bond resolution to replace such credit agreement.

For the fiscal years 2025 and 2024, the Authority, at its own discretion, has elected to fund the reserve accounts in the amount of \$85.1 million and \$83.5 million from bond proceeds, respectively.

(a) Water System Revenue Bonds

The Water System Revenue Bonds are issued to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of improvements and additions to the water system. The Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds are payable solely from net revenues of the Authority's water system. The Water System Subordinate

Notes to Financial Statements
May 31, 2025 and 2024

Revenue Bonds are payable solely from net revenues available after payment of debt service on Senior Lien Revenue Bonds issued by the Authority.

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2025, the Authority has not engaged in any bond issuance transactions.

In June 2023, the Authority completed a bond defeasance of \$24.1 million of the 2020 Refunding Bonds (Taxable) Water System Revenue Bonds from the General Fund. The Authority net funded a 2023 bond defeasance escrow account for a total of \$22.4 million of which \$2.2 million was invested to generate funds to pay principal and interest on bonds, \$17.0 million of which matured on June 1, 2025 with the remainder maturing June 1, 2026.

(b) Environmental Facilities Corporation Revenue Bonds (EFC Revenue Bonds)

The State of New York has established a State Drinking Water Program, which includes a state drinking water revolving fund (the Revolving Fund) to be used for purposes of the Safe Drinking Water Act. The New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation (NYS EFC) is responsible for administering the Revolving Fund and providing financial assistance from the Revolving Fund. NYS EFC issues bonds, the proceeds of which are used to fund the Revolving Fund, which then provides loans to the private water companies, political subdivisions, and public benefit corporations of the State of New York. The Authority has been issued a portion of the total bond proceeds in the amounts stated in the table above to finance safe drinking water projects.

Since June 2010, the Authority has participated in the NYS EFC Refunding Program initiated by the NYS EFC on behalf of the municipalities that initially financed projects through the State Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds as more fully described below. The NYS EFC refunded certain Suffolk County Water Authority NYS EFC Bond Series with new bonds issued at lower current-market interest rates, thus passing the interest savings net of NYS EFC financing costs along to the Authority in the form of reduced debt service bills.

In fiscal years 2025 and 2024, the Authority has not participated in any new NYS EFC bond issues.

Throughout its history, the Authority has defeased certain debt obligations by placing the proceeds of new bonds and its own funds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Authority's financial statements. At May 31, 2025, the amount of defeased debt obligation outstanding is approximately \$24.1 million, a decrease of \$23.3 million from May 31, 2024. This decrease is attributable to \$23.3 defeased debt fully redeemed after May 31, 2024.

Interest expense, net of debt discount and premium and costs of issuance on the bonds, is \$29.4 million for the year ended May 31, 2025 and in 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements
May 31, 2025 and 2024

Bond maturities payable, including mandatory sinking fund redemptions, over the next five fiscal years and thereafter are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 <u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
Fiscal years ending:			
2026	\$ 10,149	32,124	42,273
2027	11,070	31,666	42,736
2028	31,895	30,425	62,320
2029	33,095	29,409	62,504
2030	34,370	27,976	62,346
2031–2035	199,619	117,410	317,029
2036–2040	248,224	69,242	317,466
2041–2045	264,104	22,576	286,680
2046–2050	43,880		43,880
	\$ 876,406	360,828	1,237,234

(5) Debt Service Requirements

As prescribed in the Authority's Bond Resolution, the Authority is required to maintain a reserve account for each Series of Bonds to be held in the custody of the Bond Fund Trustee in an amount equal to the lesser of (1) 10% of the proceeds of the particular bond issue, (2) the maximum debt service due on the particular bond issue, or (3) up to 125% of the average of the annual installments of debt service with respect to all current and future years of the particular bond issue. The Resolution permits the Authority to deposit a letter of credit, surety agreement, insurance agreement, or other type of agreement or arrangement with an entity whose obligations are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services or Moody's Investors Service to satisfy the reserve account requirements. At May 31, 2025, the debt service reserve funds were approximately \$85.5 million. In addition, there is \$25.9 million in the Bond Funds.

Revenue before interest expense and depreciation and amortization is equivalent to ____ times (5.67 in 2024) the debt service requirement on all outstanding debt. The minimum debt service requirement on all bonds is 1.10.

(6) Pension Plan

The Authority participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (the System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System.

System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan

Notes to Financial Statements

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benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Authority also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System issues their own financial statements. That report, including information regarding benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/financial_statements_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

(a) Contributions

The System is contributory, employees contribute 3% of their salary for the first 10 years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 contribute throughout employment. Under the authority of the RSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The System offers a range of programs and benefits that vary based on the date of membership, years of credited service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, disability benefits, and optional methods of benefit payments. Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100% of the contributions required, and were as follows (dollars in thousands):

2023		\$	5,365
2024			6,413
2025			

(b) Pension (Assets) Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At May 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority reported a liability of \$___ million and \$23.4 million for its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability, respectively. The net pension liability reported by the Authority at May 31, 2025 and 2024 is measured as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability is determined by actuarial valuations as of April 1, 2024 and April 1, 2023, respectively. The Authority's proportion of the System's net pension liability is based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At May 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority's proportion is ______% and 0.159160%, respectively. For the years ended May 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$__ million and \$10.3 million, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

At May 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	_	202	25
		Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$		
Total	\$.		
		Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment	\$	7,548 8,860	639 —
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer		_	11,448
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		723 1,069	395

Deferred outflows of resources relating to contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported

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2025

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year ended May 31:	
2026	\$ 4,622
2027	6,740
2028	(2,519)
2029	_
2030	

(c) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2024 and 2023 is determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2024 and 2023, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2024 valuation were as follows:

Investment rate of return

Salary scale Inflation rate

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Cost of living adjustments ____% annually

Decrements Developed from the System's 2015 experience study of the

period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2020

Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2023 valuation were as follows:

Investment rate of return 5.9 %
Salary scale 4.4 %
Inflation rate 2.9 %
Cost of living adjustments 1.5% annually

Decrements Developed from the System's 2015 experience study of the

period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2020

Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

target allocation and best-estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of March 31, 2025 and 2024 are summarized as follows:

	2025	
		Long-term
	Target	expected
Asset class	allocation	real rate
Domestic equity		
International equity		
Private equity		
Real estate		
Opportunistic/ARS portfolio		
Credit		
Real assets		
Fixed income		
Cash		
	<u> </u>	
	202	24
		Long-term
	Target	expected
Asset class	allocation	real rate
Domestic equity	32 % 15	4.00 % 6.65
International equity Private equity	10	7.25
Real estate	9	4.60
Opportunistic/ARS portfolio	3	5.25
Credit	4	5.40
Real assets	3	5.79
Fixed income	23	1.50
Cash	1	0.25
	100 %	

(d) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of March 31, 2025 and 2024 is ___%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon these assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan

Notes to Financial Statements
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members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(e) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability to the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability at May 31, 2025 and 2024 calculated using the discount rate assumptions of ___%, for the March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 measurements, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

			2025	
	-	1%	Current	1%
	D	ecrease	assumption	Increase
		4.9%	5.9%	6.9%
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability	\$		2024	
		1%	Current	1%
	D	ecrease	assumption	Increase
		4.9%	5.9%	6.9%
Authority's proportionate share of the net	~			
pension (asset) liability	\$	73,681	23,435	(18,532)

(f) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension (asset) liability of the System as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	2025	2024
Employer's total pension liability	\$	240,696,851
System's fiduciary net position		225,972,801
Employer's net pension (asset) liability	\$	14,724,050
System fiduciary net position as percentage of total		
pension liability		93.88 %

(7) Deferred Compensation

All Authority employees may participate in the New York State Deferred Compensation Plan ("NYSDCP") designated as an Internal Revenue Code Section 457 plan. This program enables employees to contribute a portion of their salary to group variable annuity contracts. The assets and related liabilities of the plan are

Notes to Financial Statements
May 31, 2025 and 2024

recorded at the assets' market values and are excluded from the Authority's statements of net position. The Authority has no obligation to make contributions to the deferred compensation program. The Authority remits deferred compensation amounts withheld from employees' salaries to an outside fiduciary agent who administers the program and invests program assets as instructed by each of the participants. Assets in such program amounted to approximately \$95.1 million and \$92.3 million at May 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

(8) Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

The Authority sponsors a single-employer defined benefit health plan through the New York State Health Insurance Plan (NYSHIP). The State administers NYSHIP and has the authority under Article XI of Civil Service Law to establish and amend the benefit provisions offered. NYSHIP is considered a single employer defined benefit plan offered by the Authority to its participants. There is no statutory requirement for the Authority to continue in this plan for future Authority employees. The Authority sponsors a single-employer dental and optical plan and provides dental and optical benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. Substantially all employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Authority. A publicly available financial report for the plan is not issued.

The health, dental, and optical plans for employees hired after January 1, 2017 contribute 15% through payroll deduction; for employees hired prior to January 1, 2017 the plan is noncontributory for active employees, with all payments for plan benefits being funded by the Authority. Upon retirement, the cost of the dental and optical plans is partially funded by the Authority and the balance by the retiree. During fiscal years 2025 and 2024, there were 1,060 participants (564 active and 496 inactive) and 1,041 participants (563 active and 478 inactive), respectively, that were eligible to receive benefits.

GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, establishes guidance for the financial reporting of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) cost over a period that approximates employees' years of service and providing information about actuarially calculated liabilities associated with OPEB and whether and to what extent progress is being made in funding the plan.

Whereas no legislation has been enacted to establish a dedicated trust for these funds, the accrued liability remains unfunded. However, during 2012, to mitigate possible future rate impact related to any enacted legislation, the Authority has established an undedicated reserve for this purpose. As of May 31, 2025 and 2024, the undedicated reserve is \$121.7 million and \$116.7 million, respectively and is recorded in cash and cash equivalents and investments on the statement of net position.

(a) Total OPEB Liability

The Authority's total OPEB liability of \$285.3 million and \$297.1 million is measured as of May 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and is determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements
May 31, 2025 and 2024

The following table shows the changes in the Authority's total OPEB obligation for the years ended May 31, 2025 and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

-	2025	2024
Total OPEB liability:		
Service cost \$	7,590	7,237
Interest	13,128	11,829
Change of benefit terms	_	
Changes in assumptions	(21,670)	573
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,903	11,464
Benefit payments	(12,664)	(11,489)
Net changes	(11,713)	19,614
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	297,051	277,437
Total OPEB liability, end of year \$	285,338	297,051

There were no changes to benefit terms in 2025.

(b) Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at May 31, 2025 and 2024 is determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation
Payroll growth
Discount rate
Retiree contributions

Ranged from 3.0% to 9.4%, based on years of service 5.25% as of May 31, 2025 and 4.40% as of May 31, 2024. Assumed to increase according to health care trend rates.

The discount rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

May 31, 2025 and May 31, 2024 Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 General Employee Total Dataset, Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021 for healthy retirees. Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled, Headcount Weighted Mortality Table for disabled retirees.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

For the May 31, 2025 actuarial valuation, the Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Salary method is used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.25% discount rate, and annual cost trend rates, as listed in the table below.

	Healthcare annual cost trend rates		
	Pre-65		Medicare
Fiscal year ended	Medical/Rx	Dental	Part B
2026	8.00	4.00	5.50
2027	7.75	4.00	5.25
2028	7.50	4.00	5.00
2029	7.25	4.00	4.75
2030	7.00	4.00	4.50
2031	6.75	4.00	4.50
2032	6.50	4.00	4.50
2033	6.25	4.00	4.50
2034	6.00	4.00	4.50
2035	5.75	4.00	4.50
2036	5.50	4.00	4.50
2037	5.25	4.00	4.50
2038	5.00	4.00	4.50
2039	4.75	4.00	4.50
2040+	4.50	4.00	4.50

Vision trend rate is assumed to be 3% for all years.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

	Healthcare annual cost trend rates		
	Post-65		Medicare
Fiscal year ended	Medical/Rx	Dental	Part B
2026	6.50	4.00	5.50
2027	6.25	4.00	5.25
2028	6.00	4.00	5.00
2029	5.75	4.00	4.75
2030	5.50	4.00	4.50
2031	5.25	4.00	4.50
2032	5.00	4.00	4.50
2033	4.75	4.00	4.50
2034	4.50	4.00	4.50
2035	4.50	4.00	4.50
2036	4.50	4.00	4.50
2037	4.50	4.00	4.50
2038	4.50	4.00	4.50
2039	4.50	4.00	4.50
2040+	4.50	4.00	4.50

Vision trend rate is assumed to be 3% for all years.

For the May 31, 2024 actuarial valuation, the Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Salary method is used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.40% discount rate, and annual cost trend rates, as listed in the table below.

Healthcare annual cost trend rates		
Pre-65		Medicare
Medical/Rx	Dental	Part B
8.00 %	4.00 %	5.50 %
7.50	4.00	5.25
7.00	4.00	5.00
6.50	4.00	4.75
6.00	4.00	4.50
5.50	4.00	4.50
5.00	4.00	4.50
4.50	4.00	4.50
4.50	4.00	4.50
	Pre-65 Medical/Rx 8.00 % 7.50 7.00 6.50 6.00 5.50 5.00 4.50	Pre-65 Medical/Rx Dental 8.00 % 4.00 % 7.50 4.00 7.00 4.00 6.50 4.00 6.00 4.00 5.50 4.00 5.00 4.00 4.50 4.00

Vision trend rate is assumed to be 3% for all years.

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May 31, 2025 and 2024

	Healthcare annual cost trend rates		
Fiscal year ended	Post-65 Medical/Rx	Dental	Medicare Part B
2025	6.50 %	4.00 %	5.50 %
2026	6.25	4.00	5.25
2027	6.00	4.00	5.00
2028	5.75	4.00	4.75
2029	5.50	4.00	4.50
2030	5.25	4.00	4.50
2031	5.00	4.00	4.50
2032	4.75	4.00	4.50
2033+	4.50	4.00	4.50

Vision trend rate is assumed to be 3% for all years.

The initial healthcare trend rate is based on a combination of employer history, national trend surveys, and professional judgment. The ultimate trend rate is selected based on historical medical CPI information.

The actuarial assumptions used in the May 31, 2025 and May 31, 2024 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period May 31, 2014 through May 31, 2019 for certain assumptions and for the period May 31, 2016 through May 31, 2018 for other assumptions.

(c) Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Authority as of May 31, 2025 and 2024, calculated using the discount rate assumed (5.25% and 4.4%, respectively) and what it would be using a 1% lower and 1% higher discount rate (dollars in thousands):

	_	1% Decrease	Current discount rate	1% Increase
2025 Total OPEB liability	\$	323,648	285,338	253,801
2024 Total OPEB liability		339,027	297,051	262,684

Notes to Financial Statements

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(d) Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability as of May 31, 2025 and 2024, using the health care trend rates assumed (8.00% decreasing to 4.50% and 8.00% decreasing to 4.50%, respectively) and what it would be using 1% lower and 1% higher health care trend rates (dollars in thousands):

		1%	Current	1%
	_	Decrease	discount rate	Increase
2025 Total OPEB liability	\$	252,264	285,337	326,207
2024 Total OPEB liability		258,709	297,051	344,913

(e) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended May 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$11.6 million and \$6.6 million, respectively. At May 31, 2025 and 2024, the Authority reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (dollar in thousands):

	 2025	2024
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 18,131	21,422
Changes of assumptions	 9,647	24,692
Total	\$ 27,778	46,114
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ (2,906)	(8,703)
Changes of assumptions	 (61,198)	(63,065)
Total	\$ (64, 104)	(71,768)

The balances as of May 31, 2025 of the deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in the future fiscal years as noted below (dollars in thousands):

	 2025
Year ended May 31:	
2026	\$ (11,183)
2027	(18,954)
2028	(1,606)
2029	(1,288)
2030	 (3,295)
Total	\$ (36, 326)

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May 31, 2025 and 2024

(9) Leases & Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

As discussed in note 1(i), the Authority is a lessor for various wireless cell carriers desire to use the Authority owned premises for the construction, installation, maintenance, and operation of radio transmitting and receiving equipment and other associated equipment as approved by the Authority in connection with its wireless communications business. The leases have terms between one and 25 years, with payments required monthly.

_	May 31, 2024	Additions	Remeasurer modificati		Deductions/ terminations	May 31, 2025	Amounts due within 1 year
Lease receivable: Lease receivable \$	224,643	10,738	((7,030)	\land	228,351	7,109
-	May 31, 2023	Additions	Remeasur modific		Deductions termination	• '	Amounts due within 1 year
Lease receivable: Lease receivable \$	215,703	15,821		650	(7,53	31) 224,643	6,757
			May 31, 2024	Amor	tization	True up/ adjustment	May 31, 2025
Deferred inflows of	resources						
Lease related		\$	209,794	(13,524)	10,737	207,007
			ay 31, 023	Amortiz	ation a	True up/ adjustment	May 31, 2024
Deferred inflows of a	resources:						
Lease related		\$ 2	207,029	(13	5,249)	16,014	209,794

Notes to Financial Statements
May 31, 2025 and 2024

Future minimum lease payments to be received under noncancelable leases, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	_	Principal	Interest	Total
Year ended May 31:				
2026	\$	7,109	7,026	14,135
2027		7,247	6,808	14,055
2028		6,687	6,584	13,271
2029		6,480	6,379	12,859
2030		6,943	6,179	13,122
2031–2035		44,169	27,292	71,461
2036–2040		57,516	19,588	77,104
Thereafter		92,200	11,581	103,781
Total	\$	228,351	91,437	319,788

As discussed in note 1(i), the Authority is a lessee for various SBITAs. The agreements have terms between one and four years, with payments required monthly or annually.

	•		May 31, 2024	Additions	Remeas	surements	Deductions	May 31, 2025	
Subscription IT assets Less accumulated a	mortization	\$	1,238 (419)	144		_ 	(313)	1,382 (732)	
Subscription	on IT assets, net	\$	819	144			(313)	650	
			May 31, 2023	Additions	Ren	neasurements	<u>Deductions</u>	May 31, 2024	
Subscription IT assets Less accumulated a		\$	1,225 (145)	13	<u>. </u>	_ _	(274	1,23) (41	
Subscript	tion IT assets, ne	et \$_	1,080	13			(274	81	19
	May 31, 2024		Additions	Remeasure	ments	Deduction	May 31, s 2025	, Amount within 1	
Subscription liabilities	\$ 70)2	144		_	(4.	20)	426	313
	May 31, 2023		Additions	Remeasurem	ents_	Deductions	May 31, 2024	Amounts du within 1 yea	-
Subscription liabilities	\$ 1,059)	14		_	(371)	702	3	83

Notes to Financial Statements
May 31, 2025 and 2024

Future minimum payments to be made under noncancelable SBITAs, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	-	Principal	Interest	Total
Year ended May 31:				
2026	\$	313	13	326
2027		99	3	102
2028		14		14
Total	\$	426	16	442

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Legal

The Authority is involved in various litigations resulting from the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, and based on advice of legal counsel, the ultimate liability, if any, to the Authority will not have a material effect on the Authority's financial position and changes in net position.

(b) Risk Management

Due to the nature of the Authority's operations, it is exposed to various risks of loss relating to property damage, property damage liability, bodily injury liability and employment practices. Where appropriate, claims are resolved through settlements. When it is the Authority's position that it is not liable for a claim, it will be denied. Any further action taken by a claimant will be resolved through the judicial system.

The Authority is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. Claims are administered through a third-party administrator. There is insurance in place that will limit the Authority's exposure of individual claims to \$800,000.

For general liability and automobile claims, the Authority is insured to an aggregate limit of \$38 million subject to a \$500,000 self-insured retention per occurrence. Claims are administered by a third-party administrator.

For damage to Authority owned property, the Authority is insured to a limit of \$75 million per occurrence subject to a \$75,000 deductible. Various sub-limits and deductibles apply depending on the particular property that is damaged.

For Directors & Officers Liability and Employment Practices Liability claims, the Authority maintains insurance for both coverages with a shared limit of \$5 million subject to a \$50,000 self-insured retention for the entity coverage and \$100,000 self-insured retention for employment practices liability coverage.

GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Authority has

Notes to Financial Statements
May 31, 2025 and 2024

established a liability based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior year and current year claims. That liability, which is for workers' compensation, general, and automobile claims, is approximately \$14.0 million and \$10.1 million at May 31, 2025 and 2024.

Changes in the Authority's workers' compensation claims liability amount in fiscal years 2025 and 2024 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 2025	2024
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 6,967	8,097
Changes in the estimate for claims of all years	8,138	2,337
Claim payments	(4,261)	(3,467)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 10,844	6,967

Changes in the Authority's general and automobile claims liability amount in fiscal years 2025 and 2024 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 2025	2024
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 3,137	2,024
Changes in the estimate for claims of all years	860	1,688
Claim payments	 (853)	(575)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 3,144	3,137

The Authority has included the above amounts under the caption "Other accrued liabilities" in the statements of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

May 31, 2025 and 2024

(11) Subsequent Events

The Authority has evaluated subsequent events through _____, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

In July 2025, the Authority completed a \$42.7 million bond redemption. The transaction redeemed \$10.0 million of the Series 2014A Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds callable June 1, 2024, \$5.0 million of the Series 2014B Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds callable June 1, 2024, \$10.0 million of the Series 2013 Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds callable June 1, 2023, \$7.7 million of the Series 2015 Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds callable June 1, 2025, and \$10.0 million of the Series 2015 Senior Lien Water System Revenue Bonds callable June 1, 2025.



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Members of the Board Suffolk County Water Authority:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Suffolk County Water Authority (the Authority), which comprise the statement of net position as of May 31, 2025, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

(signed) KPMG LLP

New York, New York

_____, ____, ____



SUFFOLK COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Employer Contributions – New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

May 31, 2025 (Dollars in thousands)

	202	25 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	6,413 6,413	5,365 5,365	7,745 7,745	6,718 6,718	6,548 6,548	6,624 6,624	6,902 6,902	6,325 6,325
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$								
Authority covered-employee payroll (Authority year end)	\$	53,505	51,365	48,133	47,604	46,548	45,492	45,119	46,952
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.99 %	10.44 %	16.09 %	14.11 %	14.07 %	14.56 %	15.30 %	13.47 %

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SUFFOLK COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability – New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

May 31, 2025 (Dollars in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Authority's share of the net pension (asset) liability		0.1591602 %	0.1606751 %	0.1666300 %	0.1582059 %	0.1620929 %	0.1645388 %	0.1776255 %	0.1651319 %
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability \$	i .	23,435	34,455	(13,621)	158	42,923	11,658	5,733	15,516
Authority's covered-employee payroll (measurement date as of March 31)		52,974	49,994	48,030	48,346	46,376	45,236	45,088	45,695
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of the covered-employee payroll		44.24 %	68.92 %	(28.36)%	0.33 %	92.55 %	25.77 %	12.72 %	33.96 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.88 %	90.78 %	103.65 %	99.95 %	86.40 %	96.30 %	98.24 %	94.70 %

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SUFFOLK COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in the Authority's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

May 31, 2025 (Dollars in thousands)

	 2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Changes in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments	\$	7,237 11,829 573 11,464 (11,489)	8,045 10,126 333 (19,709) 17,802 (9,518)	14,194 5,928 — (99,851) (4,239) (8,638)	10,581 8,214 — 55,592 (8,960) (8,385)	8,949 10,229 — 34,104 (21,580) (8,232)	12,319 11,878 — (12,186) (27,441) (8,014)
Net change in OPEB liability	_/	19,614	7,079	(92,606)	57,042	23,470	(23,444)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year		277,437	270,358	362,964	305,922	282,452	305,896
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 	297,051	277,437	270,358	362,964	305,922	282,452
Covered-employee payroll	\$	49,550	48,341	47,809	46,643	46,958	45,591
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	-%	599.50 %	573.92 %	565.50 %	778.17 %	651.48 %	619.53 %
Notes to schedule: Changes in benefit terms Changes of assumptions: Discount rate	V	N/A 4.40 %	N/A 4.24 %	N/A 3.70 %	N/A 1.59 %	N/A 2.63 %	N/A 3.56 %
Undedicated reserve (see note 8 to the financial statements)	\$	116,700	112,900	103,000	88,800	71,600	54,200

Note: This schedule is required to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Independent Accountants' Examination Report

To the Board of Trustees
Suffolk County Water Authority:

Opinion

We have examined whether:

- The Suffolk County Water Authority's (SCWA) investment policies complied with the requirements of section 201.3(c)(3) and all subsequent subparts of Title Two of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules, and Regulations of the State of New York Part 201.3 (the Specified Requirements) for the period June 1, 2024 through May 31, 2025. The investment policies are specified in the Suffolk County Water Authority Guidelines for the Investment of Funds attached to this report and dated October 2022 (SCWA Investment Policies).
- SCWA complied with the SCWA Investment Policies for the period June 1, 2024 through May 31, 2025.

In our opinion, the SCWA Investment Policies complied with the Specified Requirements, in all material respects, for the period June 1, 2024 through May 31, 2025, and SCWA complied with the SCWA Investment Policies, in all material respects, for the period June 1, 2024 through May 31, 2025.

Our opinion on the SCWA Investment Policies and SCWA's compliance with the SCWA Investment Policies does not extend to any other information that accompanies or contains the SCWA Investment Policies and our report.

Basis for opinion

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and in accordance with the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical requirements in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to the engagement. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Restriction on use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of SCWA and the Office of Budget and Policy Analysis of the Office of the State Comptroller of the State of New York and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Management's responsibilities

Management of SCWA is responsible for:

- identifying the Specified Requirements, including interpreting such requirements when there are varying interpretations;
- selecting and developing the SCWA Investment Policies, including that they comply with the Specified Requirements;

- complying with the Specified Requirements and the SCWA Investment Policies, including designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to compliance with such requirements and policies; and
- evaluating the SCWA Investment Policies' compliance with the Specified Requirements and SCWA's compliance with the SCWA Investment Policies.

Our responsibilities

The attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States require us to:

- plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the SCWA Investment Policies complied with the Specified Requirements and whether SCWA complied with the SCWA Investment Policies, in all material respects; and
- express an opinion on the SCWA Investment Policies' compliance with the Specified Requirements and SCWA's compliance with the SCWA Investment Policies, based on our examination.

We exercised professional judgment and maintained professional skepticism throughout the engagement. We designed and performed our procedures to obtain evidence about whether the SCWA Investment Policies complied with the Specified Requirements and whether SCWA complied with the SCWA Investment Policies that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depended on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We identified and assessed the risks of material noncompliance through understanding the Specified Requirements, the SCWA Investment Policies and the engagement circumstances. We also obtained an understanding of the internal control relevant to the SCWA Investment Policies' compliance with the Specified Requirements and SCWA's compliance with the SCWA Investment Policies in order to design procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal controls.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the SCWA Investment Policies' compliance with the Specified Requirements or SCWA's compliance with the SCWA Investment Policies.

(signed) KPMG LLP

New York, New York August XX, 2025

(Letterhead of Client)

September XX, 2025

KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, New York 10154-0102

We are providing this letter in connection with your audits of the financial statements, and the related notes to the financial statements, of Suffolk County Water Authority (the Authority), as of and for the years ended May 31, 2025 and 2024, for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial positions, changes in financial positions, and cash flows thereof in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in the light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves, as of September ___, 2025:

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated June 26, 2025, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 2. We have made available to you:
 - a. All records, documentation, and information that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements;
 - b. Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audits;
 - c. All minutes of the meetings of the board and appropriate committees, or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared. All significant board and committee actions are included in the summaries; and
 - d. Unrestricted access and the full cooperation of personnel within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.

- There have been no communications from regulatory agencies, governmental representatives, employees, or others concerning investigations or allegations of noncompliance with laws and regulations in any jurisdiction, deficiencies in financial reporting practices, or other matters that could have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.
- 4. There are no known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.
- 5. All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 6. We have disclosed to you all side agreements or other arrangements (either written or oral), if applicable.
- All events subsequent to the date of the statement of net position and through the date of this letter for which U.S. GAAP requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.
- 8. The effects of all known actual or possible litigation and claims have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with paragraphs 96 113 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.
- 9. We are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims, and assessments whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- 10. The effects of the uncorrected financial statement misstatements summarized in the accompanying schedule are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- 11. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of programs and controls to prevent, deter, and detect fraud; for adopting sound accounting policies; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and to provide reasonable assurance against the possibility of misstatements that are material to the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud. We understand that the term 'fraud' is defined as an intentional act by one or more individuals among management, those charged with governance, employees, or third parties, involving the use of deception that results in a misstatement in financial statements that are the subject of an audit.
- 12. There are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting of which we are aware, as those terms are defined in AU-C Section 265.07, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an

- *Audit*, which could adversely affect the Authority's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data.
- 13. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 14. We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity involving:
 - a. Management,
 - b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
 - c. Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
 - 15. We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the entity's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators, or others.
 - 16. We have no knowledge of any officer or member of the Authority, or any other person acting under the direction thereof, having taken any action to fraudulently influence, coerce, manipulate, or mislead you during your audit.
 - 17. The methods, data, and significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates and their related disclosures are appropriate to achieve recognition, measurement, or disclosure that is reasonable in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
 - 18. We have disclosed to you the identity of all our related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.
 - 19. The following have been properly recorded or disclosed in the financial statements:
 - a. Related party relationships and transactions, of which we are aware, in accordance with U.S. GAAP, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, guarantees, ongoing contractual commitments and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties.
 - Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the Authority is contingently liable.
 - c. The existence of and transactions with joint ventures and other related organizations.
 - 20. The Authority has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets, nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.

- 21. The Authority has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 22. The Authority's reporting entity includes all entities that are component units of the Authority.
- 23. We have disclosed to you all accounting policies and practices we have adopted that, if applied to significant items or transactions, would not be in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We have evaluated the impact of the application of each such policy and practice, both individually and in the aggregate, on the Authority's current period financial statements and our assessment of internal control over financial reporting, and the expected impact of each such policy and practice on future periods' financial reporting. We believe the effect of these policies and practices on the financial statements and our assessment of internal control over financial reporting is not material. Furthermore, we do not believe the impact of the application of these policies and practices will be material to the financial statements in future periods.
- 24. To the best of our knowledge and belief, we have provided you with a complete and accurate listing of our affiliates as defined by the AICPA Code of Professional Conduct interpretation ET 1.224.020, State and Local Government Client Affiliates. We have also provided you with information about events, which may result in changes to the Authority's affiliates. We have also provided you with a list of officers, directors, individuals with significant influence over the Authority, and individuals in key positions with respect to the preparation or oversight of the financial statements. To the best of our knowledge and belief, we are not aware of any former KPMG partners in a key position with respect to the preparation or oversight of the Authority's financial statements and who have a prohibited financial or business relationship with KPMG (as defined under Section ET 1.279.020 of the AICPA Code of Professional Conduct) during the period covered by this letter.
- 25. We acknowledge our responsibility for the presentation of the required supplementary information, which includes management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of employer contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, and the schedule of changes in the Authority's total OPEB liability and related ratios, in accordance with the applicable criteria and prescribed guidelines established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and:
 - a. Believe the required supplementary information, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the applicable criteria and prescribed guidelines.
 - b. The methods of measurement or presentation of the required supplementary information have not changed from those used in the prior period.
 - c. The significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the required supplementary information are reasonable and appropriate.

- 26. Deposits and investment securities are properly classified and reported.
- 27. The following information about financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk and financial instruments with concentrations of credit risk has been properly disclosed in the financial statements:
 - 1. The extent, nature, and terms of financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk;
 - 2. The mount of credit risk of financial instruments with off-balance-sheet credit risk, and information about the collateral supporting such financial instruments; and
 - 3. Significant concentrations of credit risk arising from all financial instruments and information about the collateral supporting such financial instruments.
- 28. Capital assets, including infrastructure assets, are properly capitalized, reported and, if applicable, depreciated.
- 29. The Authority has compiled with all tax and debt limits and with all debt related covenants.
- 30. The Authority has identified and properly accounted for all non-exchange transactions.
- 31. Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted, and unrestricted) are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 32. The Authority has identified and properly accounted for and presented all deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.
- 33. Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and allocation has been made a reasonable basis.
- 34. The basis for our proportion of the collective pension amounts is appropriate and consistent with the manner in which future contributions to the pension plan are expected to be made.
- 35. For the defined benefit pension plan in which the Authority is a participating employer:
 - The net pension liability, related deferred outflows or resources, deferred inflows
 of resources and pension expense has been properly measured and recorded
 as of the measurement date in accordance with the provisions of GASB
 Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.
 - 2. All relevant plan provisions in force as of the measurement date have been properly reflected in the measurement of the net pension liability and pension expense.
 - We believe the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure the net pension liability and pension expense are appropriate in the circumstances and the related actuarial valuation was prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

- 4. The participants' data provided to the actuary for the purpose of determining the net pension liability and pension expense is accurate and complete.
- 5. The basis for our proportion of the collective pension amounts is appropriate and consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan are determined.
- 36. We believe the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure financial statement liabilities and costs associated with other post-employment benefits and to determine information related to the Authority's funding progress related to such benefits for financial reporting purposes are appropriate in the Authority's circumstances and the related actuarial valuation was prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.
- 37. The Authority has complied with all appliable laws and regulations in adopting, approving, and amending budgets.
- 38. In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have identified to you all previous audits, attestation engagement, and other studies that related to the objectives of this audit, including whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- 39. KPMG LLP assisted management in drafting the financial statements and related notes. In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we confirm that we have reviewed, approved, and accept responsibility for the financial statements.
- 40. There have been no significant changes in legislation or government regulations, or effects or recent political economic developments which would have a significant effect on the Authority since May 31, 2025.
- 41. We have received opinions of counsel upon each issuance of tax-exempt bonds that the interest on such bonds is exempt from federal income taxes under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. There have been no changes in the use of property financed with proceeds of tax-exempt bonds, or any other occurrences, subsequent to the issuance of such opinions, that would jeopardize the tax-exempt status of the bonds. Provision has been made, where material, for the amount of any required arbitrage rebate.
- 42. Except as disclosed to you in writing, there have been no circumstances that have resulted in communications from the Authority's external legal counsel to the Authority reporting evidence of a material violation of securities law or breach of fiduciary duty, or similar violation by the Authority or any agent thereof.
- 43. Further, we confirm that we are responsible for the fair presentation in the financial statements of the Authority and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Very truly yours,

September XX,	2025
Page 7 of 7	

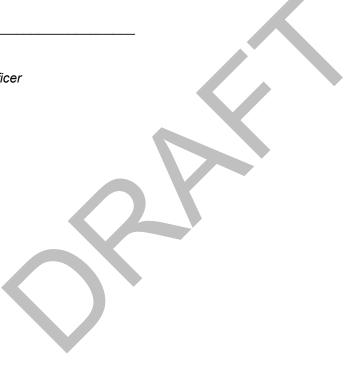
Suffolk County Water Authority

Jeffrey W. Szabo

Chief Executive Officer

Chris Cecchetto

Chief Financial Officer



[Letterhead of Client]

September XX, 2025

KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, New York 10154-0102

In connection with your engagement to examine Suffolk County Water Authority's (the Authority) compliance with the specified requirements of Section 201.3 of Title Two of the *Official Compilation of Codes, Rules, and Regulations of the State of New York* and in the Authority's Investment Guidelines ("Specified Requirements" or "the subject matter") solely to assist us in the evaluation of our compliance with the specified requirements during the period June 1, 2024 to May 31, 2025, we confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of September XX, 2025 the following representations made to you during your examination engagement:

- 1. We have performed an evaluation of the Authority's compliance with the Specified Requirements.
- 2. All relevant matters are reflected in our assertion and evaluation of compliance with the Specified Requirements.
- 3. There are no known matters contradicting our assertion and there have been no communications from regulatory agencies or others affecting the Authority's compliance with the Specified Requirements and our assertion, including communications received between the end of the period addressed in our assertion, and the date of your examination report.
- 4. We acknowledge our responsibility for:
 - a. The Authority's compliance with the Specified Requirements and our assertion in item 1 above;
 - b. Identifying the specified requirements and selecting or developing suitable criteria (if applicable);
 - c. Determining that the specified requirements and the criteria (if applicable) are suitable, will be available to the intended users, and appropriate for the purpose of the engagement; and
 - d. The design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to compliance with the Specified Requirements.
- 5. We are not aware of any event that occurred subsequent to the end of the period being reported on that would have a material effect on the Authority's compliance with the Specified Requirements.
- 6. We have provided you with all relevant information and access, as agreed upon in the terms of the engagement.
- 7. There are no instances of noncompliance, individually and in the aggregate, to the Authority's compliance with the Specified Requirements.
- 8. We are not aware of any deficiencies in internal control relevant to the engagement.

- 9. We are not aware of any known noncompliance with the Specified Requirements subsequent to the period covered by the examination report.
- 10. We have no knowledge of any instances of actual, suspected, or alleged fraud or noncompliance with laws or regulations affecting the Authority's compliance with the Specified Requirements.
- 11. We are planning to include the subject matter and the KPMG report thereon in the Annual Investment Report (information in the report not subject to assurance is referred to as "other information").
- 12. We are making the Subject matter available by posting it on our Authority website and agree to the following:
 - a. We are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the webpage where the Subject matter will be located.
 - b. We will ensure that the electronic version of the Subject matter published on the webpage will be the same as the final version provided to KPMG, and on which KPMG's report is based on.
 - If we alter the Subject matter, we will ensure that the Subject matter upon which KPMG's report was based will remain available on the webpage and clearly correlated with KPMG's report for as long as KPMG's report is publicly available.

Very truly yours,
Suffolk County Water Authority
Jeffrey W. Szabo
Chief Executive Officer
Chris Cecchetto

Chief Financial Officer



Questions?

For additional information and audit committee resources, including National Audit Committee Peer Exchange series, a Quarterly webcast, and suggested publications, visit the KPMG Audit Committee Institute (ACI) at www.kpmg.com/ACI

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